

EXHIBIT H

CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER

1

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 2 DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA
 3 -----
 4 In Re:
 5 Bair Hugger Forced Air Warming
 6 Products Liability Litigation
 7
 8 This Document Relates To:
 9 All Actions MDL No. 15-2666 (JNE/FLM)
 10 -----
 11
 12 DEPOSITION OF GARY S. SETTLES, Ph.D.
 13 VOLUME I, PAGES 1 - 352
 14 JULY 18, 2017
 15
 16
 17 (The following is the deposition of GARY S.
 18 SETTLES, Ph.D., taken pursuant to Notice of Taking
 19 Deposition, via videotape, at the Hyatt Regency
 20 Pittsburgh International Airport, 1111 Airport
 21 Boulevard, in the City of Pittsburgh, State of
 22 Pennsylvania, commencing at approximately 9:34
 23 o'clock a.m., July 18, 2017.)
 24
 25

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1 4 Article, Airborne bacterial 139
 contamination during orthopedic
 2 surgery: A randomized controlled
 pilot trial, Oguz, et al, Journal
 3 of Clinical Anaesthesia, 2017
 5 Article, Forced-air patient warming 139
 4 blankets disrupt unidirectional
 airflow, Legg, et al, The Bone &
 5 Joint Journal, 2013
 6 Article, Do forced air 139
 6 patient-warming devices disrupt
 unidirectional downward airflow?
 7 Legg, et al, The Journal of Bone &
 Joint Surgery, 2012
 8 7 G. S. Settles Lab Notebook, 21 pgs. 165

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1 APPEARANCES:
 2 On Behalf of the Plaintiffs:
 3 Gabriel Assaad
 4 KENNEDY HODGES
 4409 Montrose Boulevard
 5 Suite 200
 Houston, Texas 77006
 6
 6 Genevieve M. Zimmerman
 MESHESHER & SPENCE, LTD.
 7 1616 Park Avenue
 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55404
 8
 9 On Behalf of the Defendants:
 10 Peter J. Goss
 BLACKWELL BURKE P.A.
 431 South Seventh Street
 11 Suite 2500
 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415
 12

13 ALSO PRESENT:

14 Jason E. Przymus, Videographer

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16 WITNESS	EXAMINED BY	
16 Dr. Settles	Mr. Assaad	4
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18	DESCRIPTION	
18 Settles		
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20 2	Revised - Schlieren Imaging of Operating-Room Airflows Associated with Patient Warming Blankets, Gary S. Settles, Ph.D., June 1, 2017	91
21 3	Article, Effect of forced-air warming on the performance of operating theatre laminar flow ventilation, Dasari, et al, Anaesthesia 2012	122

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09:34:03 1 P R O C E E D I N G S
 09:34:03 2 (Witness sworn.)
 3
 4 GARY S. SETTLES, Ph.D.,
 5 Called as a witness, being first
 6 duly sworn, was examined and
 7 testified as follows:
 8 EXAMINATION
 8 BY MR. ASSAAD:
 09:34:17 9 Q. Please state your name for the record.
 09:34:19 10 A. Gary Stuart Settles, S-E-T-T-L-E-S.
 09:34:23 11 Q. Dr. Settles, my name is Gabriel Assaad and I
 09:34:25 12 represent over 2500 plaintiffs in this multidistrict
 09:34:31 13 litigation, and I'm going to ask you numerous
 09:34:33 14 questions today regarding your expert report.
 09:34:36 15 Do you understand that?
 09:34:36 16 A. Yes.
 09:34:38 17 Q. Have you ever had your deposition taken
 09:34:40 18 before?
 09:34:40 19 A. No.
 09:34:41 20 Q. So this is the first time.
 09:34:42 21 A. First time.
 09:34:43 22 Q. Okay. Then I'm going to go through some
 09:34:47 23 ground rules. First, I'm going to ask you numerous
 09:34:49 24 questions, and you said you understood that; correct?
 09:34:50 25 A. Yes.

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09:34:51 **1** **Q.** Okay. If you don't understand my question,
 09:34:53 **2** please let me know.
 09:34:54 **3** **A.** Yes.
 09:34:55 **4** **Q.** Understand? Okay.
 09:34:57 **5** If you answer the question that I've asked
 09:34:57 **6** I'm going to assume that you understood it. Fair?
 09:35:00 **7** **A.** Yes.
 09:35:05 **8** **Q.** Since this is your first time I'd like to
 09:35:07 **9** remind you that there is a court reporter taking down
 09:35:09 **10** everything we say, and therefore wait until I finish
 09:35:12 **11** my question before you answer, and I'll wait while
 09:35:15 **12** you're finishing your answer before I ask another
 09:35:17 **13** question. Fair?
 09:35:18 **14** **A.** That's fair.
 09:35:19 **15** **Q.** Okay.
 09:35:19 **16** **A.** Could I just ask about the -- how certain
 09:35:22 **17** technical jargon would be handled with the court
 09:35:25 **18** reporter? Is it okay to spell these words out, or --
 09:35:28 **19** **Q.** If you want to spell it out, you can;
 09:35:30 **20** otherwise during a break she will ask us how to spell
 09:35:33 **21** certain words if she doesn't know how to spell them.
 09:35:36 **22** **A.** I understand.
 09:35:38 **23** **Q.** First and foremost can we agree that during
 09:35:40 **24** your testimony today you will not be guessing about
 09:35:44 **25** anything? Fair enough?

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09:35:45 **1** **A.** Fair enough.
 09:35:46 **2** **Q.** Both sides don't want any guessing. We want
 09:35:48 **3** reliable expert testimony. Do you understand that?
 09:35:50 **4** **A.** I understand.
 09:35:51 **5** **Q.** Okay. Now you understand that you've been
 09:35:55 **6** designated as an expert in this case by the
 09:35:57 **7** defendants.
 09:35:58 **8** **A.** (Nodding.) Yes.
 09:36:00 **9** **Q.** And as an expert, you understand that you
 09:36:03 **10** are to be objective in your opinions. Fair?
 09:36:06 **11** **A.** I understand that.
 09:36:07 **12** **Q.** You're not supposed to be an advocate for
 09:36:09 **13** either side, but offer objective expert opinions based
 09:36:11 **14** on your education, training and experience. Do you
 09:36:13 **15** understand that?
 09:36:14 **16** **A.** Yes.
 09:36:14 **17** **Q.** Okay. You understand that you are -- in
 09:36:24 **18** this deposition you are -- it is similar to being in
 09:36:26 **19** trial and all the testimony you are giving today is
 09:36:28 **20** under penalty of perjury. Do you understand that?
 09:36:30 **21** **A.** I do.
 09:36:33 **22** **Q.** Now at any point if you realize that any
 09:36:35 **23** testimony you give is -- is not correct, wrong or
 09:36:38 **24** false, this is the time to correct it at any time
 09:36:41 **25** during the deposition. Fair enough?

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09:36:43 **1** **A.** Yes.
 09:36:51 **2** **Q.** Now the purpose of this deposition is for
 09:36:54 **3** the plaintiffs to understand the full scope of your
 09:36:56 **4** opinions. Do you understand that?
 09:36:58 **5** **A.** Yes.
 09:36:58 **6** **Q.** Okay. And in litigation this is our one
 09:37:04 **7** time for us to ask you questions under oath and obtain
 09:37:09 **8** all the opinions you have with respect to general
 09:37:11 **9** causation in this case. You understand that.
 09:37:13 **10** **A.** "General causation."
 09:37:14 **11** **Q.** Yes. Let me -- Let me -- There's -- Forget
 09:37:18 **12** about --
 09:37:18 **13** This is the one time I have to ask you about
 09:37:20 **14** all your opinions so far in this case that you have
 09:37:23 **15** formulated. Do you understand that?
 09:37:24 **16** **A.** Opinions relevant to this case.
 09:37:26 **17** **Q.** Yes.
 09:37:26 **18** **A.** Yes.
 09:37:27 **19** **Q.** Okay. As well as I have a right to
 09:37:31 **20** understand the methodologies used by you to formulate
 09:37:33 **21** your opinions. Do you understand that?
 09:37:34 **22** **A.** Yes.
 09:37:35 **23** **Q.** Okay. Now you have done -- you have done
 09:37:48 **24** research in the past; correct?
 09:37:50 **25** **A.** Yes.

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09:37:51 **1** **Q.** Okay. And you've used your technique, the
 09:37:56 **2** schlieren technique, which is S-C-H-L-I-E-R-E-N -- And
 09:38:01 **3** that word will be used a lot so I'm spelling it now.
 09:38:04 **4** THE REPORTER: Thank you.
 09:38:05 **5** **Q.** You've used the schlieren technique many
 09:38:07 **6** times in the past; correct?
 09:38:09 **7** **A.** For the last 50 years.
 09:38:10 **8** **Q.** Okay. And you've written extensively on
 09:38:12 **9** schlieren; correct?
 09:38:13 **10** **A.** I have.
 09:38:13 **11** **Q.** Okay. And with respect to research and
 09:38:17 **12** studies performed by schlieren you usually have a
 09:38:19 **13** methodology that you would use with every type of
 09:38:23 **14** paper you've written; correct?
 09:38:27 **15** **A.** A methodology of the operation of the
 09:38:31 **16** optical instrument, or -- I'm not quite understanding
 09:38:35 **17** what you mean by "methodology."
 09:38:36 **18** **Q.** For example, when you do a -- a scientific
 09:38:39 **19** study you sit down and you form a methodology of how
 09:38:41 **20** to perform the study.
 09:38:44 **21** **A.** Yes.
 09:38:44 **22** **Q.** And how would you define "methodology"?
 09:38:47 **23** **A.** It's what I just asked you, but it would be
 09:38:49 **24** a plan of action to use an instrument, in this case
 09:38:54 **25** we're talking about the schlieren instrument, in order

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09:38:56 **1** to image and better understand natural phenomena.
 09:39:05 **2** **Q.** And would it be fair that before you perform
 09:39:08 **3** any scientific research or study you have a
 09:39:13 **4** hypothesis?
 09:39:14 **5** **A.** Well this needs some discussion, because in
 09:39:21 **6** some circumstances you are investigating a phenomenon
 09:39:27 **7** so your hypothesis would be this is what's happening,
 09:39:30 **8** and then you would either -- your further work would
 09:39:35 **9** then either approve or deny that hypothesis. But in
 09:39:40 **10** visualizing a flow it's not necessary to have a
 09:39:44 **11** hypothesis about -- always necessary to have a
 09:39:48 **12** hypothesis about what the flow is doing. It's only
 09:39:52 **13** necessary to have the tools available to render an
 09:39:55 **14** image and -- or a video, and then to produce that and
 09:39:59 **15** observe the flow. Once you observe the flow is the
 09:40:04 **16** time to start developing -- developing hypothesis, it
 09:40:07 **17** looks like this, or it looks like that kind of a
 09:40:10 **18** phenomenon.
 09:40:11 **19** **Q.** Okay. So the hypothesis could come either
 09:40:13 **20** before you observe the experimental data or after.
 09:40:16 **21** **A.** Correct.
 09:40:17 **22** **Q.** Depending on the type of study. Fair?
 09:40:19 **23** **A.** Correct.
 09:40:19 **24** **Q.** Okay. Was there a hypothesis in this case
 09:40:22 **25** that you formulated or were told prior to performing

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09:40:26 **1** your work?
 09:40:27 **2** **A.** No. We -- The plan here was to use the
 09:40:32 **3** schlieren instrument, apparently for the first time,
 09:40:34 **4** to observe the airflows associated with laminar
 09:40:39 **5** downflow as -- such as would be in an operating room,
 09:40:43 **6** and interacting with patient-warming blankets. And
 09:40:46 **7** since other flow visualization methods had been used
 09:40:49 **8** but not the schlieren technique, it was important to
 09:40:52 **9** first get some evidence, get some images and video,
 09:40:56 **10** and to try then from that evidence to understand the
 09:41:00 **11** flow phenomenon that's happening.
 09:41:02 **12** **Q.** Okay.
 09:41:03 **13** **A.** So I did not go into this with a particular
 09:41:07 **14** hypothesis about an airflow interaction with a
 09:41:12 **15** patient-warming blanket.
 09:41:13 **16** **Q.** Fair enough. And you said "the first time."
 09:41:16 **17** This is the first time the schlieren's been used with
 09:41:17 **18** a Bair Hugger?
 09:41:18 **19** **A.** As far as I know.
 09:41:19 **20** **Q.** Okay.
 09:41:24 **21** **A.** With a patient-warming blanket, let's not
 09:41:28 **22** narrow that down to a particular brand.
 09:41:30 **23** **Q.** Okay. With a patient-warming blanket?
 09:41:31 **24** **A.** Yeah.
 09:41:32 **25** **Q.** What are patient-warming blankets?

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09:41:35 **1** **A.** Patient-warming blankets, as I understand
 09:41:36 **2** them, are medical devices that applied to a patient
 09:41:40 **3** during surgery in order to keep the body from
 09:41:43 **4** undergoing hypothermia, keep the body warm.
 09:41:46 **5** **Q.** And you tested two patient-warming blankets
 09:41:48 **6** in your study; correct?
 09:41:49 **7** **A.** I did.
 09:41:50 **8** **Q.** One was the HotDog and one was the Bair
 09:41:51 **9** Hugger; correct?
 09:41:52 **10** **A.** Yes.
 09:41:52 **11** **Q.** And they're two patient-warming blankets but
 09:41:54 **12** just different designs; correct?
 09:41:56 **13** **A.** Different principles.
 09:41:58 **14** **Q.** Okay. One uses conduction and one uses
 09:42:01 **15** convection mainly; correct?
 09:42:01 **16** **A.** Well one uses conduction and one uses forced
 09:42:06 **17** air; convection if you like, yes.
 09:42:07 **18** **Q.** Okay. Forced air is --
 09:42:07 **19** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 09:42:07 **20** **Q.** Well forced air is convection; correct?
 09:42:10 **21** **A.** Yes.
 09:42:11 **22** **Q.** Okay.
 09:42:11 **23** **A.** It's a type of convection.
 09:42:12 **24** **Q.** Okay. So same product, different design;
 09:42:14 **25** correct?

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09:42:16 **1** Same ultimate product purpose, different
 09:42:18 **2** design; correct?
 09:42:19 **3** **A.** Same purpose, different design.
 09:42:20 **4** **Q.** Yeah. Okay.
 09:42:35 **5** You used the term "laminar flow" just now;
 09:42:38 **6** correct?
 09:42:39 **7** **A.** Yes.
 09:42:39 **8** **Q.** What is laminar flow?
 09:42:43 **9** **A.** I think for today's purposes there have to
 09:42:46 **10** be two definitions. The first definition, the
 09:42:50 **11** scientific definition, is a flow in which the
 09:42:52 **12** molecules form layers and -- and move smoothly over
 09:42:57 **13** one another; that is to say, not turbulent flow.
 09:43:02 **14** That's the scientific definition. The -- However,
 09:43:05 **15** there's a terminology in clean room and operating
 09:43:10 **16** theater work that can be a little confusing, and that
 09:43:13 **17** is that the ceiling is fitted with louvers and there
 09:43:17 **18** is a downflow, and the downflow has, in principle,
 09:43:23 **19** more or less straight streamlines so it produces a
 09:43:26 **20** waterfall-like airflow down onto the operating table.
 09:43:32 **21** And this is referred to at least in clean room
 09:43:34 **22** technology, and I've seen it also in the operating
 09:43:38 **23** room papers, as laminar flow. But in fact the
 09:43:42 **24** Reynolds number of the airflow is high enough Reynolds
 09:43:47 **25** number that the flow is actually turbulent, not

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09:43:53 **1** laminar by scientific definition. So I want to answer
 09:43:56 **2** your question that way in order to avoid confusion.
 09:43:59 **3** **Q.** Okay. So in the world of engineering the
 09:44:06 **4** term "laminar flow" as compared to "turbulent flow" is
 09:44:09 **5** dependent on the Reynolds number; correct?
 09:44:11 **6** **A.** Yes.
 09:44:12 **7** **Q.** Okay. With respect to our discussions today
 09:44:15 **8** you're going to use a different definition depending
 09:44:17 **9** on the type of flow in the operating room or a clean
 09:44:21 **10** room as compared to turbulent flow; correct?
 09:44:26 **11** **A.** Well there's certainly turbulent flow
 09:44:28 **12** present in an operating room and a clean room, but I'm
 09:44:31 **13** just talking about the terminology that's used for
 09:44:34 **14** this idea of producing a downflow in which the
 09:44:38 **15** streamlines are essentially straight.
 09:44:40 **16** **Q.** What's the difference between an operating
 09:44:43 **17** room that is a laminar flow and an operating room
 09:44:45 **18** that's a unidirectional flow?
 09:44:48 **19** **A.** A laminar flow --
 09:44:50 **20** A laminar downflow in this case is a
 09:44:52 **21** unidirectional flow in the downward direction.
 09:44:55 **22** **Q.** Okay. So you -- they're synonymous?
 09:44:58 **23** **A.** Not exactly.
 09:44:58 **24** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 09:45:00 **25** **A.** You could have a unidirectional flow that's
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09:45:02 **1** horizontal.
 09:45:03 **2** **Q.** Okay. You can't have a laminar flow that's
 09:45:06 **3** horizontal?
 09:45:09 **4** **A.** Yes. But laminar in the sense of straight
 09:45:13 **5** streamlines, not in the sense of no turbulence.
 09:45:19 **6** **Q.** Okay. Have you ever designed an operating
 09:45:25 **7** room?
 09:45:25 **8** **A.** No, sir.
 09:45:27 **9** **Q.** Have you ever done any studies in an
 09:45:27 **10** operating room?
 09:45:28 **11** **A.** No, sir.
 09:45:31 **12** **Q.** You're a member of ASHRAE; correct?
 09:45:33 **13** **A.** I am.
 09:45:34 **14** **Q.** You're a member of ASME?
 09:45:36 **15** **A.** I'm a fellow of ASME.
 09:45:38 **16** **Q.** So the answer to my question is "yes"?
 09:45:39 **17** **A.** Yes.
 09:45:40 **18** **Q.** Okay. Now my understanding is that your
 09:45:44 **19** main opinion in this case is that the Bair Hugger
 09:45:47 **20** device does not disrupt the unidirectional airflow
 09:45:52 **21** from above; correct?
 09:46:01 **22** **A.** In my expert report we show images of
 09:46:07 **23** experiments that were done with a unidirectional flow
 09:46:10 **24** from above, and we show Bair Hugger and HotDog
 09:46:15 **25** patient-warming blankets. And neither of those two
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09:46:21 **1** produce significant disruption of the flow from above.
 09:46:24 **2** **Q.** So are you saying they do disrupt the
 09:46:26 **3** downward flow?
 09:46:28 **4** **A.** There is a layer of --
 09:46:31 **5** **Q.** "Yes" or "no," sir?
 09:46:32 **6** MR. GOSS: Let him finish his --
 09:46:33 **7** **Q.** "Yes" or "no," then you can give an
 09:46:35 **8** explanation.
 09:46:35 **9** MR. GOSS: Let him finish his answer.
 09:46:38 **10** **Q.** Okay. I want a "yes" or "no."
 09:46:38 **11** MR. ASSAAD: Let's not get started, Peter.
 09:46:39 **12** I'm talking about the production --
 09:46:41 **13** MR. GOSS: You're not going to bully
 09:46:43 **14** another retired Professor Emeritus. Let him answer
 09:46:45 **15** the question.
 09:46:46 **16** MR. ASSAAD: He's sitting in this -- He's
 09:46:47 **17** sitting in this deposition, he needs to answer my
 09:46:48 **18** questions.
 09:46:48 **19** **Q.** "Yes" or "no"?
 09:46:49 **20** **A.** I need to hear your question repeated.
 09:47:01 **21** (Record read by the reporter.)
 09:47:03 **22** **A.** There's no yes-or-no answer to that
 09:47:05 **23** question. It's not amenable to a "yes" or a "no." I
 09:47:05 **24** can answer --
 09:47:09 **25** **Q.** So you have no opinion one way or the other
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09:47:10 **1** with -- with --
 09:47:11 **2** **A.** Sir, --
 09:47:12 **3** **Q.** -- a definite opinion.
 09:47:13 **4** **A.** -- what happens cannot be described by a
 09:47:16 **5** yes-or-no answer to that question. If you'll allow
 09:47:18 **6** me, I'll explain what I mean.
 09:47:19 **7** **Q.** That's all I need. If you can't answer
 09:47:21 **8** "yes" or "no," that's fine.
 09:47:22 **9** So the next question I have is: All your
 09:47:24 **10** opinions are in your expert report; correct?
 09:47:26 **11** **A.** Yes.
 09:47:26 **12** **Q.** Which expert report are we talking about,
 09:47:28 **13** the revised one, or the one submitted June 1st, 2017?
 09:47:36 **14** **A.** Well my expert opinions were first submitted
 09:47:38 **15** June 17, and then there was a revision that corrected
 09:47:41 **16** a couple of items. So they both have my expert
 09:47:45 **17** opinion, but a couple of issues were -- I discovered
 09:47:48 **18** were corrected.
 09:47:50 **19** **Q.** What did you discover?
 09:47:53 **20** **A.** Upon re-reading the report after a couple of
 09:47:56 **21** weeks I discovered that the figure and the discussion
 09:48:01 **22** associated with the downflow generator quoted an
 09:48:05 **23** accuracy that was unrealistic based on the
 09:48:07 **24** measurements, so I corrected it.
 09:48:09 **25** The second one was that one figure in -- in
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09:48:16 **1** the report that showed flow around -- beneath the
 09:48:20 **2** surgical table and around the feet, when I wrote the
 09:48:24 **3** report I was under the impression that the downflow
 09:48:26 **4** was on when that experiment was done, but the logbook
 09:48:30 **5** suggests that that's not the case. This generated
 09:48:34 **6** enough question about that particular image that I
 09:48:38 **7** removed the image and the discussion thereof.
 09:48:40 **8** **Q.** So my understanding is you removed the image
 09:48:43 **9** and the discussion regarding the effect of the Bair
 09:48:47 **10** Hugger at the -- below the drape, below the table of
 09:48:53 **11** the drape because you were not sure, when you
 09:48:54 **12** conducted that study, whether or not the downflow
 09:48:56 **13** generator was on or off; is that correct?
 09:48:58 **14** **A.** That particular issue.
 09:48:58 **15** **Q.** Okay.
 09:49:00 **16** **A.** In all other cases I was sure.
 09:49:04 **17** **Q.** When you say "all other cases," what do you
 09:49:06 **18** mean by "all other cases"?
 09:49:07 **19** **A.** Every other example illustrated by schlieren
 09:49:11 **20** images in the report. It was only --
 09:49:15 **21** **Q.** Is there -- Is there a video of a schlieren
 09:49:18 **22** image with the downflow generator on of the feet of a
 09:49:21 **23** particular person?
 09:49:22 **24** **A.** No, sir.
 09:49:22 **25** **Q.** Okay. Are there still pictures of a
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09:49:25 **1** schlieren image with the downflow generator on of the
 09:49:30 **2** feet area or the lower area?
 09:49:35 **3** **A.** No still pictures.
 09:49:36 **4** **Q.** Okay. So sitting --
 09:49:36 **5** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 09:49:36 **6** **Q.** So my understanding is is that you have no
 09:49:38 **7** evidence or data with respect to the effect of the
 09:49:44 **8** Bair Hugger device with the downflow generator off at
 09:49:49 **9** -- at the feet area of a person.
 09:49:53 **10** **MR. GOSS:** Did you mean to say "on," the
 09:49:55 **11** downflow generator on?
 09:49:55 **12** **MR. ASSAAD:** Yes.
 09:49:57 **13** [Outside interruption.]
 09:49:58 **14** **Q.** Let me -- Let me strike that question.
 09:50:00 **15** My understanding is that you have no
 09:50:02 **16** evidence with re -- with the -- with respect to the
 09:50:06 **17** effect of the Bair Hugger with the downflow generator
 09:50:09 **18** on at -- at -- below the operating room table.
 09:50:13 **19** **A.** No schlieren evidence, no.
 09:50:15 **20** **Q.** Okay. So the only evidence you have is the
 09:50:17 **21** temperature testing.
 09:50:18 **22** **A.** Correct.
 09:50:19 **23** **Q.** Okay. Any other corrections, after
 09:50:27 **24** preparing for today's deposition and reviewing your
 09:50:30 **25** report, that you want to make right now?
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09:50:33 **1** **A.** No, sir.
 09:50:34 **2** **Q.** Okay. Have you reviewed any expert reports
 09:50:51 **3** by the plaintiff?
 09:50:55 **4** **A.** Two expert reports by the plaintiff.
 09:50:58 **5** **Q.** And that would be Dr. Elghobashi and Dan
 09:51:02 **6** Koenigshofer?
 09:51:03 **7** **A.** That's right.
 09:51:03 **8** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware of any opinion by the
 09:51:05 **9** plaintiffs exper -- any of the plaintiffs' experts
 09:51:08 **10** that compare the HotDog to the Bair Hugger?
 09:51:13 **11** **A.** No.
 09:51:16 **12** **Q.** Are you aware of any opinions by any of the
 09:51:19 **13** plaintiffs' experts that used the schlieren technique
 09:51:26 **14** in evaluating Bair Hugger?
 09:51:28 **15** **A.** No.
 09:51:31 **16** **Q.** Are you aware of any opinions by any of the
 09:51:33 **17** plaintiffs' experts that discuss the heat generated by
 09:51:37 **18** the power units of the Bair Hugger compared to the
 09:51:40 **19** HotDog?
 09:51:49 **20** **A.** No.
 09:51:51 **21** **Q.** So would it be fair to say that all -- all
 09:51:53 **22** of the opinions that you've formulated regarding these
 09:51:56 **23** three issues, the HotDog versus the Bair Hugger,
 09:52:00 **24** schlieren technique, and the power units that genera
 09:52:03 **25** -- heat generated by them by the Bair Hugger and
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09:52:06 **1** HotDog are all original opinions by you and not
 09:52:08 **2** rebuttal opinions?
 09:52:10 **3** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form.
 09:52:11 **4** **A.** I don't know what a rebuttal opinion is.
 09:52:15 **5** **Q.** Well you agree that no one of plaintiffs'
 09:52:20 **6** experts offered any opinions on those issues that
 09:52:25 **7** you're aware of.
 09:52:26 **8** **A.** That I'm aware of, no.
 09:52:37 **9** **Q.** It's my understanding you charged a flat fee
 09:52:38 **10** of \$70,000 to perform your testing and report?
 09:52:42 **11** **A.** That's not correct. I -- This work was done
 09:52:45 **12** by a small business, and the flat fee was charged by
 09:52:48 **13** the business, not me personally.
 09:52:51 **14** **Q.** Okay. Let me rephrase that.
 09:52:53 **15** You work for a company called FloViz;
 09:52:55 **16** correct?
 09:52:56 **17** **A.** FloViz, Incorporated.
 09:52:57 **18** **Q.** Okay.
 09:52:57 **19** **A.** It's a very small business.
 09:53:00 **20** **Q.** Is it a small business?
 09:53:01 **21** **A.** Very small business.
 09:53:02 **22** **Q.** How small?
 09:53:03 **23** **A.** Four people.
 09:53:04 **24** **Q.** Okay. And who's the president of the
 09:53:05 **25** company?
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09:53:06 **1** **A.** Lori Dreibelbis.
 09:53:08 **2** THE WITNESS: Should I spell that?
 09:53:10 **3** THE REPORTER: No.
 09:53:11 **4** THE WITNESS: Okay.
 09:53:12 **5** **Q.** And what is your position?
 09:53:14 **6** **A.** I'm scientific and re --
 09:53:16 **7** My actual position is director of research.
 09:53:20 **8** **Q.** And what's your compensation there?
 09:53:23 **9** **A.** Do you mean in general, or in this case?
 09:53:26 **10** **Q.** Do you get a percentage of this case, or do
 09:53:28 **11** you get just a salary?
 09:53:31 **12** **A.** Neither, actually. I expect to be paid for
 09:53:35 **13** my consult -- or my fee for testimony, but it has yet
 09:53:41 **14** to be established whether there will be any other
 09:53:44 **15** compensation.
 09:53:45 **16** **Q.** So it's my understanding that 3M has paid
 09:53:49 **17** FloViz, Incorporated \$70,000 for the study; correct?
 09:53:54 **18** **A.** That was the agreed-upon rate.
 09:53:57 **19** **Q.** Okay. Has 3M paid \$70,000?
 09:54:01 **20** **A.** There are still outstanding invoices.
 09:54:03 **21** **Q.** Okay. Is that -- Are you aware of -- Are --
 09:54:04 **22** Do you deal with that part of the business?
 09:54:07 **23** **A.** I try not to. I'm the scientific person.
 09:54:09 **24** **Q.** Okay. And out of that \$70,000 it's my
 09:54:13 **25** understanding that you don't get paid any of that
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09:54:15 **1** money?
 09:54:16 **2** **A.** Well I don't know yet. It hasn't been
 09:54:18 **3** established.
 09:54:19 **4** **Q.** Who decides --
 09:54:20 **5** **A.** We haven't even --
 09:54:22 **6** Half of the \$70,000 is not yet received, and
 09:54:26 **7** it will be decided by the company what -- how much
 09:54:29 **8** will be paid to individuals.
 09:54:31 **9** **Q.** Well how many hours did you spend yourself
 09:54:32 **10** on -- on performing the tests in this case?
 09:54:35 **11** **A.** I didn't keep a count of hours.
 09:54:37 **12** **Q.** Can you give me an approximation?
 09:54:40 **13** **A.** It would be a guess, and you've told me not
 09:54:42 **14** to guess.
 09:54:43 **15** **Q.** Well this time I'm asking you to guess.
 09:54:45 **16** **A.** All right. So the approximation would be
 09:54:47 **17** based on the experimental logbook which you have a
 09:54:50 **18** copy of, and you will see there that we worked a
 09:54:53 **19** number of days, and I would make the approxi --
 09:54:56 **20** **Q.** Nine days to be exact; correct?
 09:54:57 **21** **A.** Nine days.
 09:54:58 **22** **Q.** Okay.
 09:54:58 **23** **A.** And we worked typically a half a day, which
 09:55:01 **24** is all morning or all afternoon, so four and a half
 09:55:05 **25** days, and that would be four people, and one of them
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09:55:09 **1** was me.
 09:55:10 **2** **Q.** Okay. When you say --
 09:55:12 **3** When you say a half a day, we're talking
 09:55:13 **4** about four hours a day?
 09:55:17 **5** **A.** I think it was rather longer than that,
 09:55:18 **6** probably six hours.
 09:55:20 **7** **Q.** Six hours a day. So --
 09:55:21 **8** **A.** Now these were the actual testing. So there
 09:55:23 **9** was much more time spent in putting together --
 09:55:30 **10** designing apparatus, putting together apparatus and so
 09:55:32 **11** forth, and I'm not able to give you an estimate of how
 09:55:36 **12** many hours were spent there.
 09:55:37 **13** **Q.** Okay. And were you there every single day
 09:55:38 **14** testing was done?
 09:55:39 **15** **A.** I was.
 09:55:40 **16** **Q.** Okay. So nine days, six hours a day, so
 09:55:45 **17** looking about 36 hours of testing?
 09:55:48 **18** **A.** That's just the testing, yes.
 09:55:50 **19** **Q.** Okay. And how much time would you
 09:55:55 **20** approximate in actually setting up the apparatus and
 09:55:59 **21** doing what you just discussed?
 09:56:00 **22** **A.** That would be a guess, and I'm not going to
 09:56:03 **23** guess.
 09:56:04 **24** **Q.** More than 10 hours?
 09:56:06 **25** **A.** Certainly.
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09:56:07 **1** **Q.** Huh?
 09:56:08 **2** **A.** Certainly more than --
 09:56:09 **3** **Q.** More than 20 hours?
 09:56:10 **4** **A.** I think you're asking me to guess.
 09:56:12 **5** **Q.** I'm asking you to guess in this situation.
 09:56:14 **6** Give me an approximation.
 09:56:15 **7** **A.** You told me just a few minutes ago not to
 09:56:17 **8** guess.
 09:56:18 **9** **Q.** When it comes to your scientific opinions I
 09:56:20 **10** don't want you to guess. When I'm asking you about
 09:56:22 **11** how many hours you spent working on a study that your
 09:56:24 **12** company charged \$70,000, I request an approximation.
 09:56:29 **13** MR. GOSS: You can answer if you -- if you
 09:56:30 **14** have an understanding of how much time was spent.
 09:56:34 **15** **A.** The only thing I could do would be to sit
 09:56:37 **16** down and go back over the process in my mind, spend
 09:56:40 **17** some time to make some notes about it and try to make
 09:56:44 **18** an estimate. But right off the top of my head now, I
 09:56:48 **19** had not thought about how many hours, I was not
 09:56:50 **20** keeping track of hours, it was -- the idea was to get
 09:56:52 **21** the job done.
 09:56:53 **22** **Q.** Do you work for free?
 09:56:56 **23** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 09:56:57 **24** **Q.** For FloViz?
 09:56:59 **25** **A.** That's a complex answer. I get
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09:57:06 **1** reimbursement for some things I do, and don't get
 09:57:08 **2** reimbursement for other things.
 09:57:10 **3** **Q.** Such as?
 09:57:13 **4** **A.** Well such as I'm -- I'll be paid a
 09:57:16 **5** consulting fee for testimony today.
 09:57:19 **6** **Q.** Are you getting paid the entire \$600 an hour
 09:57:22 **7** --
 09:57:22 **8** **A.** Yes.
 09:57:23 **9** **Q.** -- for your testimony?
 09:57:23 **10** **A.** Yes.
 09:57:24 **11** **Q.** What about for the work you do for FloViz on
 09:57:26 **12** this study? How is your compensation?
 09:57:29 **13** **A.** Well that will be charged through FloViz,
 09:57:31 **14** everything will be, but the compensation through
 09:57:34 **15** FloViz is more complicated. I've been paid on some
 09:57:38 **16** things, and on other things I have donated my time.
 09:57:42 **17** It's a small business, it's -- we're building, and
 09:57:47 **18** therefore I sometimes donate my time.
 09:57:50 **19** **Q.** Do you own any shares of FloViz?
 09:57:52 **20** **A.** It's privately held.
 09:57:53 **21** **Q.** Do you own any percentage of FloViz?
 09:57:55 **22** **A.** No.
 09:57:56 **23** **Q.** You own zero percent.
 09:57:58 **24** **A.** Zero percent.
 09:58:00 **25** **Q.** Okay. Do you have any relationship with
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09:58:02 **1** anyone at FloViz?
 09:58:04 **2** **A.** Working relationship, not personal
 09:58:06 **3** relationship.
 09:58:46 **4** **Q.** So it's my understanding that there is a
 09:58:48 **5** possibility out of the \$70,000 that FloViz is
 09:58:51 **6** receiving from 3M in this case you might get paid zero
 09:58:55 **7** dollars from that; is that correct?
 09:59:01 **8** **A.** I don't know. I expect to be paid
 09:59:04 **9** something, but we've not discussed an actual amount.
 09:59:07 **10** **Q.** Do you have a contract with FloViz, Inc.?
 09:59:09 **11** **A.** No.
 09:59:18 **12** **Q.** But are you saying you are going to get paid
 09:59:20 **13** -- I mean, is there a possibility that you might not
 09:59:22 **14** get paid anything out of the 70,000?
 09:59:24 **15** **A.** Possible.
 09:59:28 **16** **Q.** Who would I need to depose to figure out
 09:59:30 **17** your compensation with respect to this project?
 09:59:36 **18** **A.** Lori Dreibelbis is the president of the
 09:59:37 **19** company.
 09:59:40 **20** **Q.** Did she work on this project?
 09:59:42 **21** **A.** Yes.
 09:59:52 **22** **Q.** And I guess she is married to Larry P.
 09:59:54 **23** Dreibelbis?
 09:59:55 **24** **A.** She is.
 09:59:56 **25** **Q.** Is he vice president?
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09:59:58 **1** **A.** No.
 09:59:58 **2** **Q.** What's his position?
 10:00:00 **3** **A.** Insofar as this project was concerned he
 10:00:03 **4** acted as a technician.
 10:00:05 **5** **Q.** With the company what's his position?
 10:00:06 **6** **A.** I don't know that he has a position with the
 10:00:08 **7** company.
 10:00:09 **8** **Q.** Okay. Does Lori Dreibelbis own 100 percent
 10:00:12 **9** of the company?
 10:00:13 **10** **A.** As far as I know, yes.
 10:00:14 **11** **Q.** How long you been working for the company?
 10:00:16 **12** **A.** The company was established approximately
 10:00:19 **13** two years ago, and I began to work with them then.
 10:00:23 **14** **Q.** So you started with the company when the
 10:00:24 **15** company was established?
 10:00:25 **16** **A.** Yep.
 10:00:26 **17** **Q.** Okay.
 10:00:30 **18** **A.** And I should point out, to be completely
 10:00:32 **19** accurate, that the name FloViz, Incorporated was
 10:00:36 **20** established by me many years ago in the 1980s just
 10:00:41 **21** myself, and it was pretty much dormant for the entire
 10:00:45 **22** period from then until 2015 when I retired. I then
 10:00:53 **23** transferred that to Lori Dreibelbis because I'm not
 10:00:56 **24** interested in running a company, she was.
 10:00:58 **25** **Q.** What was your --
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10:01:00 **1** What was your compensation for transferring
 10:01:02 **2** the name?
 10:01:02 **3** **A.** One dollar.
 10:01:07 **4** **Q.** Prior to the 3M project -- I'm going to call
 10:01:10 **5** this the 3M project -- what other projects did you
 10:01:12 **6** work for with FloViz?
 10:01:15 **7** **A.** There were several projects. I don't know
 10:01:19 **8** -- How do you wish me to identify these?
 10:01:20 **9** **Q.** When you say "several," more than five?
 10:01:25 **10** **MR. GOSS:** And I guess I would ask, are you
 10:01:27 **11** talking about since 2015 when he sold the company to
 10:01:32 **12** Lori, or going back to when he first started the
 10:01:36 **13** company?
 10:01:36 **14** **Q.** Since he went -- started working for there
 10:01:39 **15** two years ago.
 10:01:40 **16** **A.** All right. So what information do you want
 10:01:44 **17** about these projects?
 10:01:45 **18** **Q.** Give me the names of the -- Give me the
 10:01:48 **19** names and your clients.
 10:01:49 **20** **A.** In one of those cases I've been instructed
 10:01:52 **21** not to name the source of the funding. I can tell you
 10:01:56 **22** what the project was about.
 10:01:57 **23** **Q.** What was the project?
 10:01:58 **24** **A.** The project had to do with schlieren imaging
 10:02:01 **25** of leaks of natural gas.
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10:02:04 **1 Q.** What's another project you worked on?
 10:02:06 **2 A.** The rest were consulting issues on SBIRs.
 10:02:11 **3** SBIR is a Small Business Independent Research project
 10:02:15 **4** with companies that were working on abrasive blasting,
 10:02:20 **5** companies called Figure Engineering, and I have to
 10:02:24 **6** think a moment, IFOS Incorporated, which is a company
 10:02:32 **7** that does fiber optics.
 10:02:35 **8 Q.** And those were consulting projects?
 10:02:37 **9 A.** Those were basically consulting, but they
 10:02:39 **10** were handled through FloViz, Incorporated.
 10:02:41 **11 Q.** Okay. And so would it be fair that the only
 10:02:45 **12** schlieren testing you've done was for the leaks, --
 10:02:47 **13 A.** Natural gas leak project.
 10:02:48 **14 Q.** -- natural gas leaks?
 10:02:50 **15 A.** In the -- In the last two years, yes.
 10:02:52 **16 Q.** Okay. Does FloViz, Incorporated own
 10:02:57 **17** schlieren mirrors, or do you rent them?
 10:02:59 **18 A.** We own schlieren mirrors.
 10:03:00 **19 Q.** Okay. So all tho -- all the equipment you
 10:03:01 **20** used in this case was owned by FloViz, with respect --
 10:03:01 **21 A.** All the equipment --
 10:03:08 **22 Q.** -- to the schlieren stuff.
 10:03:09 **23 A.** Yes. All the schlieren equipment.
 10:03:11 **24 Q.** And the camera.
 10:03:13 **25 A.** And the camera.

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10:03:14 **1 Q.** Okay. I assume the Bair Hugger was given to
 10:03:18 **2** you by 3M.
 10:03:19 **3 A.** Yes.
 10:03:20 **4 Q.** Okay. And that was a Bair Hugger 775?
 10:03:24 **5 A.** 522 I believe.
 10:03:25 **6 Q.** I'm talking about the blower.
 10:03:27 **7 A.** 775 is the blower.
 10:03:29 **8 Q.** And the blanket was the 522?
 10:03:31 **9 A.** Yes.
 10:03:32 **10 Q.** How many blankets did you receive?
 10:03:33 **11 A.** I don't know the exact number. Several
 10:03:35 **12** blankets.
 10:03:35 **13 Q.** More than 10?
 10:03:36 **14 A.** Less than 10.
 10:03:37 **15 Q.** More than 5?
 10:03:41 **16 A.** I don't know.
 10:03:42 **17 Q.** Did any of them break when in use?
 10:03:44 **18 A.** No.
 10:03:49 **19 Q.** Any other equipment given to you by 3M?
 10:03:53 **20 A.** There was the loan of equipment, an
 10:03:56 **21** electrocautery device. 3M also provided a HotDog
 10:04:01 **22** blanket.
 10:04:01 **23 Q.** Excuse me?
 10:04:02 **24 A.** A HotDog blanket.
 10:04:04 **25 Q.** Okay.

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10:04:07 **1 A.** I think that's all we received from 3M.
 10:04:09 **2 Q.** Okay. Did they give you any surgical
 10:04:12 **3** drapes?
 10:04:13 **4 A.** Surgical drapes, you're right. I forgot
 10:04:16 **5** that.
 10:04:16 **6 Q.** How many surgical drapes did they give you?
 10:04:19 **7 A.** Less than five. Less than five sets.
 10:04:23 **8 Q.** Did you give --
 10:04:25 **9** And what kind of sets were they?
 10:04:32 **10 A.** I don't know what kind of sets. I don't
 10:04:34 **11** understand that, what you're asking for.
 10:04:37 **12 Q.** Well were they a surgical drape set for a
 10:04:42 **13** neurosurg -- a neurosurgery or --
 10:04:43 **14 A.** Oh, all right. Hip and knee surgery, if I
 10:04:46 **15** recall.
 10:04:46 **16 Q.** And it said that on it?
 10:04:48 **17 A.** I'm not sure what it said on the box.
 10:04:50 **18 Q.** Were they 3M drapes?
 10:04:54 **19 A.** I'm not sure who the manufacturer of the
 10:04:56 **20** drapes is.
 10:04:57 **21 Q.** Did you test the drapes in any way?
 10:04:59 **22 A.** We used the drapes in the --
 10:04:59 **23 Q.** Did you test the drapes?
 10:05:01 **24 A.** We did not test the drapes.
 10:05:02 **25 Q.** Okay. Did you test the --

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10:05:04 **1** Did you test the drapes in any way or do any
 10:05:06 **2** calculations with respect to heat conduction or
 10:05:08 **3** whether or not they're permeable or not?
 10:05:11 **4 A.** Did not.
 10:05:11 **5 Q.** So you've done no testing on the drapes;
 10:05:13 **6** correct?
 10:05:14 **7 A.** We've done testing that used the drapes.
 10:05:16 **8 Q.** That wasn't my question, sir.
 10:05:18 **9** You did no testing --
 10:05:19 **10 A.** I did no testing on the --
 10:05:21 **11 Q.** -- on the drapes. Okay.
 10:05:20 **12 A.** -- individual drapes. No.
 10:05:23 **13 Q.** So just so it's clear for the record, you
 10:05:25 **14** have done no testing on the drapes; correct?
 10:05:27 **15 A.** That is correct.
 10:05:28 **16 Q.** Okay. You've performed many scientific
 10:05:35 **17** studies in your career; correct?
 10:05:36 **18 A.** I have.
 10:05:37 **19 Q.** And you've written many peer-reviewed
 10:05:39 **20** articles; correct?
 10:05:39 **21 A.** I have.
 10:05:41 **22 Q.** Would you agree with me that if a scientific
 10:05:43 **23** study is not reproducible, it's not reliable?
 10:05:51 **24 A.** Reproducibility is a tenet of scientific
 10:05:54 **25** studies, so I agree with that.

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10:05:56 **1 Q.** Okay. So you agree with this ter -- with
 10:06:00 **2** this phrase: If a scientific study is not
 10:06:03 **3** reproducible, it is not reliable. Correct?
 10:06:07 **4 A.** I'll agree with that.
 10:06:11 **5 Q.** In fact, during the peer-review process if
 10:06:28 **6** the reviewers do not understand the methodology they
 10:06:30 **7** will usually send it back for clarification from the
 10:06:34 **8** author; correct?
 10:06:37 **9 A.** That's one thing that can happen, yes.
 10:06:39 **10 Q.** I understand. But if the -- if the
 10:06:41 **11** reviewers do not understand the methodology or if it's
 10:06:43 **12** unclear, they will most likely send it back to the
 10:06:45 **13** author for clarification and to edit the manuscript;
 10:06:49 **14** correct?
 10:06:50 **15 A.** At the very least it would go back for
 10:06:52 **16** clarification.
 10:06:52 **17 Q.** Okay. Because methodology is very
 10:06:53 **18** important; correct?
 10:06:55 **19 A.** It is.
 10:06:55 **20 Q.** Okay. I mean, with improper methodology you
 10:06:58 **21** would have unreliable results; correct?
 10:07:02 **22 A.** I don't understand what you mean by
 10:07:04 **23** "improper methodology."
 10:07:05 **24 Q.** Well if you have a messed-up methodology or
 10:07:07 **25** no methodology, there's no way for someone else to
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10:07:10 **1** reproduce the results, and therefore they'd be
 10:07:13 **2** unreliable; correct?
 10:07:14 **3 A.** I agree with that.
 10:07:18 **4 Q.** Okay. And when you -- one way to establish
 10:07:24 **5** a methodology is to prepare protocols for a study;
 10:07:28 **6** correct?
 10:07:30 **7 A.** A test plan, yes.
 10:07:32 **8 Q.** Test plan protocol; correct?
 10:07:33 **9 A.** Yes.
 10:07:34 **10 Q.** Did you perform a test plan or protocol in
 10:07:36 **11** this case?
 10:07:37 **12 A.** I had a test plan in mind, yes.
 10:07:41 **13 Q.** Did you write it on paper?
 10:07:42 **14 A.** No.
 10:07:42 **15 Q.** Okay. So besides what's in your mind, there
 10:07:45 **16** is nothing written or documented regarding a test
 10:07:48 **17** plan; correct?
 10:07:49 **18 A.** What is written --
 10:07:50 **19** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:07:52 **20 Q.** You may answer.
 10:07:53 **21 A.** It's covered in my expert report the
 10:07:59 **22** methodology and the approach that we took.
 10:08:02 **23 Q.** You agree with me that -- Okay.
 10:08:04 **24** Did you have a test plan in this case?
 10:08:07 **25 A.** I had in mind a test plan.
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10:08:09 **1 Q.** Okay.
 10:08:09 **2 A.** Does not necessarily have to be written down
 10:08:11 **3** on paper.
 10:08:13 **4 Q.** I never said it had to be written down.
 10:08:15 **5** My question to you is that you had a test
 10:08:17 **6** plan.
 10:08:17 **7 A.** I had a test plan.
 10:08:19 **8 Q.** And it's not written down anywhere; correct?
 10:08:21 **9** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:08:22 **10 Q.** Is it written down, "yes" or "no"? Simple
 10:08:24 **11** question.
 10:08:24 **12 A.** It's embodied in my expert report.
 10:08:27 **13 Q.** Okay. Is it written down in anything else
 10:08:29 **14** besides your expert report?
 10:08:30 **15 A.** No.
 10:08:30 **16 Q.** Okay. And your expert report came after you
 10:08:33 **17** conducted the tests; correct?
 10:08:35 **18 A.** Correct.
 10:08:35 **19 Q.** So there was no test plan written down
 10:08:37 **20** before you conducted the tests; correct?
 10:08:39 **21 A.** No.
 10:08:41 **22 Q.** So my -- the answer to my question is:
 10:08:43 **23** "Yes, that's correct."
 10:08:43 **24 A.** That's correct. Yes.
 10:08:51 **25 Q.** Now you agree with me that when you are
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10:08:58 **1** formulating a test plan to do a comparison study such
 10:09:05 **2** as this case, Bair Hugger versus HotDog, you want to
 10:09:08 **3** limit the amount of external variables that could
 10:09:12 **4** affect the results; correct?
 10:09:14 **5 A.** As much as possible, yes.
 10:09:14 **6 Q.** Okay.
 10:09:15 **7 A.** Correct.
 10:09:29 **8 Q.** For example, if you want to compare how the
 10:09:34 **9** Bair Hugger affects the environment, and I -- the best
 10:09:38 **10** ideal situation is to have an environment that is
 10:09:41 **11** completely constant, not changing, and just turn the
 10:09:45 **12** Bair Hugger on and off; correct?
 10:09:48 **13 A.** Yes.
 10:09:51 **14 Q.** If there are other things changing in the
 10:09:53 **15** environment, such as people moving, other things
 10:09:55 **16** blowing around, that would affect the results and
 10:09:59 **17** would make it much more difficult to ascertain the
 10:10:02 **18** effect of the Bair Hugger on the environment; correct?
 10:10:05 **19 A.** Yes.
 10:10:09 **20 Q.** Now you agree with me that if you want to
 10:10:23 **21** determine how a device interacts with a system you
 10:10:28 **22** need to model that system as accurately as possible;
 10:10:30 **23** correct?
 10:10:32 **24 A.** Sorry. I --
 10:10:33 **25 Q.** If you want to see a device --
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10:10:35 **1** If you want to determine how a device
 10:10:36 **2** interacts with a system; an environment, whatever, you
 10:10:40 **3** need -- you want to model that environment and system
 10:10:43 **4** as accurately as possible; correct?
 10:10:47 **5** **A.** That's not necessarily correct. It's
 10:10:49 **6** possible to have a less than -- for example in the
 10:10:56 **7** case of an operating room to have less than the
 10:10:58 **8** complete operating room airflow in order to look at
 10:11:04 **9** the effect of downflow on warming blankets.
 10:11:15 **10** **Q.** Let's go back to Engineering 101. What, in
 10:11:22 **11** your education, training and experience, do you
 10:11:24 **12** believe would affect air currents in a room? If you
 10:11:34 **13** know.
 10:11:36 **14** **A.** What would affect air currents in a room.
 10:11:39 **15** **Q.** Umm-hmm.
 10:11:40 **16** **A.** Like this room.
 10:11:41 **17** **Q.** Yes. Let's take this room for example.
 10:11:44 **18** **A.** There are louvers in the ceiling that are
 10:11:46 **19** providing air, and I assume that the air is being
 10:11:50 **20** removed somewhere, although I can't see exactly.
 10:11:53 **21** **Q.** So an air supply and an air return. Fair
 10:11:55 **22** enough?
 10:11:55 **23** **A.** Well, those are -- that's how the room is
 10:11:58 **24** ventilated.
 10:11:58 **25** **Q.** Okay. Anything else?
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10:11:59 **1** **A.** If that's what you're asking me.
 10:12:01 **2** **Q.** Anything else that would affect the airflow
 10:12:03 **3** in this room?
 10:12:03 **4** **A.** As you already mentioned, if people are
 10:12:05 **5** moving around that would affect the airflow in the
 10:12:07 **6** room.
 10:12:08 **7** **Q.** Anything else?
 10:12:10 **8** **A.** Heat sources.
 10:12:12 **9** **Q.** Anything else?
 10:12:16 **10** **A.** That's about it.
 10:12:20 **11** **Q.** Walls?
 10:12:22 **12** **A.** The walls are static.
 10:12:27 **13** **Q.** You don't think the walls cause any type of
 10:12:28 **14** --
 10:12:28 **15** **A.** The walls constrain the flow, but that's not
 10:12:33 **16** the same thing as the other items that you asked.
 10:12:38 **17** **Q.** So you don't think when the air blows and it
 10:12:40 **18** hits a wall there's some sort of reaction with the
 10:12:43 **19** airflow that --
 10:12:44 **20** **A.** I do not understand your --
 10:12:46 **21** **Q.** Do you under --
 10:12:46 **22** **A.** -- question.
 10:12:48 **23** **Q.** Do you understand airflow in fluid dynamics?
 10:12:50 **24** **A.** I'm an expert in fluid dynamics.
 10:12:52 **25** **Q.** You consider yourself an expert in fluid
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10:12:54 **1** dynamics? Okay.
 10:12:55 **2** **A.** Experimental fluid dynamics.
 10:12:56 **3** **Q.** What about theoretical fluid dynamics?
 10:12:59 **4** **A.** I know some fluid --
 10:13:01 **5** I know theoretical fluid dynamics, but my
 10:13:03 **6** ex -- specific expertise is as an experimentalist.
 10:13:06 **7** **Q.** And who calls you an expert, besides
 10:13:08 **8** yourself?
 10:13:12 **9** Has a Court ever determined you as an expert
 10:13:15 **10** in experimental fluid dynamics?
 10:13:16 **11** **A.** A court?
 10:13:17 **12** **Q.** Uh-huh.
 10:13:18 **13** **A.** Not as far as I know.
 10:13:18 **14** **Q.** Has any --
 10:13:19 **15** Have you ever won any awards in experimental
 10:13:21 **16** fluid dynamics?
 10:13:21 **17** **A.** Yes.
 10:13:24 **18** **Q.** So you understand that walls affect -- could
 10:13:27 **19** cause turbulence in a room such as this; correct?
 10:13:34 **20** **A.** I don't think that's the proper phrasing of
 10:13:36 **21** what happens.
 10:13:38 **22** **Q.** Okay. So what happens when the airflow hits
 10:13:39 **23** a wall? You have a vent coming out and air -- air
 10:13:42 **24** hits a wall. What happens?
 10:13:44 **25** **A.** In other words, if the air comes out from
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10:13:46 **1** the louver and goes over and --
 10:13:46 **2** **Q.** Yeah.
 10:13:47 **3** **A.** -- hits the wall.
 10:13:48 **4** **Q.** Yeah.
 10:13:49 **5** **A.** The air, depending on temperature, could
 10:13:52 **6** turn -- could turn down the wall, it could be
 10:13:56 **7** stagnated. There are several things that could
 10:13:59 **8** happen.
 10:14:01 **9** **Q.** So if there's no wall there, nothing's going
 10:14:02 **10** to happen; correct?
 10:14:03 **11** **A.** So, you know, you asked me what determines
 10:14:04 **12** the airflow, and the walls obviously determine the
 10:14:06 **13** airflow in a room, the size and shape of the room and
 10:14:09 **14** so forth.
 10:14:09 **15** **Q.** That's all I'm asking you, sir.
 10:14:11 **16** I said: The walls have an effect on
 10:14:13 **17** airflow; "yes" or "no"? That's true, --
 10:14:14 **18** **A.** The walls --
 10:14:14 **19** **Q.** -- you just said it.
 10:14:15 **20** **A.** -- constrain you.
 10:14:16 **21** MR. GOSS: Hold on. Wait for him to ask
 10:14:18 **22** you a question.
 10:14:18 **23** **Q.** The walls will affect the airflow in the
 10:14:19 **24** room. I'm not saying how it's going to affect the
 10:14:23 **25** airflow, but it has an effect on the airflow in the
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10:14:27 **1** room; correct?

10:14:27 **2** (Interruption by the reporter.)

10:14:27 **3** **Q.** The airflow affects --

10:14:27 **4** The walls affect the airflow in the room;

10:14:28 **5** correct?

10:14:28 **6** **A.** They constrain the airflow in the room.

10:14:30 **7** **Q.** And that has an effect --

10:14:30 **8** **A.** Yes.

10:14:31 **9** **Q.** -- on the airflow.

10:14:32 **10** **A.** Yes.

10:14:33 **11** **Q.** Very simple question, sir.

10:14:36 **12** And in fact you agree with me that even a

10:14:54 **13** room such as this there are so many things that affect

10:14:57 **14** it that it's a complex system.

10:15:00 **15** **A.** Yes.

10:15:08 **16** **Q.** Even me talking has an effect on the airflow

10:15:11 **17** in this room; correct?

10:15:14 **18** **A.** I would say that's a very small effect.

10:15:17 **19** **Q.** I didn't quantify the effect.

10:15:20 **20** It has an effect on the airflow; "yes" or

10:15:23 **21** "no"?

10:15:23 **22** **A.** Yes.

10:15:24 **23** **Q.** Okay. And if you do a study you want to

10:15:36 **24** account for as many of the items that can affect a

10:15:41 **25** complex system; correct?

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10:15:45 **1** **A.** Not always correct.

10:15:47 **2** **Q.** So you don't want to perform a study that is

10:15:49 **3** as accurate as possible?

10:15:50 **4** **A.** I didn't say that.

10:15:52 **5** **Q.** So when would you not want to perform a

10:15:54 **6** study and make it as accurate as possible to a

10:15:58 **7** real-world condition?

10:15:59 **8** **A.** Can we go back a couple of questions? You

10:16:02 **9** wanted -- I think you asked me --

10:16:04 **10** Could I have read back when you perform a

10:16:06 **11** study you want to include as many effects as possible?

10:16:10 **12** MR. GOSS: No. You don't get to ask to

10:16:13 **13** have something read back.

10:16:13 **14** If you're unclear about something he asks

10:16:15 **15** you, then -- then you can ask him to rephrase, but

10:16:19 **16** otherwise --

10:16:20 **17** THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.

10:16:20 **18** MR. GOSS: -- just do your best to answer

10:16:21 **19** his question.

10:16:23 **20** **A.** Well --

10:16:23 **21** **Q.** I could read the question over.

10:16:25 **22** I said: And you -- you'd want to do a --

10:16:29 **23** You'd want to account for as many of the

10:16:31 **24** items that can affect a complex system; correct?

10:16:35 **25** **A.** And I believe my answer to that was "not

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10:16:37 **1** necessarily always correct."

10:16:40 **2** **Q.** Okay. And one of the reasons why you're

10:16:44 **3** saying that today is because you know, sitting here

10:16:46 **4** today, that you did not account for many of the items

10:16:52 **5** in an operating room that would affect airflow;

10:16:54 **6** correct?

10:16:56 **7** **A.** We did a simulation of a downflow

10:17:01 **8** interacting with a surgery table as described in my

10:17:04 **9** report. We did not attempt to simulate everything

10:17:07 **10** associated with an operating room.

10:17:09 **11** **Q.** But it wasn't even close to what was in an

10:17:11 **12** operating room; correct?

10:17:12 **13** **A.** It was a simulation --

10:17:14 **14** **Q.** What's your term of --

10:17:15 **15** What's your definition of a simulation?

10:17:17 **16** **A.** Well a simulation in the sense the

10:17:21 **17** airflow -- laminar downflow interacting with the -- a

10:17:27 **18** mannequin on a surgery table. It's not an actual

10:17:31 **19** clean room airflow or an actual clean room surgery

10:17:36 **20** setup, it's an experimental simulation.

10:17:42 **21** **Q.** Well let's go one by one.

10:17:44 **22** You agree that room dimensions will have an

10:17:48 **23** effect on airflow.

10:17:52 **24** **A.** They can have.

10:18:00 **25** **Q.** I'm not quantifying it or giving like it has

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10:18:03 **1** a big effect or a small effect. I just want to know

10:18:05 **2** if it's going to have an effect.

10:18:07 **3** **A.** Yes.

10:18:07 **4** **Q.** Okay. Room pressure has an effect on the

10:18:13 **5** airflow in a room; correct?

10:18:14 **6** **A.** You mean barometric pressure?

10:18:17 **7** **Q.** Yes. Whether it's positive pressure or

10:18:19 **8** negative pressure.

10:18:20 **9** **A.** Yes.

10:18:22 **10** **Q.** Because if it's positive pressure air will

10:18:24 **11** leave through leaks or underneath the door, and if

10:18:27 **12** it's negative pressure air will be pulling in from the

10:18:30 **13** door; correct?

10:18:31 **14** **A.** Yes.

10:18:31 **15** **Q.** Okay. So it has an effect.

10:18:32 **16** **A.** Or from not necessarily the door, but from

10:18:36 **17** any leaks, --

10:18:36 **18** **Q.** Yes.

10:18:38 **19** **A.** -- any cracks or whatever.

10:18:40 **20** **Q.** Every room has leaks; correct?

10:18:42 **21** **A.** Yes.

10:18:42 **22** Well not every room. Most rooms.

10:18:46 **23** **Q.** Temperature will have an effect on airflow;

10:18:48 **24** correct?

10:18:50 **25** **A.** That depends.

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10:18:53 **1** **Q.** Well if there is a --
 10:18:54 **2** I'm not saying it does in every case, but it
 10:18:57 **3** can have an effect --
 10:18:58 **4** **A.** It can have an effect, yes.
 10:19:00 **5** **Q.** Okay.
 10:19:00 **6** **A.** Certainly.
 10:19:01 **7** **Q.** For example, as you showed in your testing,
 10:19:05 **8** a flame which is very hot is going to have an effect
 10:19:08 **9** on the airflow around the flame; correct?
 10:19:09 **10** **A.** Yes.
 10:19:10 **11** **Q.** Okay. The mass flow of the air supply is
 10:19:14 **12** going to have an effect on the airflow in the room;
 10:19:18 **13** correct?
 10:19:23 **14** **A.** "The mass flow."
 10:19:24 **15** **Q.** Yes.
 10:19:25 **16** **A.** In terms of, for example, air changes per
 10:19:28 **17** hour in a clean -- in an operating room.
 10:19:31 **18** **Q.** If I have a very low amount of mass coming
 10:19:33 **19** out of the vents --
 10:19:34 **20** **A.** Yes, okay.
 10:19:35 **21** **Q.** -- as compared to a very high, it's going to
 10:19:38 **22** have an effect.
 10:19:38 **23** **A.** Yes.
 10:19:41 **24** **Q.** Air return, where the air returns are on the
 10:19:43 **25** sides are going to have an effect on the airflow;

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10:19:45 **1** correct?
 10:19:47 **2** **A.** In a room like this, yes.
 10:19:53 **3** **Q.** The number of people in a room is going to
 10:19:55 **4** have an effect on the airflow; correct?
 10:19:59 **5** **A.** Again, yes.
 10:20:00 **6** **Q.** Surgical lights in an operating room is
 10:20:03 **7** going to have an effect on airflow; correct?
 10:20:04 **8** **A.** Yes.
 10:20:04 **9** **Q.** The overhead lights will have an effect on
 10:20:06 **10** the airflow; correct?
 10:20:09 **11** **A.** In an operating room or --
 10:20:10 **12** **Q.** Yes.
 10:20:13 **13** **A.** I'm -- I'm not sure what effect the overhead
 10:20:16 **14** lights have, but they could have an effect.
 10:20:18 **15** **Q.** Even in this --
 10:20:19 **16** If you put a schlieren mirror over there
 10:20:21 **17** you're going to see some movement, correct, right
 10:20:23 **18** below that light.
 10:20:25 **19** **A.** Fluorescent lights?
 10:20:26 **20** **Q.** Yeah.
 10:20:28 **21** **A.** It's possible.
 10:20:30 **22** **Q.** Well is there a range -- temperature range
 10:20:32 **23** where schlieren is not going to pick up density
 10:20:37 **24** differences?
 10:20:39 **25** **A.** Schlieren doesn't show you the temperature,

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10:20:42 **1** it shows the gradient of the refractive index.
 10:20:47 **2** **Q.** And the refractive index is based on
 10:20:49 **3** density; correct?
 10:20:50 **4** **A.** It's directly related to --
 10:20:53 **5** Density is directly related to the
 10:20:54 **6** refractive index.
 10:20:55 **7** **Q.** Okay. So you're saying that there's no
 10:20:56 **8** density difference from the heat being produced by
 10:20:59 **9** those fluorescent lights?
 10:21:02 **10** **A.** There probably is.
 10:21:03 **11** **Q.** Okay. Is there a minimum temperature
 10:21:06 **12** gradient or Delta that schlieren will not be able to
 10:21:12 **13** see?
 10:21:13 **14** **A.** Yes.
 10:21:13 **15** **Q.** What?
 10:21:15 **16** **A.** That depends on the optical system.
 10:21:20 **17** **Q.** Okay. Let's use the one that you used in
 10:21:21 **18** this case. Will it be able to see the difference of
 10:21:27 **19** one degree?
 10:21:28 **20** **A.** It has to be --
 10:21:29 **21** It's looking for a gradient. It has to be a
 10:21:31 **22** temperature difference over a distance.
 10:21:33 **23** **Q.** Okay. So what would it be in this case?
 10:21:35 **24** **A.** Much less than one degree per centimeter.
 10:21:38 **25** **Q.** One degree per centimeter?

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10:21:40 **1** **A.** Less than one degree per centimeter.
 10:21:42 **2** **Q.** Okay. So the Delta has to be less than one
 10:21:44 **3** degree per centimeter.
 10:21:45 **4** **A.** If -- In order not to see it.
 10:21:48 **5** **Q.** Okay. In order not to see it.
 10:21:49 **6** **A.** Yeah. If it's greater than that you will
 10:21:51 **7** see something.
 10:21:52 **8** **Q.** When you --
 10:21:52 **9** **A.** And I think it's probably much less than
 10:21:54 **10** that.
 10:21:54 **11** **Q.** Okay. Is there --
 10:21:56 **12** And how do you determine that number?
 10:21:59 **13** **A.** There's a calculation in my book that shows
 10:22:02 **14** how you can determine the minimum threshold of
 10:22:04 **15** visibility.
 10:22:06 **16** **Q.** And when you --
 10:22:08 **17** Just so I understand, what is one degree per
 10:22:12 **18** centimeter?
 10:22:13 **19** **A.** That's a temperature gradient. It's a
 10:22:16 **20** change of one degree over a distance of one
 10:22:19 **21** centimeter.
 10:22:19 **22** **Q.** Okay. So, for example, if I have a one
 10:22:31 **23** degree change over 10 centimeters --
 10:22:36 **24** **A.** Umm-hmm. That would be a tenth of a degree
 10:22:37 **25** per centimeter or one tenth of the value we were

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10:22:39 **1** discussing.

10:22:40 **2** **Q.** And schlieren will not see that; correct?

10:22:43 **3** Or it would be very difficult.

10:22:44 **4** **A.** Once again, it depends on the optical

10:22:45 **5** system. If you have a sensitive optical system you'll

10:22:48 **6** certainly see one tenth of degree per centimeter at

10:22:53 **7** atmospheric conditions.

10:22:55 **8** **Q.** Okay. So the system that you used, do you

10:23:01 **9** know the exact degrees per centimeter that it could

10:23:08 **10** pick up an image?

10:23:11 **11** **A.** I don't have an exact number for that, but I

10:23:13 **12** believe it's in the range just discussed of a tenth of

10:23:16 **13** a degree per centimeter, maybe less.

10:23:19 **14** **Q.** Well you said one degree per centimeter

10:23:21 **15** before. You said less than one degree per centimeter.

10:23:23 **16** **A.** I believe the system that we used has a

10:23:26 **17** sensitivity of better than that.

10:23:28 **18** **Q.** And how do I determine that?

10:23:29 **19** **A.** One would determine that, for example, by

10:23:33 **20** generating a temperature difference and imaging it

10:23:37 **21** with the schlieren system.

10:23:38 **22** **Q.** How did you determine it was point one

10:23:41 **23** degrees per centimeter for the system that you used?

10:23:44 **24** **A.** Based on experience with, for example, the

10:23:48 **25** thermal plume from the human hand.

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10:23:51 **1** **Q.** Okay. So you're saying it's a visual test

10:23:53 **2** for you.

10:23:53 **3** **A.** It's a -- This is photographed and produced

10:23:58 **4** as a digital image, and from the variations in the

10:24:01 **5** digital image one gets a measurement of the refractive

10:24:06 **6** index gradient.

10:24:09 **7** **Q.** But in this case have you yourself

10:24:12 **8** determined what the degrees-per-centimeter ranges

10:24:20 **9** we're talking about for your study, for the equipment

10:24:24 **10** that you used?

10:24:25 **11** (Interruption by the reporter.)

10:24:27 **12** **A.** "Equipment."

10:24:28 **13** Let's put it this way. In my expert report

10:24:31 **14** you will see the image of the plume rising from the

10:24:35 **15** human hand, and that is well known to produce a -- an

10:24:43 **16** optical refraction of on the order of an arc second,

10:24:50 **17** arc second. That is a very small angle. That angle

10:24:54 **18** then -- can then be easily converted into degrees per

10:25:01 **19** centimeter. And so by imaging the heat coming from

10:25:04 **20** the human hand we can get a reasonable approximation

10:25:08 **21** of a measurement for the sensitivity of the optical

10:25:12 **22** system.

10:25:13 **23** **Q.** Okay. And sitting here today your best --

10:25:16 **24** your opinion is that the devices that you used are

10:25:20 **25** able to show a point-one-degree-over-a-centimeter

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10:25:23 **1** gradient.

10:25:27 **2** **A.** Yes.

10:25:28 **3** **Q.** Okay. So just so I understand correctly, if

10:25:35 **4** we're looking at a one-degree change over 20

10:25:40 **5** centimeters, the schlieren mirrors you used would not

10:25:43 **6** be able to detect that; correct?

10:25:46 **7** **A.** There's some threshold, I'm not sure if that

10:25:49 **8** number is it. But if you have one degree change over

10:25:53 **9** a larger and larger distance eventually the effect

10:25:57 **10** will disappear from the schlieren visualization.

10:26:00 **11** **Q.** Because you're looking at the refraction of

10:26:01 **12** light and the reflect -- the reflect might be so small

10:26:05 **13** as to be even captured by the camera.

10:26:09 **14** **A.** Yeah. It's -- It falls below the noise

10:26:11 **15** level eventually.

10:26:11 **16** **Q.** Okay.

10:26:12 **17** **A.** But the more sensitive the schlieren optics

10:26:15 **18** is, the smaller that threshold will be.

10:26:20 **19** **Q.** Okay. And is the sensitivity based on the

10:26:25 **20** camera, or the mirrors, or the whole package?

10:26:28 **21** **A.** In the case of the instrument that we used

10:26:30 **22** for this study it's based on the mirrors.

10:26:34 **23** **Q.** Okay. All right.

10:26:42 **24** Do you agree that in an operating room the

10:26:46 **25** way a patient's draped --

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10:26:50 **1** And do you understand by "draping" in an

10:26:51 **2** operating room?

10:26:52 **3** **A.** Yes, I do.

10:26:53 **4** **Q.** -- the way a patient is draped will affect

10:26:55 **5** the airflow in the operating room.

10:27:02 **6** **A.** No.

10:27:03 **7** **Q.** You disagree with that. Well maybe I can

10:27:11 **8** change your mind.

10:27:13 **9** If drapes are going around an operating room

10:27:19 **10** table down to the floor, do you agree with me that the

10:27:23 **11** area underneath the operating room table that's

10:27:25 **12** contained within the drapes are going to be affected

10:27:29 **13** by the drapes?

10:27:30 **14** **A.** Yes.

10:27:30 **15** **Q.** Okay. So you agree with me that the drapes

10:27:33 **16** can have an effect on airflow in certain parts of the

10:27:36 **17** operating room.

10:27:37 **18** **A.** If you qualify the statement by saying

10:27:40 **19** "certain parts," then I can agree to it.

10:27:43 **20** **Q.** Okay. With respect -- Strike that.

10:27:51 **21** Did any nurses assist you with respect to

10:27:54 **22** your testing?

10:27:55 **23** **A.** No.

10:27:58 **24** **Q.** Who did the draping of the patient?

10:28:02 **25** **A.** The members of my team, Lori -- Lori

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10:28:07 **1** Dreibelbis and James D. Miller.
 10:28:09 **2 Q.** And how did they learn how to drape?
 10:28:12 **3 A.** From the 3M draping video.
 10:28:14 **4 Q.** Okay. So they learned how to drape by
 10:28:20 **5** watching a video?
 10:28:21 **6 A.** That's right.
 10:28:22 **7 Q.** Okay. Was there anyone at 3M present during
 10:28:24 **8** any of the testing, or the attorneys?
 10:28:29 **9 A.** Attorney Goss and his assistant were present
 10:28:33 **10** for part of one day of testing.
 10:28:36 **11 Q.** What day?
 10:28:38 **12 A.** I don't remember the -- which day it was.
 10:28:40 **13 Q.** Did you put it in your notes that they were
 10:28:41 **14** present?
 10:28:42 **15 A.** Yes.
 10:28:43 **16 Q.** You did? Okay. We'll get to that later on.
 10:28:45 **17** Did they assist in any way?
 10:28:51 **18 A.** Yes.
 10:28:52 **19 Q.** How did they assist?
 10:28:56 **20 A.** Peter Goss got on the operating table and we
 10:28:59 **21** took a schlieren image of him.
 10:29:01 **22 Q.** Just laying down on the operating room
 10:29:03 **23** table?
 10:29:03 **24 A.** That's right, no draping or anything.
 10:29:06 **25 Q.** Why?

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10:29:07 **1 A.** The idea was to see the heat transfer,
 10:29:11 **2** convective heat transfer from the human body using the
 10:29:15 **3** schlieren imaging.
 10:29:16 **4 Q.** Okay. Was this before or after you did your
 10:29:18 **5** study, your testing?
 10:29:19 **6 A.** This was early on.
 10:29:22 **7 Q.** Okay. Was it before you created the
 10:29:24 **8** downflow generator?
 10:29:25 **9 A.** We had the downflow generator.
 10:29:27 **10 Q.** And who was his assistant?
 10:29:29 **11 A.** Charmaine Harris.
 10:29:31 **12 Q.** Okay. And did she assist in any way?
 10:29:35 **13 A.** You mean participate, or --
 10:29:37 **14 Q.** Participate, assist?
 10:29:39 **15 A.** She was involved in the discussions.
 10:29:41 **16 Q.** Okay. Was there anything that 3M told you
 10:29:44 **17** that you relied upon in your opinions?
 10:29:49 **18 A.** How do you mean, "told" me?
 10:29:51 **19 Q.** Well was there any communications that they
 10:29:52 **20** said -- they told that you relied upon in formulating
 10:29:56 **21** your opinions; any facts, any data?
 10:29:58 **22 A.** They certainly provided some references,
 10:30:01 **23** some of the references.
 10:30:02 **24 Q.** Okay. Are those references in your report?
 10:30:06 **25 A.** Some -- Some of the material in the report,

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10:30:08 **1** yes.
 10:30:09 **2 Q.** Okay. I take it you recently reviewed your
 10:30:15 **3** report; correct?
 10:30:15 **4 A.** That's correct.
 10:30:16 **5 Q.** In preparation of today's deposition?
 10:30:18 **6 A.** Yes.
 10:30:18 **7 Q.** Okay. And you stand by your report?
 10:30:21 **8 A.** I stand by my report.
 10:30:22 **9 Q.** Okay. So you've checked all the numbers in
 10:30:24 **10** your report?
 10:30:25 **11 A.** I've checked the numbers in the report.
 10:30:27 **12 Q.** Have you reviewed any depositions in this
 10:30:29 **13** case?
 10:30:30 **14 A.** I've reviewed transcripts of three
 10:30:36 **15** depositions.
 10:30:36 **16 Q.** Which depositions?
 10:30:39 **17 A.** Professor Elghobashi, Dan Koenigshofer,
 10:30:44 **18** Professor Thomas Kuehn.
 10:30:46 **19 Q.** Did you read --
 10:30:47 **20** Did you read all those depositions?
 10:30:47 **21 A.** I did.
 10:30:49 **22 Q.** Take any notes?
 10:30:50 **23 A.** No.
 10:30:51 **24 Q.** Make any highlights?
 10:30:53 **25 A.** No.

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10:30:53 **1 Q.** Did you make any notes or highlights in any
 10:30:55 **2** of the articles that you reviewed or are referenced in
 10:30:58 **3** your paper?
 10:30:59 **4 A.** I don't make marginal notes or highlights on
 10:31:02 **5** technical papers.
 10:31:04 **6 Q.** Do you -- So you don't -- you --
 10:31:12 **7** If something is just important you take
 10:31:17 **8** notes, like in your notebook, or you don't take any
 10:31:18 **9** notes?
 10:31:19 **10 A.** Well there's -- the laboratory notebook has
 10:31:20 **11** notes, but I don't have volumes of notes, if that's
 10:31:27 **12** what you mean.
 10:31:28 **13 Q.** Out of all the references that you cited in
 10:31:31 **14** your report did you read all of the articles that you
 10:31:32 **15** referenced?
 10:31:33 **16 A.** Yes.
 10:31:34 **17 Q.** From beginning to end.
 10:31:35 **18 A.** I'm not sure I read from beginning to end on
 10:31:38 **19** every article.
 10:31:39 **20 Q.** Okay.
 10:31:39 **21 A.** Most of the article or pertinent parts of
 10:31:42 **22** the article.
 10:31:42 **23 Q.** Well how do you determine what the pertinent
 10:31:44 **24** parts are unless you read the whole thing?
 10:31:46 **25 A.** The articles have abstracts, they have

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10:31:49 **1** measurement methods, they have results and
 10:31:53 **2** conclusions, and it's not always necessary to read all
 10:31:55 **3** the details.
 10:31:57 **4** **Q.** So you didn't read the deposition of Al Van
 10:32:00 **5** Duren; correct?
 10:32:00 **6** **A.** I did not.
 10:32:02 **7** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware that 3M admits that
 10:32:04 **8** every study performed with the Bair Hugger shows an
 10:32:07 **9** increase in particles over the surgical site?
 10:32:10 **10** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:32:11 **11** MR. ASSAAD: Basis?
 10:32:13 **12** MR. GOSS: He wouldn't have any foundation,
 10:32:15 **13** he hasn't read Al Van Duren's deposition. Plus,
 10:32:20 **14** characterizing something as an admission when there
 10:32:23 **15** are scientific studies. You can present him with the
 10:32:24 **16** studies and ask him if he has an opinion on them.
 10:32:26 **17** MR. ASSAAD: What do you think a 30(b)(6)
 10:32:28 **18** deposition is?
 10:32:28 **19** MR. GOSS: He said he hasn't read it.
 10:32:30 **20** MR. ASSAAD: Okay.
 10:32:30 **21** **Q.** Well assume that --
 10:32:30 **22** MR. GOSS: That's my basis.
 10:32:32 **23** **Q.** Assume that 3M admits that every study
 10:32:34 **24** showed an increase in particles over the surgical site
 10:32:37 **25** when the Bair Hugger was on. Assume that fact.

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10:32:39 **1** Have you heard of that fact before?
 10:32:42 **2** **A.** Only insofar as it appeared in a deposition
 10:32:46 **3** transcript.
 10:32:46 **4** **Q.** Okay. So you weren't aware of that fact
 10:32:48 **5** before; correct?
 10:32:49 **6** **A.** No.
 10:32:49 **7** **Q.** And you weren't aware that a corporate
 10:32:52 **8** representative for 3M testified to that fact as being
 10:32:54 **9** true.
 10:32:56 **10** **A.** I'm not aware of that.
 10:32:57 **11** **Q.** Okay. If that fact is true, does your
 10:33:01 **12** schlieren testing support that fact?
 10:33:04 **13** **A.** Sir, you're asking me to speculate on
 10:33:05 **14** something that I'm not aware of, that I've not
 10:33:08 **15** studied, and I've got to restrict my comments to the
 10:33:11 **16** work that I did that's covered in my expert report.
 10:33:14 **17** **Q.** I'm allowed to ask you hypotheticals, sir.
 10:33:16 **18** And I'm asking you assume the fact that particles are
 10:33:20 **19** -- are -- increase over the surgical site when the
 10:33:24 **20** Bair Hugger is turned on. Does your schlieren studies
 10:33:28 **21** support that fact; "yes" or "no"?
 10:33:31 **22** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:33:34 **23** **A.** I'm sorry. Would you repeat that, please?
 10:33:39 **24** **Q.** Assuming that when the Bair Hugger is turned
 10:33:40 **25** on that there is an increase in particles over the

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10:33:43 **1** surgical site, does the -- your schlieren testing
 10:33:47 **2** support that fact?
 10:33:48 **3** **A.** I've done no such schlieren testing.
 10:33:51 **4** **Q.** Okay. And in fact schlieren testing can't
 10:33:55 **5** determine particle flow; correct?
 10:34:01 **6** **A.** The schlieren testing determines the
 10:34:02 **7** airflow.
 10:34:03 **8** **Q.** So it can't determine particle flow;
 10:34:05 **9** correct?
 10:34:06 **10** **A.** It's not an appropriate instrument to
 10:34:07 **11** measure particle flow.
 10:34:09 **12** **Q.** So the answer to my question is yes, it
 10:34:11 **13** can't -- it can't detect particle flow; correct?
 10:34:15 **14** **A.** I'm not going to restrict it that way
 10:34:18 **15** because I believe there's studies where particle
 10:34:20 **16** measurements were made, but it's not an appropriate
 10:34:22 **17** instrument. There are better instruments for that
 10:34:26 **18** purpose than the schlieren instrument.
 10:34:27 **19** **Q.** And -- And in your study, your schlieren
 10:34:30 **20** testing could not conduct -- could not track particle
 10:34:34 **21** flow.
 10:34:34 **22** **A.** We made no attempt to track particle flow.
 10:34:37 **23** **Q.** And in fact it can't detect turbulence, can
 10:34:41 **24** it?
 10:34:42 **25** **A.** Oh yes, it can.

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10:34:42 **1** **Q.** Really?
 10:34:42 **2** **A.** Really.
 10:34:44 **3** **Q.** Do you recall writing down that your testing
 10:34:46 **4** would not be able to detect turbulence?
 10:34:48 **5** **A.** I'm sorry. We --
 10:34:48 **6** **Q.** Do you remember writing in your notes about
 10:34:50 **7** that you won't be testing for turbulence because
 10:34:53 **8** schlieren can't do turbulence?
 10:34:54 **9** **A.** No. Turbulence intensity.
 10:34:58 **10** **Q.** Okay. I'm sorry. Turbulence intensity. It
 10:35:01 **11** can't determine turbulence intensity; correct?
 10:35:04 **12** **A.** In fact it can be used for that, but not in
 10:35:06 **13** the work that we did.
 10:35:08 **14** **Q.** Okay. In the work that you did you did not
 10:35:09 **15** detect or measure turbulence intensity; correct?
 10:35:12 **16** **A.** We did not.
 10:35:13 **17** **Q.** Okay. Have you read any of the depositions
 10:35:37 **18** of any of the authors of the articles?
 10:35:45 **19** **A.** Well the deposition transcripts that I read
 10:35:48 **20** were the three that I mentioned to you.
 10:35:52 **21** **Q.** What were you provided by 3M in this case,
 10:35:55 **22** besides those three deposition transcripts?
 10:35:57 **23** **A.** I was provided expert reports.
 10:35:59 **24** **Q.** Of who? Of the plaintiffs?
 10:36:02 **25** **A.** Expert reports from the plaintiffs and from

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10:36:05 **1** the defendant's experts.
 10:36:07 **2** **Q.** When did you get the defendant's expert
 10:36:09 **3** reports?
 10:36:11 **4** **A.** Recently, but I don't have exact date in
 10:36:13 **5** mind.
 10:36:13 **6** **Q.** When you say "recently," was it --
 10:36:13 **7** **A.** Well these --
 10:36:15 **8** **Q.** -- the past week?
 10:36:17 **9** **A.** These --
 10:36:18 **10** As far as I know, these depositions were
 10:36:21 **11** only held recently.
 10:36:23 **12** **Q.** I'm talking about the expert reports
 10:36:24 **13** themselves.
 10:36:25 **14** **A.** Expert reports were due June 2nd, so it's
 10:36:28 **15** been since June 2nd.
 10:36:30 **16** **Q.** When did you receive the expert reports?
 10:36:32 **17** **A.** Sometime between June 2nd and now.
 10:36:34 **18** **Q.** Come on doctor, you gotta give me a better
 10:36:36 **19** time than that. You have a --
 10:36:36 **20** MR. GOSS: No.
 10:36:37 **21** **Q.** -- better memory than that, sir.
 10:36:38 **22** MR. GOSS: No.
 10:36:38 **23** **A.** Summer time.
 10:36:38 **24** MR. GOSS: He doesn't --
 10:36:40 **25** Wait for him to ask a question.
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10:36:40 **1** MR. ASSAAD: He doesn't have a better
 10:36:40 **2** memory than that?
 10:36:40 **3** MR. GOSS: Wait. You don't --
 10:36:40 **4** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 10:36:50 **5** MR. ASSAAD: Let's not play games.
 10:36:51 **6** MR. GOSS: You're not going to bully him --
7 MR. ASSAAD: Let's not play games.
8 MR. GOSS: We're not playing --
9 (Interruption by the reporter.)
10 (Off the stenographic record.)
11 MR. ASSAAD: Let's not play games.
 10:36:52 **12** MR. GOSS: And I object to the suggestion
 10:36:53 **13** that he's playing games.
 10:36:55 **14** MR. ASSAAD: If he cannot tell me between
 10:36:57 **15** -- between now -- between June 2nd and July 18th an
 10:37:03 **16** approximate time he received the defense expert
 10:37:04 **17** reports, that's playing games.
 10:37:05 **18** MR. GOSS: You can make whatever comments
 10:37:07 **19** you want. He will testify to the best of his
 10:37:09 **20** recollection.
 10:37:09 **21** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 10:37:09 **22** **Q.** When did you receive --
 10:37:10 **23** MR. GOSS: You can answer it if you can.
 10:37:12 **24** **Q.** When did you receive the defense expert
 10:37:13 **25** reports?
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10:37:23 **1** **A.** I would say that it's been in the month of
 10:37:25 **2** July, but I don't have a better or particular date
 10:37:28 **3** than that.
 10:37:29 **4** **Q.** Did you receive it this week?
 10:37:32 **5** **A.** The expert reports?
 10:37:33 **6** **Q.** Yes.
 10:37:35 **7** **A.** This is only Tuesday. I'd received it
 10:37:39 **8** before this week.
 10:37:40 **9** **Q.** Did you receive it last week?
 10:37:43 **10** **A.** I don't have any better information than
 10:37:46 **11** that.
 10:37:57 **12** **Q.** Did you read the expert reports?
 10:37:59 **13** **A.** I did.
 10:38:00 **14** **Q.** Which ones did you read?
 10:38:02 **15** **A.** There were four expert reports that I read,
 10:38:07 **16** two from the plaintiff and two from the defendants:
 10:38:12 **17** Elghobashi, Koenigshofer, Thomas Kuehn and Abraham.
 10:38:29 **18** **Q.** Did you make any notes in the reports?
 10:38:30 **19** **A.** No.
 10:38:31 **20** **Q.** Did you get Dr. Borak's report, expert
 10:38:33 **21** report?
 10:38:34 **22** **A.** Are you asking did I receive it?
 10:38:36 **23** **Q.** Yeah.
 10:38:36 **24** **A.** I received more reports than I was able to
 10:38:40 **25** read. I'm not sure who the others were.
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10:38:43 **1** **Q.** Did you have a list of the reports that you
 10:38:46 **2** received?
 10:38:48 **3** **A.** I can make a list.
 10:38:50 **4** **Q.** Do you have anything with you here today?
 10:38:52 **5** **A.** No.
 10:38:53 **6** **Q.** Did defense counsel tell you not to bring
 10:38:55 **7** anything today?
 10:38:56 **8** **A.** "Not to bring anything"?
 10:38:57 **9** **Q.** Yes.
 10:38:57 **10** **A.** No. He didn't tell me that.
 10:38:59 **11** **Q.** So why didn't you bring anything today to
 10:39:01 **12** help refresh your memory?
 10:39:03 **13** **A.** I wasn't instructed to bring anything.
 10:39:05 **14** **Q.** Did you not receive a subpoena to have
 10:39:06 **15** documents produced?
 10:39:09 **16** **A.** Yes, but that had nothing to do with today.
 10:39:13 **17** I responded to the subpoena.
 10:39:14 **18** **Q.** Did you receive the expert report of Dr.
 10:39:16 **19** Holford?
 10:39:18 **20** **A.** I don't know the --
 10:39:19 **21** I told you the reports that I had read. I'm
 10:39:22 **22** not sure what other reports I received that I did not
 10:39:25 **23** read.
 10:39:25 **24** **Q.** So sitting here today, I can go through the
 10:39:27 **25** names of Hughes, Mont, Wentzel, Kuehn, K-U-each-A-N --
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10:39:30 **1** K-U-E-H-N -- Abraham, Lampotang, Hannenberg, Ho and
 10:39:38 **2** Keen, and the only two reports that you remember
 10:39:40 **3** receiving is from Abraham and Kuehn.
 10:39:43 **4** **A.** No. What I'm saying is the only two reports
 10:39:45 **5** that I read were Abraham and Thomas Kuehn. I didn't
 10:39:52 **6** read any other expert reports.
 10:39:55 **7** **Q.** Why were you --
 10:39:55 **8** Why did you read Abraham's report?
 10:39:59 **9** **A.** It's pertinent to the work that I did.
 10:40:02 **10** **Q.** Okay. Why was it pertinent?
 10:40:05 **11** **A.** It had especially to do with the question of
 10:40:11 **12** velocity and temperature of airflow at the bottom of
 10:40:15 **13** the drapes.
 10:40:15 **14** **Q.** Okay. Did you --
 10:40:17 **15** Do you agree with everything that Abraham
 10:40:18 **16** put in his report?
 10:40:21 **17** **A.** Do I agree with everything?
 10:40:22 **18** **Q.** Umm-hmm.
 10:40:23 **19** **A.** That's a very broad question. I don't think
 10:40:30 **20** I can answer that question because I would have to go
 10:40:33 **21** back and look at everything that's in the report and I
 10:40:36 **22** would have -- then have to decide whether I agreed
 10:40:38 **23** with it or not.
 10:40:39 **24** **Q.** Do you agree with his boundary conditions?
 10:40:42 **25** **A.** "His boundary conditions."

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10:40:50 **1** Could you be more specific?
 10:40:51 **2** **Q.** Do you agree with his boundary conditions
 10:40:53 **3** with the temperature of the air coming out of the Bair
 10:40:56 **4** Hugger?
 10:40:58 **5** **A.** We're talking about John Abraham.
 10:41:01 **6** **Q.** Yes, John Abraham.
 10:41:04 **7** **A.** What I'm recalling is that he has a -- in
 10:41:08 **8** his expert report, a criticism of the boundary
 10:41:12 **9** conditions that were used in --
 10:41:15 **10** **Q.** That wasn't my question, sir.
 10:41:17 **11** My question was, and he knows it's not my
 10:41:19 **12** question, that's why he's not objecting.
 10:41:21 **13** MR. GOSS: Yeah, but we have seven hours --
 10:41:23 **14** **Q.** My question is: Do you have any criticism
 10:41:24 **15** of what Abraham, Abraham, Dr. Abraham, not Elghobashi,
 10:41:28 **16** used for his temperature coming out of the Bair
 10:41:30 **17** Hugger?
 10:41:30 **18** MR. GOSS: You didn't give me a chance to
 10:41:32 **19** object. We've got seven hours, you've got all the
 10:41:35 **20** time you need. Just let him finish his answer.
 10:41:38 **21** You can explain what you meant. Do you
 10:41:40 **22** understand his question? If you do, you can answer
 10:41:42 **23** it.
 10:41:43 **24** **A.** Well I would have to go back and look at the
 10:41:45 **25** report in order to specifically remind myself of his

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10:41:50 **1** boundary conditions if I were to give you an accurate
 10:41:52 **2** answer.
 10:41:53 **3** **Q.** So sitting here today you don't recall what
 10:41:55 **4** Dr. Abraham put as the temperature coming out of the
 10:41:58 **5** Bair Hugger, or the air coming out of the Bair Hugger.
 10:42:01 **6** Is that your testimony today?
 10:42:02 **7** **A.** The air coming out of the Bair Hugger where?
 10:42:04 **8** **Q.** Around the neck and head.
 10:42:06 **9** **A.** Yes, I remember that.
 10:42:07 **10** **Q.** What was the temperature?
 10:42:16 **11** **A.** I think it was 41 degrees Centigrade.
 10:42:19 **12** **Q.** You believe it was 41 degrees?
 10:42:20 **13** Do you agree with that?
 10:42:21 **14** **A.** No.
 10:42:22 **15** **Q.** So you disagree with Dr. Abraham's boundary
 10:42:26 **16** conditions.
 10:42:26 **17** **A.** In that instance I do, right.
 10:42:28 **18** **Q.** Okay. So you think Dr. Abraham is wrong in
 10:42:34 **19** his report.
 10:42:37 **20** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:42:40 **21** **Q.** Strike that question.
 10:42:41 **22** You agree with me that one of the most
 10:42:43 **23** important boundary conditions is to determine the air
 10:42:46 **24** coming out of the Bair Hugger for any analysis;
 10:42:48 **25** correct?

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10:42:49 **1** **A.** Correct.
 10:42:50 **2** **Q.** And that --
 10:42:51 **3** And that determination of the boundary
 10:42:53 **4** condition is going to effect the entire study if that
 10:42:58 **5** -- if that boundary condition is wrong; correct?
 10:43:01 **6** **A.** Yes.
 10:43:01 **7** **Q.** Okay. So if he has the wrong boundary
 10:43:04 **8** condition for the actual temperature coming out of the
 10:43:06 **9** Bair Hugger, that would make his entire study
 10:43:10 **10** incorrect, according to you.
 10:43:12 **11** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:43:13 **12** **A.** I'm not going to agree to that.
 10:43:16 **13** **Q.** Why not?
 10:43:17 **14** **A.** You asked me about a component, not the
 10:43:21 **15** entire study.
 10:43:22 **16** **Q.** Well do you agree with me that air
 10:43:24 **17** temperature is going to have an effect on airflow?
 10:43:32 **18** **A.** The --
 10:43:33 **19** In other words, the temperature boundary
 10:43:34 **20** condition --
 10:43:34 **21** **Q.** Yes.
 10:43:35 **22** **A.** -- is what you're asking me about.
 10:43:36 **23** Yeah, that's an important issue.
 10:43:38 **24** **Q.** I mean, you criticized Dr. Elghobashi for
 10:43:41 **25** having the wrong boundary conditions and that's why

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10:43:43 **1** his report is wrong; correct?
 10:43:45 **2 A.** I did.
 10:43:45 **3 Q.** Okay. So Abraham has the wrong boundary
 10:43:49 **4** conditions. Why can't you say his report is wrong?
 10:43:50 **5** Or are you biased?
 10:43:54 **6** Are you biased?
 10:43:56 **7** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:43:58 **8 Q.** Are you being objective?
 10:43:59 **9** MR. GOSS: No. Now you're badgering him.
 10:44:00 **10** MR. ASSAAD: No.
 10:44:00 **11 Q.** Are you being objective, sir?
 10:44:02 **12** MR. GOSS: No. No. No. No. No. I think
 10:44:02 **13** the question --
 10:44:03 **14** MR. ASSAAD: I'm not badgering him.
 10:44:04 **15** MR. GOSS: Yes, you are.
 10:44:06 **16** MR. ASSAAD: I am not badgering him.
 10:44:06 **17** MR. GOSS: Well it should be --
 10:44:07 **18** MR. ASSAAD: You can watch the video, we
 10:44:08 **19** can show it to the Court.
 10:44:09 **20** MR. GOSS: I would be happy to. In fact --
 10:44:11 **21** MR. ASSAAD: Yes. Let's do it.
 10:44:12 **22** MR. GOSS: So let's -- let's --
 10:44:12 **23** The question I believe was related to you
 10:44:15 **24** criticized Elghobashi.
 10:44:17 **25** MR. ASSAAD: I'll rephrase the question.
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10:44:17 **1** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 10:44:18 **2 Q.** You criticized Elghobashi and you said his
 10:44:20 **3** report is wrong; correct?
 10:44:21 **4 A.** Correct.
 10:44:22 **5 Q.** Now you just admitted that Dr. Abraham was
 10:44:25 **6** wrong in his exit temperature, his boundary
 10:44:28 **7** conditions; correct?
 10:44:32 **8 A.** Slightly wrong, yeah.
 10:44:33 **9 Q.** Oh, now he's "slightly wrong." You change
 10:44:36 **10** your testimony?
 10:44:37 **11 A.** I'll change my testimony.
 10:44:38 **12 Q.** Okay. Fair enough.
 10:44:40 **13** So since he's slightly wrong do you agree
 10:44:44 **14** that you should be critical of Dr. Abraham's results?
 10:44:57 **15 A.** Do I get to explain myself, or do I have to
 10:44:59 **16** give you a "yes" or "no"?
 10:45:00 **17 Q.** You can explain after you answer "yes" or
 10:45:01 **18** "no."
 10:45:02 **19 A.** What was your question again?
 10:45:03 **20 Q.** Are you critical of Dr. Abraham's results?
 10:45:05 **21 A.** Yes.
 10:45:07 **22 Q.** Now let me ask you a question. You're a
 10:45:10 **23** member of ASME; correct?
 10:45:10 **24 A.** I'm a member of ASME.
 10:45:12 **25 Q.** Do you remember the entire ethics
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10:45:14 **1** conversation I went through with Dr. Kuehn in my
 10:45:17 **2** deposition of him?
 10:45:18 **3 A.** I wouldn't say the entire, but I did read
 10:45:20 **4** it.
 10:45:21 **5 Q.** Okay. Are you a member of the Order of
 10:45:22 **6** Engineer?
 10:45:23 **7 A.** No.
 10:45:23 **8 Q.** Do you know what the Order of the Engineer
 10:45:24 **9** is?
 10:45:26 **10 A.** No.
 10:45:27 **11 Q.** Do you agree that the safety of patients is
 10:45:29 **12** more important than your testimony?
 10:45:35 **13 A.** Say again, please.
 10:45:36 **14 Q.** The safety of patients in the world, you
 10:45:40 **15** know, safety of patients is more important -- should
 10:45:42 **16** be the ultimate concern than your testimony in this
 10:45:45 **17** case, what your testimony should be.
 10:45:47 **18 A.** I don't understand that question.
 10:45:50 **19 Q.** You don't understand that question? Fair
 10:45:51 **20** enough. I'll go to the next one, then.
 10:45:53 **21** Do you agree that engineers uphold and
 10:45:55 **22** advance the integrity, honor and dignity of the
 10:45:58 **23** engineering profession?
 10:45:59 **24 A.** I do, but I'd like to return to the -- the
 10:46:02 **25** first one.

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10:46:04 **1 Q.** He can get to that later on when he asks you
 10:46:07 **2** questions.
 10:46:07 **3** Do you agree --
 10:46:07 **4** So you agree with me that engineers should
 10:46:08 **5** be objective, honest and have integrity in formulating
 10:46:11 **6** their opinions.
 10:46:12 **7 A.** I do.
 10:46:12 **8 Q.** Okay. Do you think that engineers at 3M
 10:46:14 **9** should be held to the same standard?
 10:46:17 **10 A.** Say again, please?
 10:46:18 **11 Q.** Should engineers at 3M be held to that same
 10:46:20 **12** standard?
 10:46:21 **13** MR. GOSS: I'm just going to object to this
 10:46:23 **14** whole line --
 10:46:23 **15** MR. ASSAAD: You can have a continuing
 10:46:23 **16** objection.
 10:46:25 **17** MR. GOSS: -- as beyond the scope of his
 10:46:26 **18** expert opinions that he will offer in this case.
 10:46:29 **19 Q.** Do you think engineers at 3M should be held
 10:46:31 **20** to that same standard?
 10:46:33 **21 A.** I'm going to restrict my testimony to my
 10:46:40 **22** expertise and my report.
 10:46:43 **23 Q.** Sir, under the rules you cannot restrict
 10:46:45 **24** your testimony. You gotta answer my questions unless
 10:46:47 **25** your counsel tells you not to answer the question.

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10:46:49 **1** Do you agree that 3M should be held to that
 10:46:52 **2** same standard; "yes" or "no"?
 10:46:57 **3** **A.** Engineers at 3M.
 10:46:58 **4** **Q.** Yes.
 10:46:59 **5** **A.** Yes.
 10:47:04 **6** **Q.** Do you agree that engineers must use their
 10:47:07 **7** knowledge and skill for enhancement of human welfare?
 10:47:11 **8** **A.** Yes.
 10:47:12 **9** **Q.** Do you agree that safety is paramount with
 10:47:16 **10** respect to engineering design?
 10:47:18 **11** **A.** Yes.
 10:47:19 **12** That was the first question, but I did not
 10:47:21 **13** understand your phrasing of it. You said my
 10:47:26 **14** testimony. It was confusing.
 10:47:29 **15** MR. ASSAAD: Move to strike his -- that
 10:47:32 **16** part of the answer.
 10:47:34 **17** **Q.** Do you believe that safety of patients in --
 10:47:37 **18** with respect to -- Strike that.
 10:47:39 **19** Do you agree that the safety of people is
 10:47:41 **20** more important than profits?
 10:47:43 **21** **A.** Of course.
 10:47:45 **22** **Q.** Engineering is a profession; isn't it, sir?
 10:47:48 **23** **A.** Yes.
 10:47:48 **24** **Q.** Not just a job, it's a profession; correct?
 10:47:50 **25** **A.** Yes.

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10:47:51 **1** **Q.** And as a professor in engineering you have a
 10:47:53 **2** duty to teach your students regarding ethical
 10:47:56 **3** behavior.
 10:47:57 **4** **A.** Yes.
 10:47:58 **5** **Q.** Engineers are to be honest; correct?
 10:48:00 **6** **A.** Yes.
 10:48:01 **7** **Q.** Impartial?
 10:48:02 **8** **A.** Yes.
 10:48:03 **9** **Q.** And have a --
 10:48:03 **10** And serve with fidelity to the public;
 10:48:05 **11** correct?
 10:48:05 **12** **A.** Yes.
 10:48:07 **13** **Q.** And the definition of fidelity is the
 10:48:09 **14** quality of being faithful and loyal; correct?
 10:48:11 **15** **A.** Yes.
 10:48:13 **16** **Q.** And the same applies to the engineers at 3M;
 10:48:15 **17** correct?
 10:48:17 **18** MR. GOSS: Asked and answered.
 10:48:18 **19** **A.** Asked and answered, yes. I've already
 10:48:21 **20** answered you.
 10:48:22 **21** MR. GOSS: It's my objection. You -- You
 10:48:24 **22** just focus on his questions.
 10:48:27 **23** **Q.** "Yes"?
 10:48:29 **24** **A.** I believe I've already answered the
 10:48:30 **25** question.

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10:48:31 **1** **Q.** And the answer to that question was "yes,"
 10:48:33 **2** to refresh my recollection; correct?
 10:48:34 **3** **A.** Correct.
 10:48:39 **4** **Q.** Now as someone that's going to -- Strike
 10:48:47 **5** that.
 10:48:47 **6** As an engineer in this case you yourself
 10:48:52 **7** must follow engineering ethics; correct?
 10:48:54 **8** **A.** Yes.
 10:48:58 **9** **Q.** So not just as an expert, but as an
 10:49:00 **10** engineer; correct?
 10:49:00 **11** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:01 **12** **Q.** Okay. And to do so, to solve a problem you
 10:49:05 **13** want as much information as possible to solve a
 10:49:07 **14** problem when a problem presents itself to you;
 10:49:09 **15** correct?
 10:49:10 **16** **A.** As much information as is reasonably
 10:49:12 **17** possible, yes.
 10:49:13 **18** **Q.** Okay. Reasonably possible; correct?
 10:49:15 **19** So in this -- you know, in this case you
 10:49:17 **20** want, you know, all the information regarding the Bair
 10:49:19 **21** Hugger; correct?
 10:49:21 **22** MR. GOSS: Objection, vague.
 10:49:23 **23** **Q.** Like you want to have how the Bair Hugger
 10:49:25 **24** works, how much heat it puts out, --
 10:49:27 **25** **A.** Yes.

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10:49:27 **1** **Q.** -- how much it blows; --
 10:49:28 **2** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:30 **3** **Q.** -- correct?
 10:49:30 **4** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:30 **5** **Q.** What's the flow rate; correct? The
 10:49:32 **6** different temperature settings; correct?
 10:49:34 **7** Right?
 10:49:34 **8** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:34 **9** **Q.** How it's used in an operating room; correct?
 10:49:37 **10** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:38 **11** **Q.** How it's used in a hip and knee surgery;
 10:49:41 **12** correct?
 10:49:42 **13** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:43 **14** **Q.** You want to know how patients are draped in
 10:49:45 **15** a hip and knee surgery with the Bair Hugger; correct?
 10:49:48 **16** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:48 **17** **Q.** You want to know what lays over the Bair
 10:49:49 **18** Hugger; correct?
 10:49:50 **19** **A.** Yes.
 10:49:50 **20** **Q.** Okay. You also want to know what studies
 10:49:53 **21** discuss the effect of the Bair Hugger that previous
 10:49:58 **22** scientists in the field have done with respect to the
 10:50:01 **23** downward airflow; correct?
 10:50:02 **24** **A.** Yes.
 10:50:05 **25** **Q.** And you agree with me that as a manufacturer

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10:50:08 **1** such as 3M they're not going to put a product out
 10:50:10 **2** there in the con -- with the -- in the market without
 10:50:14 **3** doing its own internal testing; correct?
 10:50:16 **4** MR. GOSS: Objection, calls for
 10:50:17 **5** speculation.
 10:50:20 **6** **Q.** Correct?
 10:50:21 **7** **A.** Would you repeat that?
 10:50:22 **8** **Q.** I mean, are you aware of any corporation
 10:50:24 **9** that just does -- creates a product and just puts it
 10:50:27 **10** out into the market without doing any testing on it?
 10:50:30 **11** A medical device?
 10:50:31 **12** **A.** No, I'm not aware of it.
 10:50:33 **13** **Q.** Okay. Because that would be unethical for
 10:50:35 **14** an engineer not to test something to make sure it's
 10:50:38 **15** safe and reliable and okay for the market to use;
 10:50:41 **16** correct?
 10:50:41 **17** MR. GOSS: Continuing objection to ethics.
 10:50:45 **18** **Q.** Correct?
 10:50:45 **19** **A.** Yes.
 10:50:45 **20** **Q.** By the way, does ethics apply to your
 10:50:49 **21** scientific testing done in this case?
 10:50:52 **22** **A.** Yes.
 10:50:52 **23** **Q.** Okay. I mean, you don't give up being an
 10:51:02 **24** engineer when you were retained by 3M in this case;
 10:51:04 **25** correct?

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10:51:04 **1** **A.** I do not.
 10:51:09 **2** **Q.** Did you ever look at the design file in this
 10:51:11 **3** case of 3M? Did they ever provide that to you, of the
 10:51:16 **4** 775 or --
 10:51:16 **5** **A.** No, --
 10:51:17 **6** **Q.** -- any of the predecessor devices?
 10:51:19 **7** **A.** -- I do not have design files.
 10:51:20 **8** **Q.** Were you provided any testing, internal
 10:51:23 **9** documents regarding testing of -- of the device?
 10:51:25 **10** **A.** No internal documents.
 10:51:27 **11** **Q.** Did you receive any internal documents from
 10:51:28 **12** 3M?
 10:51:30 **13** **A.** No.
 10:51:31 **14** **Q.** Okay. You'd agree with me that it would be
 10:51:38 **15** unethical for an engineer to ignore a potential
 10:51:40 **16** problem than to solve it; correct?
 10:51:46 **17** **A.** Say again, please.
 10:51:47 **18** **Q.** Let me simplify it.
 10:51:48 **19** You agree with me that it's unethical for an
 10:51:51 **20** engineer to ignore a potential problem that could be a
 10:51:53 **21** risk to human welfare.
 10:51:56 **22** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:51:57 **23** **A.** Yes.
 10:52:08 **24** **Q.** I mean, at the end, what we do as engineers,
 10:52:11 **25** we're problem solvers; correct?

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10:52:14 **1** **A.** That's certainly a part of engineering.
 10:52:21 **2** **Q.** Are you familiar with the Ford Pinto case?
 10:52:25 **3** **A.** Only -- Well from distant memory and the
 10:52:32 **4** transcript of the deposition of Professor Thomas
 10:52:35 **5** Kuehn.
 10:52:36 **6** **Q.** What about the Citibank case, are you
 10:52:38 **7** familiar with that?
 10:52:39 **8** **A.** No.
 10:52:46 **9** **Q.** Do you agree that engineers and the
 10:52:50 **10** corporations they work for should not manipulate
 10:52:53 **11** research?
 10:52:54 **12** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:52:56 **13** **A.** I think you are --
 10:53:01 **14** You know, I'm here to testify about the work
 10:53:02 **15** I did, and I'm not supposed to speculate.
 10:53:07 **16** **Q.** You think you would be speculating by
 10:53:09 **17** agreeing to the statement that engineers and
 10:53:13 **18** corporations should not manipulate research?
 10:53:15 **19** MR. GOSS: Same objection.
 10:53:16 **20** **Q.** You think that's speculation, sir?
 10:53:17 **21** **A.** What do you mean "manipulate"?
 10:53:19 **22** **Q.** What do you think the term "manipulate"
 10:53:21 **23** means?
 10:53:23 **24** **A.** Change it.
 10:53:24 **25** **Q.** Okay.

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10:53:24 **1** **A.** Mess with it.
 10:53:26 **2** **Q.** Yes.
 10:53:26 **3** Do you think engineers should do that?
 10:53:36 **4** **A.** Can you --
 10:53:38 **5** **Q.** If you can't answer the question, you --
 10:53:39 **6** **A.** Do you mean manipulate --
 10:53:40 **7** **Q.** If you can't answer the question, you can
 10:53:41 **8** say you can't answer the question.
 10:53:42 **9** MR. GOSS: Okay. But he was going to try
 10:53:44 **10** and answer, so let him say what he was going to say.
 10:53:47 **11** **Q.** Okay. I'm just saying --
 10:53:48 **12** **A.** Do you mean manipulate for adverse effect or
 10:53:50 **13** adverse reasons, is that what you mean?
 10:53:52 **14** **Q.** That's usually the connotation of
 10:53:56 **15** "manipulate," yes.
 10:53:56 **16** **A.** There are other connotations, but I'll agree
 10:53:58 **17** with that connotation.
 10:54:00 **18** **Q.** Do you agree that engineers and corporations
 10:54:02 **19** they work for should not suppress research regarding
 10:54:06 **20** human safety?
 10:54:07 **21** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 10:54:08 **22** **A.** I agree.
 10:54:26 **23** **Q.** Now you agree with me that engineers and
 10:54:28 **24** their corporations should warn the public of potential
 10:54:34 **25** error -- of potential dangers of a device that's used

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10:54:38 **1** in the public.

10:54:40 **2** **A.** Yes.

10:54:40 **3** **MR. GOSS:** I'm going to object that

10:54:41 **4** warnings are beyond the scope of his opinions in this

10:54:43 **5** case.

10:54:43 **6** With that objection, you can answer.

10:54:45 **7** **Q.** So you agree?

10:54:46 **8** **A.** Yes.

10:54:51 **9** **Q.** Do you agree with Dr. Kuehn's teaching in

10:54:57 **10** his -- in his PowerPoint that nine of the most

10:55:01 **11** dangerous words in the English language are "if I

10:55:03 **12** ignore it, maybe it'll go away"?

10:55:06 **13** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form.

10:55:09 **14** **A.** I don't even know what you're asking me at

10:55:23 **15** this point.

10:55:25 **16** I don't know anything about Professor

10:55:28 **17** Kuehn's teachings, I have not read his lectures, and

10:55:30 **18** I'm not going to comment on that.

10:55:32 **19** **Q.** Have you read his deposition?

10:55:33 **20** **A.** I read the deposition.

10:55:34 **21** **Q.** Do you remember he said, nine of the most

10:55:35 **22** dangerous words in the English language are, "if I

10:55:39 **23** ignore it, maybe it'll go away"?

10:55:40 **24** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form.

10:55:41 **25** **Q.** Do you remember him saying that in his

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10:55:43 **1** deposition?

10:55:43 **2** **A.** It was a very long deposition. I don't

10:55:45 **3** remember that --

10:55:45 **4** **Q.** Okay.

10:55:45 **5** **A.** -- specific point.

10:55:47 **6** **Q.** If you don't remember, you don't remember.

10:55:48 **7** Now is everything you reviewed in this case,

10:55:58 **8** besi -- I mean, besides the depositions and the expert

10:56:01 **9** reports that we discussed, these documents that were

10:56:04 **10** handed to me today, which we'll mark, and what's in

10:56:08 **11** your references in your report?

10:56:13 **12** **A.** Let's go through that list again, please.

10:56:16 **13** **Q.** Okay. Maybe we'll do this. You re -- Okay.

10:56:19 **14** Let's go to your report. You reviewed all

10:56:20 **15** the references in your report; correct?

10:56:22 **16** **A.** Of course.

10:56:23 **17** **Q.** Okay. And you've also brought to me today

10:56:26 **18** --

10:56:26 **19** **A.** Yes.

10:56:26 **20** **Q.** -- four, five documents --

10:56:27 **21** **A.** Yes.

10:56:27 **22** **Q.** -- that was given to you by counsel --

10:56:27 **23** **A.** Yes.

10:56:29 **24** **Q.** -- this week.

10:56:30 **25** And we talked about the depositions of Kuehn

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10:56:30 **1** --

10:56:41 **2** **MR. ASSAAD:** What were they?

10:56:42 **3** **A.** Yeah.

10:56:43 **4** **Q.** Well the four depositions you've read;

10:56:44 **5** correct?

10:56:46 **6** Correct?

10:56:48 **7** **A.** Yes.

10:56:49 **8** **Q.** Okay.

10:56:51 **9** **A.** And also --

10:56:51 **10** **Q.** Which was -- of Elghobashi and Dan

10:56:53 **11** Koenigshofer; correct?

10:57:00 **12** **A.** Yeah. Kuehn, Elghobashi and Koenigshofer,

10:57:02 **13** those are the three that I read. And the expert

10:57:08 **14** reports.

10:57:08 **15** **Q.** Okay. Is there any documents or research or

10:57:11 **16** references that you reviewed and that you're relying

10:57:15 **17** upon to support your opinions that are not part of the

10:57:18 **18** references in front of me today?

10:57:22 **19** **A.** There were some videos that were -- that I

10:57:24 **20** looked up myself and that were provided to me.

10:57:29 **21** **Q.** What videos?

10:57:31 **22** **A.** And I only know these by -- I don't -- by

10:57:34 **23** particular names, because YouTube videos are kind of

10:57:39 **24** hard to define. But videos showing the use of the

10:57:42 **25** neutral buoyancy bubble technique in investigating

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10:57:48 **1** operating room airflows, and videos showing laser

10:57:53 **2** sheet imaging of -- I believe of neutrally buoyant

10:58:03 **3** bubbles.

10:58:03 **4** **Q.** And when were --

10:58:03 **5** (Interruption by the reporter.)

10:58:04 **6** **Q.** Now when were these videos provided to you?

10:58:08 **7** **A.** Some of these videos were provided to me by

10:58:10 **8** 3M's counsel at the beginning of -- I would say in

10:58:18 **9** early April.

10:58:20 **10** **Q.** Okay.

10:58:22 **11** **A.** But there was a 3M video on draping,

10:58:31 **12** draping, and a video, basically a advertisement of the

10:58:38 **13** HotDog patient warmer.

10:58:47 **14** **Q.** Are you aware of any other patient-warming

10:58:49 **15** systems?

10:58:50 **16** **A.** I saw the names of some others, but I don't

10:58:52 **17** know anything about them.

10:58:53 **18** **Q.** So you don't -- you've never seen the

10:58:55 **19** Mistral system or the Warm Air?

10:58:57 **20** **A.** I have not seen these systems.

10:58:58 **21** **Q.** VitaHEAT, does that sound familiar?

10:59:04 **22** **A.** No, sir.

10:59:07 **23** **Q.** Are you relying on those videos in any way

10:59:09 **24** to support your opinions in this case?

10:59:11 **25** **A.** The ones that I mentioned.

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10:59:12 **1** **Q.** Umm-hmm.
 10:59:14 **2** **A.** The only one of those videos that I'm
 10:59:17 **3** relying to support -- upon to support my case would be
 10:59:21 **4** the draping video that we used in order to understand
 10:59:25 **5** how to drape the patient or the mannequin that we
 10:59:31 **6** used.
 10:59:31 **7** **Q.** What mannequin did you use?
 10:59:36 **8** **A.** I don't have a specific model or
 10:59:39 **9** manufacturer number, I'd have to look that up.
 10:59:42 **10** **Q.** Was it plastic, was it --
 10:59:44 **11** **A.** Plas --
 10:59:44 **12** Foam plastic.
 10:59:48 **13** **Q.** Did you see Abraham's CFD video?
 10:59:58 **14** **A.** Yes. I saw that video.
 10:59:58 **15** **Q.** Okay. Are you familiar with CFD?
 11:00:01 **16** **A.** Yes.
 11:00:02 **17** **Q.** Do you consider yourself an expert in CFD?
 11:00:05 **18** **A.** Let's put it this way. My expertise is in
 11:00:08 **19** experimental fluid dynamics, but I have a familiarity
 11:00:11 **20** with computational fluid dynamics.
 11:00:14 **21** **Q.** So if I asked you to do a CFD model of this
 11:00:21 **22** room with all the bells and whistles such as what
 11:00:23 **23** Elghobashi did, or even Abraham did, is that something
 11:00:26 **24** you could do?
 11:00:28 **25** **A.** Now by myself I would not attempt to do a
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11:00:30 **1** large-scale CFD.
 11:00:33 **2** **Q.** Do you know the difference between RANS, LES
 11:00:36 **3** and DNS?
 11:00:38 **4** **A.** Yes.
 11:00:38 **5** **Q.** Which is the better of the three?
 11:00:41 **6** **A.** "Better." Would you define what you mean by
 11:00:46 **7** "better"?
 11:00:47 **8** **Q.** Which gives you the most realistic,
 11:00:49 **9** real-life results?
 11:00:51 **10** **A.** In -- In what sort of a flow would you be
 11:00:54 **11** asking?
 11:00:54 **12** **Q.** Any flow.
 11:00:57 **13** **A.** Laminar flow.
 11:00:59 **14** **Q.** Any flow; turbulent, laminar, waves in an
 11:01:03 **15** ocean. Any flow.
 11:01:04 **16** Which is the most accurate with respect to
 11:01:06 **17** the modeling and calculations?
 11:01:08 **18** **A.** Well if it's a laminar flow those methods
 11:01:11 **19** don't apply because they're all turbulence modeling
 11:01:14 **20** methods.
 11:01:16 **21** I think I can answer your question. You
 11:01:19 **22** need to --
 11:01:20 **23** **Q.** Okay.
 11:01:21 **24** **A.** It needs to be more specific.
 11:01:22 **25** **Q.** Okay. For turbulent modeling.
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11:01:25 **1** **A.** All right. So then the order of accuracy in
 11:01:30 **2** the case of a complex turbulent flow is RANS,
 11:01:35 **3** Reynolds-averaged Navier-Stokes.
 11:01:38 **4** THE WITNESS: I can spell that if you like.
 11:01:38 **5** THE REPORTER: On a break.
 11:01:38 **6** THE WITNESS: On break.
 11:01:44 **7** **A.** That would be the least accurate for a
 11:01:46 **8** complex turbulent flow. And the next level of
 11:01:50 **9** accuracy would be Large-Eddy Simulation, LES. And the
 11:01:55 **10** most accurate for complex turbulent flow, if it's
 11:01:59 **11** feasible, would be direct numerical simulation, DNS.
 11:02:04 **12** **Q.** Do you know any of your -- any of your
 11:02:05 **13** colleagues do DNS?
 11:02:07 **14** **A.** Yes, I know people who do DNS.
 11:02:09 **15** **Q.** Do you do DNS?
 11:02:10 **16** **A.** No, sir.
 11:02:10 **17** **Q.** Do you do LES?
 11:02:12 **18** **A.** No, I've never done LES.
 11:02:13 **19** **Q.** So you don't hold yourself out as an expert
 11:02:16 **20** with respect to CFD for this case; correct?
 11:02:18 **21** **A.** For --
 11:02:19 **22** **Q.** This case.
 11:02:19 **23** **A.** -- this case.
 11:02:20 **24** No, I don't.
 11:02:21 **25** **Q.** Okay. Have you read Elghobashi's resume,
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11:02:32 **1** Dr. Elghobashi's resume?
 11:02:35 **2** **A.** Not in detail, no.
 11:02:36 **3** **Q.** But you've skimmed it, --
 11:02:37 **4** **A.** Yes.
 11:02:38 **5** **Q.** -- looked at --
 11:02:39 **6** Do you agree that he's an expert with
 11:02:41 **7** respect to particle flow in turbulence?
 11:02:50 **8** **A.** "Particle flow."
 11:02:51 **9** My impression of Dr. Elghobashi is he is an
 11:02:54 **10** expert in computational fluid dynamics.
 11:02:57 **11** **Q.** Okay. Have you heard of the Elghobashi map?
 11:02:59 **12** **A.** Only in that it came up in the deposition
 11:03:03 **13** record.
 11:03:04 **14** **Q.** Do you know that Elghobashi's map is one of
 11:03:07 **15** the crucial mathematical equations used for coupling
 11:03:11 **16** with respect to particle flow that's used today?
 11:03:14 **17** **A.** I was not aware of that.
 11:03:16 **18** **Q.** Do you know the difference between single
 11:03:17 **19** coupling and double coupling with respect to the
 11:03:20 **20** particle flow?
 11:03:20 **21** **A.** I'm not a particle expert.
 11:03:25 **22** **Q.** Okay. Do you agree with me that Dr. Abraham
 11:03:27 **23** is not a particle expert?
 11:03:29 **24** **A.** I can't speak to Dr. Abraham's expertise.
 11:03:32 **25** **Q.** Have you reviewed his resume?
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11:03:34 **1** **A.** No.
 11:03:34 **2** **Q.** Okay. Have you reviewed his report?
 11:03:36 **3** **A.** Yes.
 11:03:37 **4** **Q.** Do you agree that there's nothing in the
 11:03:39 **5** report that shows particle flow, it's mostly just
 11:03:41 **6** streamlines of air; correct?
 11:03:46 **7** **A.** I'm unsure. I know it shows streamlines.
 11:03:48 **8** I'm not sure whether particles were involved.
 11:03:50 **9** **Q.** You agree with me that based on your
 11:03:53 **10** experimental fluid dynamics that particles do not
 11:03:55 **11** follow streamlines or airflow.
 11:03:58 **12** **A.** They can follow.
 11:03:59 **13** **Q.** If they're very small --
 11:04:00 **14** **A.** All right.
 11:04:01 **15** **Q.** -- and they have very little mass; correct?
 11:04:03 **16** **A.** I'll agree with that.
 11:04:05 **17** **Q.** Okay. Particles have inertia.
 11:04:06 **18** **A.** Particles have inertia.
 11:04:08 **19** **Q.** Okay. For example, if I had a 15-micron
 11:04:15 **20** particle that's following the airstream against the
 11:04:18 **21** wall, that particle is going to follow the wall even
 11:04:20 **22** though the airstream might turn down, based on
 11:04:23 **23** inertia; correct?
 11:04:24 **24** **A.** Correct.
 11:04:25 **25** **Q.** Okay.

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11:04:27 **1** MR. GOSS: We've been going about 90
 11:04:29 **2** minutes, if we can take a break when you reach a --
 11:04:29 **3** MR. ASSAAD: Okay.
 11:04:31 **4** MR. GOSS: -- convenient spot, let us know.
 11:04:31 **5** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 11:04:33 **6** **Q.** You agree with me that airstreams or
 11:04:43 **7** pathways with air do not follow turbulence, turbulence
 11:04:48 **8** has an effect on particles as well as the airstream;
 11:04:52 **9** correct?
 11:04:52 **10** **A.** I'm sorry.
 11:04:54 **11** **Q.** That was a bad question. I withdraw that.
 11:04:55 **12** Particles do not follow airstreams. You
 11:04:57 **13** agree with that; correct?
 11:04:59 **14** **A.** They do not necessarily follow air
 11:05:01 **15** streamlines.
 11:05:02 **16** **Q.** Based on the size of the particles.
 11:05:04 **17** **A.** That's right.
 11:05:05 **18** **Q.** Okay. Do you agree with me that turbulence
 11:05:07 **19** also has a significant effect on particles?
 11:05:11 **20** **A.** Turbulence has an effect on particles?
 11:05:13 **21** **Q.** Yes. On the movement of particles.
 11:05:14 **22** **A.** Yes.
 11:05:15 **23** **Q.** Okay. Do you agree with me that in Dr.
 11:05:18 **24** Abraham's report he did not take into effect the way
 11:05:21 **25** turbulence affects particles?

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11:05:22 **1** **A.** I'd have to go back and have a look at Dr.
 11:05:28 **2** Abraham's report to comment on that.
 11:05:30 **3** **Q.** Okay.
 11:05:39 **4** MR. ASSAAD: We can take a break.
 11:05:41 **5** THE REPORTER: Off the record, please.
 11:05:43 **6** (Recess taken from 11:05 to 11:17 a.m.)
 11:05:43 **7** (Settles Exhibits 1 & 2 marked for
 11:05:43 **8** identification.)
 11:05:43 **9** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 11:17:13 **10** **Q.** Mr. Settles, what's been marked as Exhibit 1
 11:17:16 **11** is your expert report that we received on June 2nd,
 11:17:19 **12** 2017. Do you agree with that?
 11:17:23 **13** **A.** One moment, please.
 11:17:36 **14** **Q.** I think if you go to page 12 it will
 11:17:38 **15** indicate that it has the schlieren image of the feet
 11:17:40 **16** and the legs?
 11:17:42 **17** **A.** (Witness reviewing exhibit.) Yes.
 11:17:47 **18** **Q.** Okay. And what's been marked as Exhibit 2,
 11:17:50 **19** also dated June 1st, 2017 is your revised report;
 11:17:53 **20** correct?
 11:17:56 **21** **A.** Well the date's not correct on the revised
 11:17:59 **22** report. This was more like the middle of June.
 11:18:04 **23** **Q.** I agree. I did not -- I did not alter your
 11:18:07 **24** report. This was what was provided to us.
 11:18:09 **25** **A.** Oh, my. Yeah. I see.

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11:18:11 **1** So the date on the cover was not changed.
 11:18:13 **2** **Q.** What should the date be?
 11:18:18 **3** **A.** Approximately June 18. I'm not -- I don't
 11:18:20 **4** have an exact number.
 11:18:24 **5** **Q.** And to be fair, I will look at the file name
 11:18:27 **6** because I believe it has the date on it. [Reviewing
 11:18:27 **7** computer.]
 11:18:33 **8** Does June 15th sound more --
 11:18:35 **9** **A.** Yeah.
 11:18:36 **10** **Q.** -- appropriate?
 11:18:37 **11** That's what's on the name of the file, it
 11:18:40 **12** says revised 15th June 2017?
 11:18:43 **13** **A.** That's fine.
 11:18:43 **14** **Q.** So I'll put June 15th on that.
 11:18:49 **15** (Discussion off the stenographic record.)
 11:18:49 **16** **A.** Should I mark it, or?
 11:18:51 **17** **Q.** No. That's fine. We'll leave it as it is.
 11:18:53 **18** I marked it on mine.
 11:18:55 **19** You understand that the deadline for expert
 11:18:58 **20** reports was June 2nd --
 11:18:58 **21** **A.** I do.
 11:18:59 **22** **Q.** -- in this case; correct?
 11:19:00 **23** And what made you decide to go back and
 11:19:04 **24** check your data in the report?
 11:19:10 **25** **A.** Well it's something that I always do.

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11:19:12 **1** **Q.** But why didn't you do that before you
 11:19:14 **2** submitted your final report?
 11:19:15 **3** **A.** Because I finished writing it just before
 11:19:17 **4** the deadline.
 11:19:19 **5** **Q.** Okay. You weren't given much time to do the
 11:19:22 **6** studies, were you?
 11:19:25 **7** **A.** I -- I wouldn't phrase it that way, but I'd
 11:19:27 **8** say we were -- we were late in the game but we had
 11:19:29 **9** enough time.
 11:19:30 **10** **Q.** And actually you actually put it in your
 11:19:34 **11** notes that there wasn't much time to do the studies.
 11:19:39 **12** **A.** Yeah. I made such --
 11:19:41 **13** Well actually that referred to, if you look
 11:19:43 **14** to those notes, we were trying to decide what we could
 11:19:49 **15** and could not do within the scope of the effort. And
 11:19:54 **16** I was looking at Elghobashi's simulation and saw that
 11:19:57 **17** he had done turbulence intensity in particle motion,
 11:20:01 **18** and that referred to the turbulence intensity, there
 11:20:04 **19** just wasn't any way we were going to make such
 11:20:07 **20** measurements with the -- within the time and scope of
 11:20:09 **21** the effort.
 11:20:11 **22** **Q.** You were retained in April in this case?
 11:20:13 **23** April of this year?
 11:20:14 **24** **A.** Yes.
 11:20:15 **25** **Q.** Okay. And how --

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11:20:18 **1** Did 3M approach you or approach someone at
 11:20:20 **2** FloViz?
 11:20:21 **3** **A.** Me.
 11:20:22 **4** **Q.** Okay. Do you know how 3M found you?
 11:20:26 **5** **A.** I'm the schlieren expert.
 11:20:29 **6** **Q.** Now you looked at the Bair Hugger blanket;
 11:20:31 **7** correct?
 11:20:32 **8** **A.** Oh yes.
 11:20:32 **9** **Q.** Okay. Do you agree with me that there are
 11:20:38 **10** hundreds, if not thousands of perforations in the Bair
 11:20:42 **11** Hugger blanket that air flows out of?
 11:20:44 **12** **A.** Many perforations, yes.
 11:20:46 **13** **Q.** Do you agree with me that the majority of
 11:20:50 **14** the air coming out of the Bair Hugger blanket probably
 11:20:52 **15** goes over the arms and the chest as compared to the
 11:20:56 **16** head and neck?
 11:20:59 **17** MR. GOSS: Objection, foundation. You can
 11:21:01 **18** answer if you -- if you can.
 11:21:04 **19** **A.** I -- We saw air coming out around the head
 11:21:09 **20** and neck, so there's some airflow there.
 11:21:10 **21** **Q.** That wasn't my question, sir.
 11:21:12 **22** **A.** A majority, I can't say for sure.
 11:21:14 **23** **Q.** Okay. But would you agree with me not all
 11:21:16 **24** the air comes out of the head and neck?
 11:21:18 **25** **A.** Not all the air comes out.

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11:21:20 **1** **Q.** Do you agree that's one of the assumptions
 11:21:21 **2** that Dr. Abraham made in his case?
 11:21:24 **3** **A.** If -- If that assumption's made I don't
 11:21:28 **4** think it's correct.
 11:21:28 **5** **Q.** Okay. So you --
 11:21:28 **6** So if Dr. Abraham made that assumption, you
 11:21:31 **7** would agree that that is not a correct assumption with
 11:21:34 **8** respect to how the air flows out of the Bair Hugger
 11:21:37 **9** blanket; correct?
 11:21:39 **10** MR. GOSS: Would you need to review his
 11:21:42 **11** report?
 11:21:42 **12** **Q.** Just assume that that's his assumption. You
 11:21:44 **13** agree that's a faulty assumption.
 11:21:48 **14** **A.** In my report we saw some air coming out
 11:21:52 **15** around the head and neck.
 11:21:53 **16** **Q.** If Dr. Abraham made the assumption that all
 11:21:56 **17** the air that the Bair Hugger generates comes out of
 11:21:59 **18** the head and neck you agree with me that that is an
 11:22:02 **19** incorrect assumption.
 11:22:10 **20** MR. GOSS: Object to form, foundation.
 11:22:13 **21** **A.** To give you an accurate answer I would have
 11:22:18 **22** to go back and look at Dr. Abraham's report.
 11:22:21 **23** **Q.** Assume --
 11:22:23 **24** Would you agree with this statement: All
 11:22:24 **25** the air that the Bair Hugger generates comes out from

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11:22:27 **1** the head and neck area.
 11:22:30 **2** **A.** Not based on the work that I did, no.
 11:22:33 **3** **Q.** And that's because there's holes that go
 11:22:35 **4** along the entire length of the air -- of the blanket,
 11:22:38 **5** correct, of the Bair Hugger?
 11:22:40 **6** **A.** The holes go the entire length of the
 11:22:42 **7** blanket.
 11:22:42 **8** **Q.** Because it's warming the hands and the elbow
 11:22:45 **9** and the shoulders and the chest and the other arms and
 11:22:48 **10** hands; correct?
 11:22:49 **11** Correct?
 11:22:50 **12** **A.** The one we looked at, which is upper body
 11:22:53 **13** with the arms extended, is doing what you just said.
 11:22:55 **14** **Q.** And let's assume for this -- for this -- for
 11:22:57 **15** this day at this deposition, that when I refer to the
 11:23:00 **16** Bair Hugger blanket I'm referring to the 522 -- --
 11:23:00 **17** **A.** Fair. Thank you.
 11:23:04 **18** **Q.** -- upper body blanket. Fair? Okay.
 11:23:06 **19** **A.** Yes.
 11:23:16 **20** **Q.** So have you ever done work for 3M before?
 11:23:19 **21** **A.** No. I gave a seminar at 3M, but that's not
 11:23:23 **22** doing work for them.
 11:23:24 **23** **Q.** When did you do a seminar at 3M?
 11:23:26 **24** **A.** Six years ago.
 11:23:27 **25** **Q.** For what division of 3M?

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11:23:28 **1** **A.** It was the --

11:23:29 **2** It was not for a division, but was for the

11:23:32 **3** 3M Tech Forum, which is a company-wide seminar series,

11:23:39 **4** as I understood.

11:23:40 **5** **Q.** And what was your seminar pertaining to?

11:23:44 **6** **A.** Well schlieren visualization of thermal

11:23:47 **7** flows and such.

11:23:47 **8** **Q.** Do you know whether or not 3M has schlieren

11:23:50 **9** testing in their labs?

11:23:52 **10** **A.** I believe they do have a schlieren optical

11:23:55 **11** system.

11:23:56 **12** **Q.** Okay.

11:24:01 **13** **A.** I saw their system.

11:24:02 **14** **Q.** Have you read Dr. Kuehn's dep -- Kuehn's

11:24:04 **15** deposition where Dr. Kuehn testified that very few

11:24:14 **16** engineers use schlieren testing currently?

11:24:17 **17** **A.** I did see that.

11:24:18 **18** **Q.** Is that a correct statement?

11:24:20 **19** **A.** No.

11:24:21 **20** **Q.** Do you think a lot of engineers use

11:24:23 **21** schlieren testing?

11:24:23 **22** **A.** Yes.

11:24:24 **23** **Q.** Okay. If 3M performed schlieren testing on

11:24:33 **24** the Bair Hugger, would that information be relevant to

11:24:36 **25** you? On the Bair Hugger blanket 522.

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11:24:40 **1** **A.** Well, I'm speculating. I'm not aware that

11:24:45 **2** they performed any schlieren image.

11:24:47 **3** **Q.** But if they did do some testing would that

11:24:49 **4** information be relevant to you?

11:24:50 **5** **A.** I'd have to look at the information in order

11:24:52 **6** to determine relevance.

11:24:58 **7** **Q.** And you agree with me that -- Strike that

11:25:05 **8** question.

11:25:05 **9** Let's touch back on CFD. You criticized

11:25:12 **10** Elghobashi's result because of his vali -- he didn't

11:25:15 **11** do any validation; correct?

11:25:17 **12** **A.** That was one criticism.

11:25:18 **13** **Q.** And you cited an article --

11:25:26 **14** Which report do you want to use for this

11:25:28 **15** case; Exhibit 1 or Exhibit 2?

11:25:33 **16** **A.** Let's use Exhibit 2.

11:25:34 **17** **Q.** Okay. By the way, did the fact that you

11:25:44 **18** were issued a subpoena to produce all your notes and

11:25:46 **19** pictures affect your edits with respect to Exhibit 2?

11:25:51 **20** **A.** No.

11:25:51 **21** **Q.** Okay. So were you expecting a subpoena to

11:25:55 **22** be received that you would have to produce your notes

11:25:57 **23** and pictures in this case?

11:26:00 **24** **A.** Not exactly. I -- I was not.

11:26:07 **25** **Q.** Okay. So if you go to the references in

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11:26:09 **1** Exhibit 2 --

11:26:11 **2** **A.** All right. Page 22?

11:26:13 **3** **Q.** Yes. I want you to turn to reference number

11:26:20 **4** 25.

11:26:22 **5** **A.** Yes.

11:26:25 **6** **Q.** Okay. It says "Verification and validation

11:26:30 **7** in computational fluid dynamics"; correct?

11:26:33 **8** **A.** That is it, yes.

11:26:34 **9** **Q.** Okay. Did you read the entire article?

11:26:35 **10** **A.** I certainly have read it in the past. I

11:26:37 **11** reviewed it for -- recently.

11:26:38 **12** **Q.** Okay. Do you subscribe to the *Progress in*

11:26:42 **13** *Aerospace Sciences*?

11:26:42 **14** **A.** I'm an author of papers in that journal.

11:26:45 **15** **Q.** Do you know Oberkampf or Trucano?

11:26:49 **16** **A.** I know Bill Oberkampf very well. I don't

11:26:52 **17** know Trucano.

11:26:53 **18** **Q.** Did you talk to him about this case?

11:26:54 **19** **A.** No, absolutely not.

11:26:55 **20** **Q.** Did you talk to anybody about this case

11:26:57 **21** except 3M and -- and your colleagues at FloViz?

11:26:59 **22** **A.** No.

11:27:01 **23** **Q.** Okay. What is the difference between

11:27:04 **24** verification and validation?

11:27:06 **25** **A.** All right. This is a complicated subject so

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11:27:15 **1** I'm going to try to give you a concise answer. If a

11:27:22 **2** code is written there is a question in it whether the

11:27:25 **3** equations have been coded correct. And one of the

11:27:30 **4** very first things that has to happen is to verify,

11:27:33 **5** usually by comparing the results of that code with a

11:27:40 **6** known analytical solution of a flow or some

11:27:45 **7** experimental evidence that is beyond reproach in order

11:27:51 **8** to find out whether errors can be found in the code.

11:27:57 **9** And beyond a certain point if the code is -- does a

11:28:02 **10** good job of predicting these unimpeachable sources it

11:28:10 **11** could be said that the code itself has been verified,

11:28:14 **12** or free from errors. That's one step in a big

11:28:18 **13** process.

11:28:18 **14** **Q.** So verification is for the code.

11:28:20 **15** **A.** Yes.

11:28:20 **16** **Q.** Fair enough.

11:28:21 **17** **A.** Yes.

11:28:21 **18** **Q.** Okay. Validation.

11:28:23 **19** **A.** Validation. Now this is where it gets a

11:28:31 **20** little more complicated. There are steps beyond just

11:28:38 **21** the coding of the equations that are absolutely

11:28:41 **22** necessary in order to have a proper computational

11:28:45 **23** simulation. For example, a grid has to be developed

11:28:48 **24** for a particular problem, and if there are problems

11:28:52 **25** with the grid there will be problems with the

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11:28:54 **1** solution. So this goes beyond just the coding of the
 11:28:59 **2** equations. And grid itself is -- it's a long issue in
 11:29:06 **3** the literature.
 11:29:07 **4** **Q.** And meshing is very important; correct?
 11:29:09 **5** **A.** Mesh or grid is very important. It's does
 11:29:12 **6** it converge -- does the code converge with this mesh,
 11:29:16 **7** is the result mesh independent, and is the mesh
 11:29:20 **8** adequately described or adequately built to get a
 11:29:27 **9** proper solution. And this would be a mesh validation
 11:29:33 **10** step or mesh -- mesh verification step.
 11:29:37 **11** And then one has the boundary conditions.
 11:29:41 **12** And the boundary conditions have to be specified in
 11:29:43 **13** order to get a general computational code to produce a
 11:29:48 **14** solution for a specific problem. If the boundary
 11:29:53 **15** conditions are not properly specified, the code will
 11:29:58 **16** solve a different problem than the one at hand.
 11:30:03 **17** And so in validation steps one might test
 11:30:09 **18** the code, the grid, and the boundary conditions to
 11:30:15 **19** predict a flow that has been developed experimentally
 11:30:19 **20** or been measured experimentally as a validation
 11:30:22 **21** experiment, and therefore is available for comparison
 11:30:28 **22** with computational results.
 11:30:34 **23** Is -- Am I answering your question?
 11:30:35 **24** **Q.** I got it.
 11:30:36 **25** So you would agree with me, you have no
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11:30:38 **1** issue with the verification of the code that
 11:30:41 **2** Elghobashi used; correct?
 11:30:44 **3** **A.** I do have issue.
 11:30:45 **4** **Q.** What's the issue with the verification?
 11:30:47 **5** Do you know what code he used?
 11:30:48 **6** **A.** Do I know what?
 11:30:49 **7** **Q.** What code he used.
 11:30:51 **8** **A.** He -- I don't know anything about the code
 11:30:53 **9** except that he was -- it was developed at Stanford and
 11:31:00 **10** it was run for him by a colleague who is no longer at
 11:31:04 **11** his university.
 11:31:05 **12** **Q.** Okay.
 11:31:05 **13** **A.** But it's an LES code.
 11:31:08 **14** **Q.** Okay. And do you know whether or not that
 11:31:10 **15** code has been verified?
 11:31:12 **16** **A.** Oh, all right. I -- I believe that there
 11:31:17 **17** was good evidence that the code had been verified.
 11:31:19 **18** **Q.** Okay. So you have no issue with the code
 11:31:21 **19** being verified by Elghobashi.
 11:31:22 **20** **A.** I am sorry. I have no issue with the
 11:31:24 **21** verification --
 11:31:24 **22** **Q.** Okay.
 11:31:25 **23** **A.** -- of the code. That's right.
 11:31:28 **24** **Q.** Okay. And in fact do you know whether or
 11:31:29 **25** not the code is --
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11:31:32 **1** Do you know the code that Abraham used?
 11:31:35 **2** **A.** I only know that it was a RANS code,
 11:31:39 **3** R-A-N-S.
 11:31:39 **4** **Q.** And why do you think it was RANS?
 11:31:41 **5** **A.** Well I think that's what he said it was.
 11:31:43 **6** **Q.** Okay. Do you think RANS is appropriate to
 11:31:48 **7** run a turbulent model in an operating room?
 11:31:55 **8** **A.** That is --
 11:31:58 **9** That's an oversimplifi --
 11:32:00 **10** oversimplification, but okay.
 11:32:03 **11** Many, many solutions of many flows are run
 11:32:06 **12** with Reynolds-averaged Navier-Stokes codes and
 11:32:13 **13** reasonable solutions are obtained even though there
 11:32:17 **14** are some pretty serious approximations in there.
 11:32:21 **15** **Q.** You agree with me that a lot of the code
 11:32:22 **16** that's used by RANS is usually verified by LES first.
 11:32:28 **17** **A.** In my experience of u -- the verification is
 11:32:32 **18** usually by experiment. Nowadays you can verify a
 11:32:36 **19** simpler code like RANS by running an LES code to
 11:32:41 **20** compare with it.
 11:32:41 **21** **Q.** And the same thing: You could verify an LES
 11:32:44 **22** code by running a DNS code.
 11:32:46 **23** **A.** If it was possible to do so, yes.
 11:32:48 **24** **Q.** Okay. And it seems like you're very
 11:32:52 **25** familiar with the different types of modeling. You
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11:32:55 **1** agree with me that DNS code has limitations, and the
 11:32:57 **2** main limitation is computer cores.
 11:33:02 **3** **A.** Or to put it another way, that in this era
 11:33:07 **4** it will only handle low Reynolds number flows, and you
 11:33:12 **5** couldn't use a DNS code to compute flow over a
 11:33:16 **6** full-scale jet liner.
 11:33:17 **7** **Q.** Because the -- the ability to compute is
 11:33:20 **8** based on the cube of the Reynolds number; correct?
 11:33:22 **9** **A.** Yes.
 11:33:26 **10** **Q.** Okay. So you agree with me that the --
 11:33:30 **11** You understand that Elghobashi used LES;
 11:33:32 **12** correct?
 11:33:32 **13** **A.** I do.
 11:33:33 **14** **Q.** You agree that the LES is more accurate than
 11:33:35 **15** the RANS, which you've testified earlier.
 11:33:38 **16** **A.** In -- In many cases, yes. I'm not certain
 11:33:42 **17** that LES is required for the solution of flows in an
 11:33:47 **18** operating room, but it certainly wouldn't be a poorer
 11:33:50 **19** solution than a RANS solution.
 11:33:52 **20** **Q.** Okay. You understand that Elghobashi
 11:33:56 **21** testified that it was the turbulence that had a major
 11:34:02 **22** effect -- the turbulence intensity which had an effect
 11:34:04 **23** on the particle movement in the operating room. You
 11:34:06 **24** understand that; correct?
 11:34:07 **25** **A.** I do.
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11:34:07 **1 Q.** And you agree with me that LES is much more
 11:34:09 **2** accurate with respect -- with respect to turbulence
 11:34:12 **3** than RANS.
 11:34:14 **4 A.** It is more accurate than RANS.
 11:34:16 **5 Q.** Okay. And also a very important thing with
 11:34:18 **6** LES is what you use for the sub-grid; correct?
 11:34:20 **7 A.** Yes.
 11:34:22 **8 Q.** Do you know what the sub-grid is?
 11:34:24 **9 A.** Yes.
 11:34:24 **10 Q.** Okay. Do you know what Abraham used for the
 11:34:25 **11** sub-grid?
 11:34:26 **12 A.** I don't.
 11:34:26 **13 Q.** Okay.
 11:34:27 **14 A.** But if I'm -- if Abraham used a RANS model,
 11:34:33 **15** there is no sub-grid.
 11:34:35 **16 Q.** Okay.
 11:34:36 **17 A.** That's an LES term.
 11:34:37 **18 Q.** Can you take a RANS model and just say let's
 11:34:43 **19** do LES on it, or do you have to change the mesh? If
 11:34:47 **20** you know. If you don't know, that's fine.
 11:34:51 **21 A.** I believe you -- you have to change the
 11:34:54 **22** code, --
 11:34:55 **23 Q.** The code --
 11:34:56 **24 A.** -- not the mesh.
 11:34:57 **25 Q.** -- and the mesh?

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11:34:58 **1 MR. GOSS:** I'm just going to object that
 11:34:59 **2** we're getting beyond the scope of his opinions. I
 11:35:02 **3** think in his report he talks about his criticism of
 11:35:06 **4** Elghobashi being the experimental validation and the
 11:35:09 **5** boundary conditions.
 11:35:11 **6** If you know the answer, go ahead.
 11:35:13 **7 Q.** Well let's back up a little bit.
 11:35:14 **8** You want to be objective; correct?
 11:35:15 **9 A.** I do want to be objective.
 11:35:17 **10 Q.** And if you want to -- if you're going to
 11:35:20 **11** criticize Plaintiffs' CFD expert, you should be able
 11:35:20 **12** to criticize defense CFD expert; correct?
 11:35:20 **13 A.** Yes.
 11:35:29 **14 Q.** That's being objective; correct?
 11:35:29 **15** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 11:35:29 **16** THE REPORTER: If you're going to
 11:35:29 **17** criticize?
 11:35:30 **18 Q.** -- Plaintiffs' CFD expert, you must
 11:35:31 **19** criticize the defense CFD expert.
 11:35:33 **20** That's part of being objective; correct?
 11:35:35 **21 A.** Yes.
 11:35:36 **22 Q.** Part of being impartial; correct?
 11:35:37 **23 A.** Yes.
 11:35:38 **24 Q.** You're not sitting here being an advocate
 11:35:40 **25** for the defense in this case.

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11:35:41 **1 A.** I am not.
 11:35:42 **2 Q.** Okay. Now we've talked about you agree that
 11:35:45 **3** Elghobashi's code has been verified; correct?
 11:35:48 **4 A.** The code itself, yes.
 11:35:49 **5 Q.** Okay. The validation. Now do you think
 11:35:56 **6** that the paper written by Oberkampf and Trucano,
 11:36:06 **7** reference number 25, states that in every single situ
 11:36:09 **8** -- in every single complex system that validation
 11:36:21 **9** requires actual measurements?
 11:36:27 **10 A.** "Every single complex system."
 11:36:29 **11 Q.** Yes.
 11:36:33 **12 A.** I think there might be some particular
 11:36:39 **13** complex systems that experimental measurements were
 11:36:42 **14** not required.
 11:36:43 **15 MR. GOSS:** The question was specific to the
 11:36:45 **16** Oberkampf paper, number 25; right?
 11:36:48 **17 MR. ASSAAD:** Yes.
 11:36:49 **18 A.** But that's a detail in that paper that I
 11:36:51 **19** would have to go back and review in order to give a
 11:36:54 **20** definitive answer. That's a big paper.
 11:37:00 **21 Q.** And you've read the entire thing before you
 11:37:02 **22** cited it?
 11:37:02 **23 A.** I have read it, yes, but I only skimmed it
 11:37:06 **24** in preparation for this deposition.
 11:37:27 **25 Q.** Go to page 18 of Exhibit 2. You say "there

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11:37:36 **1** is no validation experiment" under number 1 of your
 11:37:39 **2** criticism of Elghobashi; correct?
 11:37:40 **3 A.** Yes.
 11:37:42 **4 Q.** And then it states: "The CFD simulation of
 11:37:45 **5** turbulent flows without any experimental validation is
 11:37:48 **6** automatically suspect in the fluid dynamics community,
 11:37:52 **7** and is generally not considered publishable until at
 11:37:55 **8** least some comparative experimental data becomes
 11:37:56 **9** available."
 11:37:57 **10 A.** Yes.
 11:37:57 **11 Q.** Do you believe that's cited in this paper?
 11:38:00 **12 A.** I'm sorry. "Cited." How do you mean
 11:38:02 **13** "cited"?
 11:38:03 **14 Q.** Like you -- where can I find --
 11:38:03 **15 A.** All right.
 11:38:05 **16 Q.** -- your reliance on that in this paper?
 11:38:07 **17 A.** Look at the --
 11:38:08 **18** If you look at the journals of societies
 11:38:11 **19** like American Institute of Aeronautics and
 11:38:14 **20** Astronautics, and the Journals of ASME I believe you
 11:38:18 **21** will find a policy -- and let's say, also, Journal of
 11:38:21 **22** Fluid Mechanics --
 11:38:22 **23 Q.** Can I just stop you right there and let me
 11:38:25 **24** interrupt? And I think Mr. Goss understands why I'm
 11:38:26 **25** interrupting you.

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11:38:27 **1** You cited the paper by Oberkampf and Trucano
 11:38:34 **2** for that statement that, "The CFD simulation of
 11:38:39 **3** turbulent flows without any experimental validation is
 11:38:41 **4** automatically suspect in the fluid dynamics community,
 11:38:45 **5** and it's generally not considered publishable until at
 11:38:49 **6** least some comparative experimental data becomes
 11:38:51 **7** available."

11:38:51 **8** Is that in this paper that you've cited?

11:38:57 **9** **A.** I cited the paper as a general reference on
 11:39:00 **10** validation and verification, and I believe that that
 11:39:06 **11** is largely correct.

11:39:11 **12** Certainly in my experience over a period of
 11:39:14 **13** years with experimental and computational fluid
 11:39:18 **14** dynamics --

11:39:19 **15** MR. GOSS: He just asked you what is in the
 11:39:20 **16** paper. And if you know, you can answer; if you
 11:39:22 **17** don't, then say so.

11:39:23 **18** **Q.** You understand when you write --

11:39:24 **19** You've done many research papers before;
 11:39:26 **20** correct?

11:39:26 **21** **A.** I have.

11:39:27 **22** **Q.** And when you cite to something you're
 11:39:29 **23** basically saying that this paper states what you're
 11:39:32 **24** citing to; correct?

11:39:34 **25** "Yes" or "no"? Correct?

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11:39:35 **1** **A.** Yes.

11:39:36 **2** **Q.** Okay. So you're citing to number 25, this
 11:39:39 **3** paper, under page 18 of Exhibit 2, to say, "The CFD
 11:39:44 **4** simulation of turbulent flows without any experimental
 11:39:46 **5** validation is automatically suspect in the fluid
 11:39:50 **6** dynamics community, and is generally not considered
 11:39:53 **7** publishable until at least some comparative
 11:39:56 **8** experimental data becomes available."

11:39:57 **9** Is that stated in that paper? Do you know,
 11:39:59 **10** sitting here today?

11:40:01 **11** **A.** I would have to go back and check the paper.

11:40:02 **12** **Q.** Okay.

11:40:03 **13** **A.** I cited that reference as the foremost
 11:40:06 **14** reference on validation/verification of CFD.

11:40:10 **15** **Q.** Well are you saying you're citing stuff
 11:40:11 **16** without being sure what's in it? Is that what you're
 11:40:14 **17** telling me today?

11:40:15 **18** MR. GOSS: Objection, argumentative.

11:40:17 **19** **Q.** I mean, Dr. Settles, by you citing it you're
 11:40:21 **20** basically telling the scientific community that this
 11:40:26 **21** statement is in that paper; aren't you?

11:40:28 **22** **A.** I think that that's the general -- the gist
 11:40:30 **23** of the paper is that, but in recent years, with the
 11:40:33 **24** development of LES and DNS, there may be some
 11:40:38 **25** occasions where the more advanced solutions could be

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11:40:41 **1** used, like DNS, for partial verification of a LES
 11:40:48 **2** solution.

11:40:51 **3** Being old school myself, I believe in
 11:40:54 **4** experimental verification. As far as I know, there is
 11:40:56 **5** no experimental verification for the flow in a
 11:41:04 **6** operating room.

11:41:04 **7** (Interruption by the reporter.)

11:41:05 **8** **Q.** Do you agree with this statement: Because
 11:41:08 **9** of the infeasibility and impracticability of conducting
 11:41:13 **10** true validation experiments on most complex systems,
 11:41:16 **11** the recommended method is to use a building-block
 11:41:19 **12** approach?

11:41:21 **13** Do you know what a building-block approach
 11:41:22 **14** is?

11:41:23 **15** **A.** Step-by-step.

11:41:24 **16** **Q.** Okay. You're a member of the AIAA; correct?

11:41:29 **17** **A.** I am.

11:41:30 **18** **Q.** Okay. Continue.

11:41:33 **19** Do you agree with that statement?

11:41:38 **20** **A.** Would you read the statement again, please?

11:41:39 **21** **Q.** Because of the infeasibility and
 11:41:41 **22** impracticability of conducting true validation
 11:41:46 **23** experience on most complex systems, the recommended
 11:41:49 **24** method is to use a building-block approach.

11:41:51 **25** **A.** I don't agree with that statement.

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11:41:53 **1** **Q.** Okay. So if that statement is in this
 11:41:55 **2** paper, you would disagree with it.

11:41:57 **3** **A.** I disagree with that statement, yes.

11:41:59 **4** **Q.** Okay. Okay. Do you believe this statement
 11:42:00 **5** in this paper of reference 25 is authoritative?

11:42:03 **6** **A.** Yes.

11:42:03 **7** **Q.** Okay. Continue on.

11:42:06 **8** "This approach divides the complex
 11:42:08 **9** engineering system of interest into three, or more,
 11:42:12 **10** progressively simple tiers: subsystem cases, benchmark
 11:42:19 **11** cases, and unit problems."

11:42:21 **12** Do you agree with that?

11:42:22 **13** **A.** What was the last one?

11:42:25 **14** **Q.** "This approach divides the complex
 11:42:27 **15** engineering system of interest into three, or more,
 11:42:30 **16** progressively simple tiers: subsystem cases, benchmark
 11:42:37 **17** cases, and unit problems."

11:42:40 **18** Do you agree with that?

11:42:41 **19** **A.** "Unit problems." All right.

11:43:08 **20** I think I'd have to see the context on that
 11:43:10 **21** before I could give you a -- a yes-or-no answer.

11:43:14 **22** **Q.** You're a member --

11:43:15 **23** As you said, you're a member of the AIAA;
 11:43:17 **24** correct?

11:43:17 **25** **A.** That's correct.

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11:43:18 **1** **Q.** And they have actually discussed
 11:43:19 **2** verification and validation in their literature;
 11:43:22 **3** correct?
 11:43:23 **4** **A.** That is correct.
 11:43:23 **5** **Q.** Okay. And they have an AIAA Guide; correct?
 11:43:27 **6** **A.** Yes.
 11:43:27 **7** **Q.** And actually the AIAA doesn't use the term
 11:43:32 **8** "building-block tiers," it actually refers to them as
 11:43:34 **9** "phases." Are you familiar with that?
 11:43:36 **10** **A.** Phases, building blocks, step-by-step, yeah.
 11:43:45 **11** **Q.** Do you understand that if a code -- Strike
 11:43:51 **12** that.
 11:43:51 **13** A code could be validated by performing
 11:43:55 **14** experimental data and testing it on more complex
 11:43:58 **15** systems than what you are actually doing your modeling
 11:44:02 **16** on.
 11:44:02 **17** **A.** "More complex systems."
 11:44:04 **18** **Q.** Yes.
 11:44:09 **19** **A.** In other words --
 11:44:22 **20** Can I rephrase this, or?
 11:44:24 **21** **Q.** Let me -- Let me --
 11:44:26 **22** Let me make it simpler.
 11:44:27 **23** **A.** Yeah.
 11:44:32 **24** **Q.** If I modeled this room and I had 10 air
 11:44:36 **25** supplies and five air returns and 15 people in here
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11:44:41 **1** and a bunch of equipment and I modeled it and I tested
 11:44:44 **2** it and the code was verified and validated based on
 11:44:50 **3** the testing, that therefore if I run the same -- use
 11:44:56 **4** the same exact code for a room this size with just one
 11:45:00 **5** air supply, one air return, and only one person in
 11:45:04 **6** here --
 11:45:04 **7** **A.** All right.
 11:45:05 **8** **Q.** -- that the code is -- that that -- that
 11:45:08 **9** solution is still validated?
 11:45:11 **10** **A.** Since the code was run on a more complex
 11:45:14 **11** system of similar type, that could be used as a
 11:45:16 **12** validation.
 11:45:17 **13** **Q.** Okay. So the mere fact --
 11:45:20 **14** So you would agree with me that if
 11:45:23 **15** Elghobashi's code, the one he used, was validated on a
 11:45:26 **16** more complex system than what was done in this case,
 11:45:33 **17** that in the CFD community they would consider that
 11:45:36 **18** validated.
 11:45:37 **19** **A.** It would have to be a more complex system of
 11:45:42 **20** the same type as the ventilation flow in an operating
 11:45:46 **21** room, not a jet engine combustor or some such.
 11:45:51 **22** **Q.** Same physics. Ver --
 11:45:55 **23** According to this paper, verification is
 11:45:57 **24** comparing physics, vali -- or, I'm sorry.
 11:45:59 **25** Verification is comparing mathematics,
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11:46:02 **1** validation is testing the physics; correct?
 11:46:05 **2** **A.** All right. The -- What I'm saying is if you
 11:46:07 **3** want to do this with an operating room you need to
 11:46:12 **4** find a room ventilation example that is more
 11:46:16 **5** complicated than the operating room to be able to
 11:46:19 **6** claim that my code works for the more complicated
 11:46:23 **7** case, it should then work for the less complicated
 11:46:26 **8** case.
 11:46:27 **9** **Q.** Could a clean room suffice?
 11:46:29 **10** **A.** Maybe.
 11:46:30 **11** **Q.** Okay. Isolation room?
 11:46:33 **12** **A.** Don't know about that.
 11:46:33 **13** **Q.** Okay.
 11:46:34 **14** **A.** Maybe, maybe not.
 11:46:36 **15** **Q.** But it's mainly testing the code, the math
 11:46:41 **16** and the physics, that's the verification and
 11:46:43 **17** validation; correct?
 11:46:44 **18** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 11:46:46 **19** **Q.** According to your paper that you --
 11:46:47 **20** According to the paper that was cited.
 11:46:49 **21** **A.** Testing the ability of the code to predict a
 11:46:53 **22** complex turbulent flow, which is a very difficult
 11:46:57 **23** thing to do.
 11:47:07 **24** **Q.** So you would agree with me if Elghobashi,
 11:47:12 **25** Dr. Elghobashi provides data that this code was
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11:47:18 **1** verified and validated for a more complex system with
 11:47:24 **2** the same types of physics, airflow, turbulence,
 11:47:28 **3** particle flow, et cetera, that you would have no
 11:47:33 **4** criticism of the validation.
 11:47:36 **5** **A.** I'm not going to agree with that, and I can
 11:47:39 **6** explain why.
 11:47:41 **7** **Q.** Sure.
 11:47:41 **8** **A.** That could be a part of the validation, but
 11:47:45 **9** I still think that it overlooks the obvious step of
 11:47:50 **10** making some measurements, it could be simple
 11:47:52 **11** measurements, in an operating room for a direct CFD
 11:47:59 **12** experiment comparison.
 11:48:00 **13** **Q.** Okay. So you still think you'd need
 11:48:04 **14** measurements in an operating room; correct?
 11:48:06 **15** **A.** I'm an experimentalist.
 11:48:08 **16** **Q.** How much would it cost to make accurate
 11:48:10 **17** measurements in an operating room, like accurate that
 11:48:13 **18** would actually show turbulence and velocity fields and
 11:48:16 **19** everything like that?
 11:48:17 **20** **A.** Once again, a step-by-step approach would
 11:48:20 **21** take mean flow measurements, temperature and velocity,
 11:48:24 **22** and then would step up to turbulence intensity
 11:48:28 **23** measurements and so forth. But until you verified the
 11:48:31 **24** mean flow, there's no point in using complex and
 11:48:36 **25** expensive instruments to get turbulence intensities.
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11:48:41 **1** **Q.** You're not a particle expert; correct?

11:48:44 **2** **A.** No.

11:48:45 **3** **Q.** Okay.

11:48:52 **4** (Interruption by the reporter.)

11:49:02 **5** **Q.** You agree with me that reference number 25

11:50:11 **6** has no discussion on whether or not a paper is

11:50:14 **7** publishable or not, according to what you cite it for.

11:50:18 **8** **A.** I'm sorry. That last phrase was?

11:50:20 **9** **Q.** "According to what you cite it for."

11:50:22 **10** **A.** Repeat the question.

11:50:24 **11** **Q.** You say, generally --

11:50:25 **12** You say, on number 18, item number 1, that

11:50:29 **13** without validation in the fluid dynamics community, a

11:50:33 **14** paper is not publishable unless there's experimental

11:50:35 **15** data; correct?

11:50:37 **16** **A.** That's the traditional view, yes.

11:50:38 **17** **Q.** But there's no way --

11:50:41 **18** I mean, I'll represent to you that I did a

11:50:44 **19** word search and typed in the word publish --

11:50:48 **20** publishable, you know, P-U-B-L-I, and the only thing

11:50:52 **21** that came up was where it says 2002 published by

11:50:57 **22** Elsevier Science.

11:50:59 **23** Do you recall even seeing that statement in

11:51:01 **24** reference 25?

11:51:02 **25** **A.** Once again I cited reference 25 as a general
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11:51:05 **1** reference on validation and verification, but the

11:51:10 **2** comment also speaks to the scientific journals which

11:51:14 **3** -- some of which, like AIAA Journal and *Journal of*

11:51:19 **4** *Fluid Mechanics*, have policies that prevent the

11:51:20 **5** publication of pure CFD results with no comparison to

11:51:26 **6** experimental data or some other reasonable

11:51:31 **7** verification.

11:51:31 **8** **Q.** Do you have those here today?

11:51:32 **9** **A.** I do not.

11:51:33 **10** **Q.** You understand that today's my day to get

11:51:35 **11** your opinions and your --

11:51:35 **12** **A.** I --

11:51:36 **13** **Q.** -- methodology and basis; correct?

11:51:37 **14** **A.** -- understand that.

11:51:37 **15** So I just gave you the sources.

11:51:39 **16** MR. GOSS: Let him finish his question

11:51:41 **17** before you start to answer.

11:51:41 **18** THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.

11:51:42 **19** **Q.** You understand that.

11:51:42 **20** **A.** Say again.

11:51:43 **21** **Q.** And you understand your deadline for the

11:51:45 **22** expert report was June 2nd. You understand that;

11:51:46 **23** correct?

11:51:47 **24** **A.** I understand that.

11:51:47 **25** **Q.** And you had the opportunity to put those
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11:51:49 **1** sources in your references and cite to them in your

11:51:51 **2** report; correct?

11:51:52 **3** **A.** Correct.

11:51:53 **4** **Q.** And you fai --

11:51:53 **5** And you did not do so; did you?

11:51:56 **6** **A.** The journal.

11:51:57 **7** **Q.** You do not cite those journals in this --

11:51:57 **8** **A.** I did not cite those journals.

11:51:59 **9** **Q.** -- report; correct?

11:52:01 **10** **A.** I did not cite those journals.

11:52:03 **11** **Q.** And you agree with me that what you cite in

11:52:05 **12** under number 1, reference 25, does not say that; does

11:52:08 **13** it, Mr. Settles?

11:52:10 **14** **A.** I don't know. I'd have to check it.

11:52:12 **15** I did cite a number of references in

11:52:14 **16** journals that have such a compu -- a computational

11:52:18 **17** policy, I believe.

11:52:20 **18** Let me check my reference list.

11:52:22 **19** **Q.** You know, I will give you this article at

11:52:24 **20** lunchtime, and if you could tell me where it says

11:52:26 **21** something's not publishable, you know, unless --

11:52:31 **22** unless there's validation, I'd like you to show it to

11:52:35 **23** me after lunch. But I'm not going to have you go

11:52:38 **24** through a 50-page paper that you've said you read and

11:52:42 **25** know and have cited for you to find something that you
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11:52:44 **1** are even at this point unsure whether or not it exists

11:52:47 **2** in the paper. Let's move on.

11:53:07 **3** Why were you given the Dasari paper?

11:53:10 **4** MR. GOSS: Objection, calls for

11:53:12 **5** speculation.

11:53:16 **6** **Q.** Do you know what the Dasari paper is?

11:53:18 **7** **A.** Yes.

11:53:19 **8** **Q.** Okay. When did you first receive the Dasari

11:53:21 **9** paper?

11:53:22 **10** **A.** Recently. Last few days.

11:53:23 **11** **Q.** Yesterday, or Sunday?

11:53:25 **12** **A.** Perhaps yesterday. Well I --

11:53:26 **13** **Q.** Did you say you can't remember if it was

11:53:29 **14** yesterday or Sunday?

11:53:33 **15** **A.** Dasari. Yesterday, I think.

11:53:35 **16** **Q.** Okay. How long did you meet with Mr. Goss

11:53:37 **17** yesterday?

11:53:39 **18** **A.** How long?

11:53:39 **19** **Q.** Yes.

11:53:40 **20** **A.** I don't think I have to talk about

11:53:46 **21** discussions with --

11:53:48 **22** MR. GOSS: You can answer.

11:53:49 **23** **Q.** Listen, sir, let's be clear here. Unless

11:53:52 **24** your attorney tells you not to answer a question, your

11:53:55 **25** job is to answer questions here today. Do you
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11:53:57 **1** understand that?

11:53:59 **2** **A.** I think I've been answering your questions,

11:54:01 **3** sir.

11:54:01 **4** **Q.** Okay. So don't tell me I'm not going to

11:54:03 **5** answer a question unless he tells you not to answer a

11:54:06 **6** question.

11:54:06 **7** How long did you spend with Mr. Goss

11:54:08 **8** preparing for today?

11:54:09 **9** **A.** He and I had discussions yesterday, all day.

11:54:11 **10** **Q.** Eight hours, 10 hours, 12 hours?

11:54:16 **11** **A.** Might have been eight hours.

11:54:17 **12** **Q.** What time'd you start?

11:54:20 **13** **A.** Nine o'clock in the morning.

11:54:22 **14** **Q.** And what time did you finish?

11:54:27 **15** **A.** Probably about 10 p.m., but it was not a

11:54:30 **16** continuous thing. I mean, there were meals and so

11:54:32 **17** forth.

11:54:33 **18** **Q.** So that's about 11 hours, minus meals and

11:54:35 **19** breaks.

11:54:36 **20** **A.** Okay.

11:54:37 **21** **Q.** Fair enough?

11:54:37 **22** **A.** Fair enough.

11:54:38 **23** **Q.** Okay. Did you meet with Mr. Goss since you

11:54:42 **24** submitted your report, or anyone from 3M since June

11:54:45 **25** 2nd?

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11:54:47 **1** **A.** Personal meeting?

11:54:47 **2** **Q.** Yes.

11:54:48 **3** **A.** No.

11:54:51 **4** **Q.** Okay. And the first time you received this

11:54:53 **5** was -- the Dasari, was yesterday.

11:54:57 **6** **A.** I think that's right.

11:54:58 **7** **Q.** Okay.

11:54:59 **8** **A.** Yeah.

11:55:00 **9** **Q.** Did you discuss this article?

11:55:02 **10** **A.** Yes.

11:55:02 **11** **Q.** Okay. Did you read this article?

11:55:05 **12** **A.** I scanned the article.

11:55:07 **13** **Q.** Okay. Do you disagree with the results of

11:55:11 **14** the article?

11:55:11 **15** **A.** Could I see it?

11:55:13 **16** MR. ASSAAD: Let's mark this as Exhibit

11:55:14 **17** Number 3?

11:55:15 **18** THE REPORTER: Three.

11:55:25 **19** (Settles Exhibit 3 marked for

11:55:29 **20** identification.)

11:55:29 **21** **A.** So your question is do I disagree with the

11:55:32 **22** results of this article?

11:55:32 **23** **Q.** Yeah.

11:55:33 **24** **A.** No. My impression of the article is that it

11:55:38 **25** looks at a different problem than the one at hand.

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11:55:42 **1** **Q.** Okay.

11:55:42 **2** **A.** Because it looks at a -- a full-body warming

11:55:47 **3** blanket. So it's difficult for me to get -- to get

11:55:52 **4** any direct comparison.

11:55:54 **5** **Q.** Okay. If there was a peer-reviewed article

11:55:57 **6** out there that indicated that when the upper body

11:56:04 **7** blanket increased the temperature above the patient,

11:56:19 **8** would that be relevant to your -- to your testing and

11:56:22 **9** study and your report?

11:56:44 **10** **A.** I'm having difficulty answering that

11:56:45 **11** question the way it's phrased.

11:56:48 **12** **Q.** Well --

11:56:52 **13** **A.** Increase the temperature when it's --

11:56:54 **14** compared to what?

11:56:54 **15** **Q.** Let --

11:56:55 **16** Compared to before the Bair Hugger was

11:56:56 **17** turned on.

11:56:57 **18** **A.** Oh.

11:57:00 **19** **Q.** Let me withdraw that question.

11:57:01 **20** Based on your measurements, the temperature

11:57:04 **21** above the -- on top of the drape was 18 degrees

11:57:11 **22** Celsius; correct?

11:57:12 **23** **A.** Well the temperature --

11:57:13 **24** These are shown in the diagram. The

11:57:15 **25** temperature above the drape at the knee was 18 degrees

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11:57:20 **1** Celsius.

11:57:21 **2** **Q.** Okay. If there was testing done that showed

11:57:26 **3** that the Delta -- You only see a one degree Delta

11:57:31 **4** there, correct, between ambient and the temperature.

11:57:34 **5** **A.** That's right.

11:57:34 **6** **Q.** Okay. If the testing was done that showed a

11:57:38 **7** four- or five-degree change in temperature when the

11:57:40 **8** Bair Hugger was turned on compared to when it was off,

11:57:43 **9** would that be relevant to your -- to your report?

11:57:52 **10** **A.** I think it would --

11:57:53 **11** MR. GOSS: I'm going to object that it

11:57:54 **12** calls for speculation. You can answer.

11:57:57 **13** **A.** -- peripherally.

11:57:59 **14** **Q.** Okay.

11:58:03 **15** **A.** In other words, not directly relevant.

11:58:07 **16** **Q.** Were you asked to compare the Bair Hugger to

11:58:09 **17** the HotDog, or was that something you came up on your

11:58:12 **18** own?

11:58:14 **19** **A.** Well I think from my --

11:58:17 **20** **Q.** It's a simple question.

11:58:20 **21** Did they ask you to do it, or did you come

11:58:20 **22** up with it on your own?

11:58:21 **23** **A.** I came up with that on my own.

11:58:23 **24** **Q.** Okay. How'd you know about the HotDog?

11:58:25 **25** **A.** Because I saw the literature on the HotDog,

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11:58:30 **1** the videos and the other things that we've mentioned.
 11:58:32 **2 Q.** What do you know about Dr. Augustine?
 11:58:35 **3 A.** Not too much.
 11:58:37 **4 Q.** Were you provided any information about Dr.
 11:58:39 **5** Augustine?
 11:58:39 **6 A.** Some information.
 11:58:40 **7 Q.** What information were you provided?
 11:58:41 **8 A.** I believe that he originally invented the
 11:58:45 **9** Bair Hugger, and now is aligned with the plaintiffs,
 11:58:53 **10** who --
 11:58:55 **11 Q.** Who told you they're aligned with the
 11:58:57 **12** plaintiffs?
 11:58:57 **13 A.** That's just what I've gathered.
 11:58:58 **14 Q.** From who?
 11:59:00 **15 A.** What I saw in case reports and this sort of
 11:59:05 **16** thing on the internet.
 11:59:07 **17 Q.** What in the internet indicates that Dr.
 11:59:09 **18** Augustine's aligned with the plaintiffs in this case?
 11:59:16 **19 A.** I don't have a specific, so I -- I should
 11:59:20 **20** withdraw that answer.
 11:59:21 **21 Q.** Okay. Because you have no basis --
 11:59:23 **22 A.** I don't have a basis. I don't have who he's
 11:59:25 **23** aligned with.
 11:59:26 **24 Q.** Okay. I mean, this case is basically a
 11:59:30 **25** scientific problem. You'd agree?

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12:00:52 **1** tests and particle tests that the Bair Hugger, when
 12:00:54 **2** it's turned on, has an effect on the airflow in an
 12:00:58 **3** operating room.
 12:00:59 **4** MR. GOSS: If you need to see the paper,
 12:01:01 **5** let him know; otherwise you can answer the question
 12:01:03 **6** as it was asked.
 12:01:04 **7** MR. ASSAAD: Well if he needs to see
 12:01:05 **8** anything he can let me know, but you don't have to
 12:01:08 **9** coach him, Peter.
 12:01:09 **10 A.** I'm --
 12:01:11 **11** What I'm getting at here is is this a
 12:01:12 **12** yes-or-no question, or can I give you an --
 12:01:16 **13** MR. GOSS: You can answer, to the best of
 12:01:17 **14** your ability, his question.
 12:01:19 **15** THE WITNESS: Answer to the best of my
 12:01:20 **16** ability.
 12:01:21 **17** MR. GOSS: You don't have to ask him any
 12:01:23 **18** questions.
 12:01:23 **19 A.** And it harks back to an earlier issue, does
 12:01:26 **20** the temperature increase when the Bair Hugger is
 12:01:27 **21** turned on.
 12:01:28 **22** I believe that the temperature probably
 12:01:30 **23** increases when any warming blanket is turned on
 12:01:34 **24** compared to the case when it's not off. And --
 12:01:39 **25 Q.** And --

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11:59:32 **1 A.** As far as I'm concerned, yes.
 11:59:33 **2 Q.** Okay. It doesn't matter --
 11:59:34 **3 A.** A public-safety problem.
 11:59:35 **4 Q.** A public-safety issue; correct?
 11:59:37 **5 A.** Yes.
 11:59:37 **6 Q.** By the way, let me ask you a question. If
 11:59:39 **7** during this deposition I show you something or we
 11:59:43 **8** discuss something that may change your opinions in
 11:59:49 **9** this case, would you let me know even though you're
 11:59:51 **10** working for 3M, if it's going to hurt 3M?
 11:59:55 **11 A.** If you provided me information that changed
 11:59:57 **12** my opinions, yes.
 11:59:58 **13 Q.** Okay. You're aware there were studies done,
 12:00:18 **14** I see some here like the Legg studies, dealing with
 12:00:21 **15** particle counts and bubble tests; correct?
 12:00:25 **16 A.** Yes, I am.
 12:00:25 **17 Q.** And all those indicated increased particles
 12:00:27 **18** and bubbles over the surgical site; correct?
 12:00:31 **19 A.** Increased particles and bubbles in what
 12:00:35 **20** circumstance?
 12:00:36 **21 Q.** When the Bair Hugger was turned on.
 12:00:40 **22 A.** What kind of an answer are you expecting
 12:00:44 **23** from me?
 12:00:45 **24 Q.** You agree that those testing done by those
 12:00:49 **25** researchers indicated that the -- based on bubble

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12:01:39 **1 A.** -- that's not a --
 12:01:40 **2 Q.** -- that's based on the first law of
 12:01:44 **3** thermodynamics; correct?
 12:01:45 **4 A.** Well first law of thermodynamics applies to
 12:01:48 **5** all issues where heat is transferred, so you could say
 12:01:51 **6** that.
 12:01:52 **7 Q.** It's the conservation of energy; correct?
 12:01:55 **8 A.** But I'm basing it more specifically on the
 12:01:57 **9** fact that the surface of the warming blanket gets
 12:02:01 **10** warm, there will be a thermal boundary layer on top of
 12:02:04 **11** it, regardless of whether it's forced air or what it
 12:02:06 **12** is, and this could then be measured and you would see
 12:02:09 **13** an increased temperature.
 12:02:11 **14 Q.** Okay. So if you compared --
 12:02:19 **15** I'll get to that later, actually.
 12:02:21 **16** I assume you're making the assumption that
 12:02:35 **17** all patients must be warmed; correct?
 12:02:37 **18 A.** Well that's the purpose of the warming
 12:02:41 **19** blanket in my opinion.
 12:02:41 **20 Q.** But you're not an anesthesiologist; correct?
 12:02:43 **21 A.** Oh no.
 12:02:43 **22 Q.** You're not an infectious disease doctor;
 12:02:45 **23** correct?
 12:02:45 **24 A.** No.
 12:02:46 **25 Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

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12:02:49 **1** anesthesiology; correct?

12:02:49 **2** **A.** No, sir.

12:02:51 **3** **Q.** You don't hold yourself as an expert out in

12:02:53 **4** infection disease; correct?

12:02:54 **5** **A.** No, sir.

12:02:54 **6** **Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

12:02:56 **7** orthopedic surgery; correct?

12:02:58 **8** **A.** That's correct.

12:02:58 **9** **Q.** You don't hold yourself as an expert in

12:03:00 **10** internal medicine; correct?

12:03:01 **11** **A.** Correct.

12:03:02 **12** **Q.** You don't hold your expert --

12:03:03 **13** You don't hold yourself as an expert in

12:03:06 **14** nursing; correct?

12:03:08 **15** **A.** Correct.

12:03:08 **16** **Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

12:03:10 **17** filter media; correct?

12:03:11 **18** **A.** Correct.

12:03:11 **19** **Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

12:03:14 **20** medical device design; correct?

12:03:15 **21** **A.** That's correct.

12:03:16 **22** **Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

12:03:18 **23** medical device warnings; correct?

12:03:19 **24** **A.** Correct.

12:03:20 **25** **Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

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12:03:23 **1** patient warming; correct?

12:03:23 **2** **A.** Correct.

12:03:25 **3** **Q.** You don't hold yourself out as an expert in

12:03:27 **4** operating room design; correct?

12:03:29 **5** **A.** That's correct.

12:03:29 **6** **Q.** By the way, with respect to the creation of

12:03:31 **7** your model or your system, did you consult with any

12:03:35 **8** ASHRAE 172 consultants?

12:03:42 **9** **MR. GOSS:** 170?

12:03:44 **10** **MR. ASSAAD:** 170. Sorry.

12:03:45 **11** **A.** No. I didn't have -- didn't consult with

12:03:48 **12** people. I read ASHRAE documents that are cited.

12:03:51 **13** **Q.** Okay. You have no experience in operating

12:03:56 **14** airflow; correct? Operating room airflow.

12:03:57 **15** **A.** Clean room airflows, but not operating room.

12:04:00 **16** **Q.** So you don't hold yourself out as an expert

12:04:02 **17** in -- in operating room airflow.

12:04:05 **18** **A.** No, sir.

12:04:06 **19** **Q.** Okay. Have you heard of ANSYS?

12:04:23 **20** **A.** Yes.

12:04:24 **21** **Q.** Have you ever used ANSYS?

12:04:27 **22** **A.** Well ANSYS is the company that bought the

12:04:32 **23** computer -- the CFD code known as Fluent.

12:04:35 **24** Is that what you're referring to?

12:04:36 **25** **Q.** They have Fluent, they have CFX, --

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12:04:36 **1** **A.** All right.

12:04:38 **2** **Q.** -- they have Workbench.

12:04:40 **3** **A.** I've used Fluent in the past in teaching,

12:04:42 **4** and then some of my students used it in research in

12:04:46 **5** the past.

12:04:46 **6** **Q.** What version of Fluent did you last use?

12:04:48 **7** **A.** I don't --

12:04:49 **8** This has been a few years, so I don't know

12:04:50 **9** what the version was.

12:04:51 **10** **Q.** When you say "a few years"; five years, 10

12:04:53 **11** years? Since you've last used it, not your students.

12:04:56 **12** **A.** Well I've been re-fired for two years. It

12:04:58 **13** would have been 5 or 10 years, yeah.

12:05:01 **14** **Q.** Okay. Do you know what Boussinesq is,

12:05:03 **15** approximation?

12:05:04 **16** **A.** The Boussinesq approximation, yes.

12:05:06 **17** **Q.** What is it?

12:05:07 **18** **A.** That's an approximation used in

12:05:09 **19** computational fluid dynamics in which density effects

12:05:12 **20** are ignored if the force of gravity is not explicitly

12:05:16 **21** involved.

12:05:17 **22** **Q.** Is density effects ignored for all the --

12:05:21 **23** the variables in the equation, or just for certain

12:05:23 **24** ones?

12:05:24 **25** **A.** The ones that are coupled with the force of

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12:05:27 **1** gravity.

12:05:31 **2** **Q.** Have you ever used the Boussinesq

12:05:33 **3** approximation?

12:05:34 **4** **A.** I've never written a code that involved the

12:05:38 **5** Boussinesq approximation.

12:05:39 **6** **Q.** Have you ever used it in an ANSYS Fluent?

12:05:42 **7** **A.** I've not used very much ANSYS Fluent --

12:05:42 **8** **Q.** Okay.

12:05:46 **9** **A.** -- personally.

12:05:47 **10** **Q.** Do you even know if ANSYS uses the -- ANSYS

12:05:52 **11** Fluent uses the Boussinesq approximation?

12:05:55 **12** **A.** No, I don't.

12:05:56 **13** **Q.** Okay. Do you know when it's appropriate to

12:06:00 **14** use the Boussinesq approximation?

12:06:03 **15** **A.** It has to do with particle motion in the

12:06:05 **16** air.

12:06:06 **17** (Interruption by the reporter.)

12:06:06 **18** **Q.** Does it work with a complex system that has

12:06:16 **19** -- Strike that.

12:06:16 **20** It assumes density is constant; correct?

12:06:21 **21** **A.** It ignores some density effects if the

12:06:24 **22** gravitational force is not involved. That's my

12:06:26 **23** understanding of the Boussinesq approximation.

12:06:29 **24** **Q.** And density is related -- and air are

12:06:32 **25** related to temperature; correct?

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12:06:33 **1 A.** It's inversely related to temperature at
 12:06:35 **2** constant pressure, that's right.
 12:06:37 **3 Q.** Okay. And if there's a significant
 12:06:46 **4** difference in temperature, you would agree with me
 12:06:50 **5** that using the Boussinesq approximation might cause
 12:06:53 **6** error.
 12:06:54 **7 MR.** GOSS: I'm just going to object that
 12:06:56 **8** this is beyond the scope of his opinions.
 12:06:59 **9** You can answer if you know.
 12:07:03 **10 A.** I know that Boussinesq can fail under
 12:07:06 **11** certain circumstances. I also know that it's an
 12:07:08 **12** important approximation in computational fluid
 12:07:12 **13** dynamics within its realm of application.
 12:07:14 **14 Q.** Would you agree with me that based on the
 12:07:17 **15** literature and ANSYS guidelines that ANSYS is supposed
 12:07:19 **16** to be used for natural convection cases?
 12:07:24 **17 A.** Is -- ANSYS --
 12:07:25 **18 Q.** Natural --
 12:07:25 **19** For natural convection.
 12:07:26 **20 A.** -- is a --
 12:07:27 **21 Q.** Supposed to be used for --
 12:07:28 **22 A.** "Supposed to be used."
 12:07:30 **23 Q.** I'm sorry. "Can be used."
 12:07:31 **24 A.** "Can be used." "Can be used."
 12:07:33 **25** Yes, it certainly can be used for natural
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12:07:35 **1** convection.
 12:07:37 **2 Q.** And you would agree with me that -- Strike
 12:07:51 **3** that.
 12:07:51 **4** Do you know whether or not ANSYS Fluent or
 12:07:54 **5** CFX has been verified?
 12:08:00 **6 A.** The code itself has been around for a long
 12:08:02 **7** time, so I think that code verification has long since
 12:08:06 **8** been done.
 12:08:07 **9 Q.** What about validated?
 12:08:09 **10 A.** Well that --
 12:08:09 **11** Validation speaks to particular problems
 12:08:13 **12** with particular grids and particular boundary
 12:08:16 **13** conditions.
 12:08:16 **14 Q.** And you agree with me that since ANSYS is a
 12:08:19 **15** commercial product that they don't make any
 12:08:21 **16** representations of validation because their product is
 12:08:26 **17** used for so many different types of modeling.
 12:08:31 **18 A.** I don't really know what representations
 12:08:33 **19** they make.
 12:08:33 **20 Q.** Okay. You agree with me, though, that to
 12:08:38 **21** use the Boussinesq approximation in ANSYS that that
 12:08:43 **22** would have to be validated for a system that's more
 12:08:46 **23** complex than an operating room; correct?
 12:08:51 **24 A.** Oh wow.
 12:08:51 **25** MR. GOSS: Again it's --
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12:08:51 **1 A.** That's --
 12:08:54 **2 MR.** GOSS: well --
 12:08:54 **3 A.** I don't really know how to answer that
 12:08:57 **4** question.
 12:08:58 **5 Q.** Okay. Well you testified earlier that a
 12:09:04 **6** code could be validated if, for example, you're doing
 12:09:08 **7** an operating room or a clean room or something similar
 12:09:11 **8** and it was validated for a more complex model than
 12:09:16 **9** what you're actually doing at this --
 12:09:18 **10 A.** That could be one form of validation.
 12:09:20 **11 Q.** Okay. So to -- if you --
 12:09:22 **12** Like, for example, if the Boussinesq
 12:09:25 **13** approximation was not validated for a model that's
 12:09:28 **14** more complex, say for -- in this case for an operating
 12:09:31 **15** room --
 12:09:31 **16 A.** That's not validated.
 12:09:33 **17 MR.** GOSS: Wait. Wait. Let him finish his
 12:09:35 **18** question before you start to answer, please.
 12:09:38 **19 THE** WITNESS: Sorry.
 12:09:38 **20 Q.** -- was not validated, then without
 12:09:40 **21** experimental testing you cannot validate your results;
 12:09:43 **22** correct?
 12:09:52 **23 A.** If the Boussinesq approximation was not
 12:09:55 **24** validated, then without experimental vali --
 12:09:59 **25 Q.** Validation, you could --
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12:10:00 **1 A.** -- validation, you could --
 12:10:01 **2 Q.** Experimental data, --
 12:10:04 **3 A.** Data.
 12:10:04 **4 Q.** -- you could not validate your results.
 12:10:07 **5 A.** That --
 12:10:12 **6** That's a little too contorted for me to --
 12:10:12 **7 Q.** Okay.
 12:10:17 **8 A.** -- get a clear idea of what it is you're
 12:10:19 **9** asking.
 12:10:19 **10 Q.** We'll move on, then.
 12:10:20 **11** Have you received --
 12:10:29 **12** Are you familiar with Dr. Sessler?
 12:10:33 **13 A.** Vaguely, yeah.
 12:10:34 **14 Q.** Have you not reviewed his study on parti --
 12:10:36 **15** that 3M funded on particle counts?
 12:10:39 **16 A.** I'm not particularly concerned about --
 12:10:43 **17** Oh, wait a minute. "Particle counts."
 12:10:45 **18 Q.** Yeah.
 12:10:51 **19 A.** I'm not familiar with Sessler's study on
 12:10:54 **20** particle counts.
 12:10:55 **21 Q.** Well, are you surprised that 3M actually
 12:10:56 **22** funded and conducted a study on the effect of Bair
 12:11:01 **23** Hugger in an operating room using particle counts and
 12:11:05 **24** that they have not provided you with either the paper
 12:11:08 **25** or the underlying data?
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12:11:12 **1 A.** Well, no. I did my own literature search.
 12:11:17 **2** So if this was relevant, I should have found it
 12:11:19 **3** myself.
 12:11:21 **4 Q.** Well it's -- it's a paper funded by 3M that
 12:11:23 **5** compares the Bair Hugger -- that looks at the Bair
 12:11:28 **6** Hugger's effect on the laminar flow in -- in two test
 12:11:33 **7** sites in Holland that was done in 2010 and published
 12:11:36 **8** in 2011.
 12:11:39 **9** And I take it you didn't -- you didn't find
 12:11:41 **10** that article.
 12:11:42 **11 A.** I didn't.
 12:11:43 **12 Q.** Okay. Do you believe that if you are --
 12:11:45 **13** have been retained by a company such as 3M, that they
 12:11:48 **14** would supply you with relevant data to your research?
 12:11:51 **15 A.** I didn't expect 3M to provide me with the
 12:11:54 **16** data. As a scientist it was up to my -- to me myself
 12:11:59 **17** to learn what the literature had to say.
 12:12:02 **18 Q.** So the fact that you didn't find the Dr.
 12:12:06 **19** Sessler article, would you agree with me that your
 12:12:08 **20** research was not complete?
 12:12:10 **21 A.** Well --
 12:12:10 **22** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 12:12:12 **23 A.** -- one does a literature search, one never
 12:12:15 **24** finds all the pertinent references. But I'll
 12:12:19 **25** certainly go look for that one and read it.
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12:12:21 **1 Q.** Did you ever go to the 3M website or the
 12:12:25 **2** Blackwell Burke website on forced-air warming?
 12:12:28 **3 A.** No, sir. I did my literature research using
 12:12:32 **4** the traditional search engines that are available.
 12:12:35 **5 Q.** What'd you use, Google?
 12:12:36 **6 A.** Google Scholar, and ISI's Science Citation
 12:12:42 **7** Index, which includes PubMed.
 12:12:44 **8 Q.** Okay. And what were the search terms you
 12:12:46 **9** used?
 12:12:46 **10 A.** Search terms were, oh, hospital, infection,
 12:12:56 **11** surgery, operating room, CFD. I also included the
 12:13:05 **12** search term "schlieren" to see if anyone -- see if I
 12:13:09 **13** could find any previous work using schlieren optics,
 12:13:11 **14** which I did not.
 12:13:14 **15 Q.** You did not use the word "Bair Hugger"?
 12:13:18 **16 A.** Patient-warming blanket, but I did not use
 12:13:22 **17** product names, no.
 12:13:23 **18 Q.** So 3M retains you.
 12:13:25 **19** Are you aware that 3M actually has a
 12:13:28 **20** compendium with every single article written on Bair
 12:13:31 **21** Hugger in a nice thing you could download?
 12:13:32 **22 A.** Not aware of it.
 12:13:33 **23 Q.** They didn't tell you that?
 12:13:35 **24 A.** Not aware of it.
 12:13:37 **25 Q.** So 3M did not tell you that.
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12:13:39 **1 A.** I think I answered the question.
 12:13:41 **2 Q.** Okay. Well you said you're not aware of it,
 12:13:43 **3** so I'm going to assume that --
 12:13:45 **4 A.** No one told me that.
 12:13:48 **5 Q.** Okay. Well do you know why not?
 12:13:50 **6** MR. GOSS: Calls for speculation.
 12:13:56 **7 A.** I think I already explained that I didn't
 12:13:59 **8** depend on 3M for literature.
 12:14:03 **9 Q.** Well we got Exhibit 3 they gave you;
 12:14:08 **10** correct?
 12:14:08 **11 A.** Well I certainly looked at literature that
 12:14:10 **12** was provided.
 12:14:11 **13 Q.** Are you relying on -- on --
 12:14:12 **14** MR. ASSAAD: Let's mark this as Exhibit 4,
 12:14:12 **15** this as Exhibit 5, and this as Exhibit 6.
 12:14:13 **16** (Discussion off the stenographic record.)
 12:14:43 **17** (Settles Exhibits 4 - 6 marked for
 12:14:43 **18** identification.)
 12:14:43 **19** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 12:14:50 **20 Q.** Are you relying in any of your opinions on
 12:14:53 **21** Exhibits 4 through 6?
 12:14:56 **22 A.** (Witness reviewing exhibits.) All right.
 12:15:02 **23** Yes.
 12:15:03 **24 Q.** You are?
 12:15:04 **25 A.** I -- Here's the issue. I was aware of 4 --
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12:15:09 **1** sorry -- 5 and 6.
 12:15:10 **2 Q.** Are those the Legg articles?
 12:15:12 **3 A.** The Legg articles.
 12:15:13 **4 Q.** Okay.
 12:15:14 **5 A.** And I considered them to be part of a series
 12:15:19 **6** of articles that culminated in the McGovern article,
 12:15:23 **7** which I cited and therefore relied on, which spoke to,
 12:15:27 **8** among other things, the use of neutral buoyancy helium
 12:15:31 **9** bubbles in investigating patient-warming blankets.
 12:15:35 **10** Okay?
 12:15:35 **11** So does that answer the question as far as
 12:15:37 **12** those two?
 12:15:39 **13 Q.** Kind of.
 12:15:40 **14** What about the Oguz article?
 12:15:44 **15 A.** This one I only saw yesterday, so I can't
 12:15:46 **16** really -- it's an interesting article, but certainly
 12:15:49 **17** it came after my opinions were formed.
 12:15:51 **18 Q.** I thought it came out in January or
 12:15:53 **19** something.
 12:15:55 **20 A.** I certainly wasn't aware of it if it came
 12:15:58 **21** out in --
 12:15:58 **22 Q.** So --
 12:15:58 **23 A.** -- January.
 12:16:00 **24 Q.** -- besides the how-to-drape video, what else
 12:16:07 **25** did 3M give you before you formulated your opinions in
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12:16:10 **1** your report?

12:16:16 **2** And I'm talking about documents, I'm not

12:16:18 **3** talking about depositions or reports --

12:16:18 **4** **A.** Yeah.

12:16:19 **5** **Q.** -- just documents.

12:16:21 **6** MR. GOSS: Or equipment.

12:16:22 **7** **Q.** Or equipment.

12:16:25 **8** **A.** I'm looking at my reference list.

12:16:29 **9** Most of these references came from my own

12:16:31 **10** search.

12:16:33 **11** **Q.** Well just tell me the numbers that 3M gave

12:16:35 **12** you.

12:16:35 **13** **A.** 16.

12:16:37 **14** **Q.** Okay.

12:16:39 **15** **A.** 19.

12:16:42 **16** **Q.** Okay.

12:16:46 **17** **A.** And 23.

12:16:49 **18** **Q.** Okay. And I'm sure they gave you 26 and 27;

12:16:55 **19** correct?

12:16:55 **20** **A.** Yes. That's right.

12:16:58 **21** **Q.** Well, I'm sorry, 26.

12:16:59 **22** Did they give you 27, the computa -- the

12:17:02 **23** YouTube video?

12:17:03 **24** **A.** They pointed me to that video, yes.

12:17:08 **25** **Q.** Was that in an email?

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12:17:09 **1** **A.** I don't remember how it was --

12:17:10 **2** **Q.** Were there any emails between you and your

12:17:12 **3** colleagues regarding the testing?

12:17:14 **4** **A.** You mean my colleagues in FloViz,

12:17:16 **5** Incorporated.

12:17:17 **6** **Q.** Yes.

12:17:18 **7** **A.** If there were emails they were scheduling

12:17:21 **8** emails, you know, we're going to -- let's test

12:17:23 **9** tomorrow at such-and-such a time, not technical

12:17:26 **10** emails.

12:17:26 **11** We sat down and discussed issues that we

12:17:30 **12** were going to test and how we would do it, and it was

12:17:33 **13** not passed generally by emails.

12:17:37 **14** **Q.** Did any of them take notes, have a notebook

12:17:40 **15** such as yourself?

12:17:41 **16** **A.** The notebook that you have is the -- "the"

12:17:43 **17** experimental notebook. Nobody else had an

12:17:45 **18** experimental notebook.

12:17:46 **19** Some of my colleagues wrote in the notebook

12:17:48 **20** when they did -- took measurements.

12:17:50 **21** **Q.** Okay.

12:17:51 **22** **A.** But we wanted to keep that all in one

12:17:53 **23** notebook.

12:17:53 **24** **Q.** The Bair Hugger that was provided to you,

12:17:55 **25** was it brand new or used?

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12:17:56 **1** **A.** Brand new.

12:17:57 **2** **Q.** Okay. Was it calibrated?

12:17:59 **3** **A.** I actually don't know what that means in ter

12:18:02 **4** -- in reference to the Bair Hugger.

12:18:04 **5** **Q.** Did you check the filter in it?

12:18:06 **6** **A.** And now you're talking about the blower

12:18:09 **7** unit.

12:18:11 **8** **Q.** Yes.

12:18:11 **9** **A.** Sorry.

12:18:12 **10** I need to distinguish between the blower

12:18:13 **11** unit --

12:18:13 **12** **Q.** Okay.

12:18:14 **13** **A.** -- and the blanket.

12:18:15 **14** **Q.** Let's talk about the blower. Did you test

12:18:16 **15** it?

12:18:16 **16** **A.** The blower unit that they gave us was -- I

12:18:18 **17** believe it was brand new, we did not check the filter

12:18:22 **18** unit.

12:18:23 **19** Was there another question?

12:18:24 **20** **Q.** No.

12:18:25 **21** **A.** All right.

12:18:26 **22** **Q.** So you don't know if it was properly

12:18:27 **23** calibrated or tested; correct?

12:18:30 **24** **A.** I assumed that it was.

12:18:32 **25** **Q.** Did you test the temperature coming out of

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12:18:34 **1** the hose?

12:18:41 **2** **A.** I don't believe it's in my report, and

12:18:44 **3** therefore I don't think we actually measured the

12:18:45 **4** temperature coming out of the hose.

12:18:47 **5** **Q.** So sitting here today, the temperature

12:18:51 **6** coming out of the hose could have been 40 degrees

12:18:54 **7** instead of 43; correct?

12:18:56 **8** **A.** Well it was 43 set on the blower unit.

12:18:59 **9** **Q.** I understand that.

12:19:00 **10** **A.** But if --

12:19:01 **11** We didn't measure the temperature coming out

12:19:03 **12** of the hose, so we don't know what that is.

12:19:07 **13** **Q.** The 43 degrees, what's that temperature

12:19:08 **14** indicate to you; the temperature coming out of the end

12:19:11 **15** of the hose, or the temperature coming out of the --

12:19:13 **16** out of the blower?

12:19:14 **17** **A.** That's the setting of the blower unit.

12:19:16 **18** **Q.** Okay. So it's the setting of the blower

12:19:17 **19** unit.

12:19:17 **20** **A.** Yeah.

12:19:18 **21** **Q.** Okay.

12:19:18 **22** **A.** The temperature coming out of the hose would

12:19:21 **23** be lower than that.

12:19:21 **24** **Q.** It would decrease because it would lose

12:19:23 **25** energy down the --

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12:19:24 **1** **A.** The transfer of the hose.
 12:19:27 **2** **Q.** -- the two- or three-step hose. Okay.
 12:19:27 **3** **MR. GOSS:** Make sure to let him finish his
 12:19:28 **4** question before you start to answer, otherwise it's
 12:19:30 **5** going to be very, very difficult for our court
 12:19:33 **6** reporter.
 12:19:33 **7** **Q.** So you agree with me that the temperature
 12:19:36 **8** would decrease from the en -- from the end where the
 12:19:40 **9** unit is to the end of the hose due to heat transfer
 12:19:43 **10** into the environment through the hose.
 12:19:45 **11** **A.** Some decrease. I'm not sure how much.
 12:19:48 **12** **Q.** Greater than one degree?
 12:19:49 **13** **A.** I'm not sure how much.
 12:19:51 **14** **Q.** Okay. Did you check the volumetric flow
 12:19:55 **15** coming out of the hose?
 12:19:56 **16** **A.** I didn't have a way to measure volumetric
 12:19:58 **17** flow, so no.
 12:20:00 **18** **Q.** Okay. So you just assumed that 3M gave you
 12:20:03 **19** a properly working device; correct?
 12:20:05 **20** **A.** Yes.
 12:20:05 **21** **Q.** Okay.
 12:20:07 **22** **A.** It was a brand new device.
 12:20:10 **23** **Q.** Have you ever heard of a manufacturing
 12:20:11 **24** defect?
 12:20:13 **25** **A.** Of course.
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12:20:14 **1** **Q.** Okay. So wouldn't it be --
 12:20:18 **2** I mean, you tested your schlieren devices
 12:20:19 **3** before you used it; correct?
 12:20:25 **4** **A.** In the sense of manufacturing defects, no.
 12:20:28 **5** **Q.** No, but you test it to make sure, you tested
 12:20:30 **6** it with a hand and the candle.
 12:20:32 **7** **A.** Okay. Yes.
 12:20:33 **8** **Q.** Okay. You made the sure the camera was
 12:20:35 **9** working properly; correct?
 12:20:37 **10** **A.** Yes.
 12:20:37 **11** **Q.** You made sure that the mirrors were adjusted
 12:20:40 **12** properly; --
 12:20:40 **13** **A.** Yes.
 12:20:40 **14** **Q.** -- correct?
 12:20:42 **15** **A.** That's right.
 12:20:42 **16** **Q.** That's very important before you do a
 12:20:43 **17** scientific test; correct?
 12:20:45 **18** **A.** Yes.
 12:20:45 **19** **Q.** Okay. But you did not do that in this case,
 12:20:49 **20** did you, for the Bair Hugger blower.
 12:20:52 **21** **A.** No.
 12:20:58 **22** **Q.** Okay. And do you have any experience with
 12:21:01 **23** 3M to indicate that they are an honest company and are
 12:21:07 **24** honest to the public?
 12:21:09 **25** **MR. GOSS:** Objection to form, beyond the
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12:21:12 **1** scope of his opinions.
 12:21:16 **2** **A.** I have no reason to believe that 3M is
 12:21:23 **3** dishonest.
 12:21:24 **4** **Q.** So you never heard of any claims of 3M, you
 12:21:27 **5** know, dumping chemicals in Minneapolis, there was a
 12:21:30 **6** huge cleanup and lawsuit?
 12:21:31 **7** **MR. GOSS:** Objection, lack of foundation.
 12:21:35 **8** **MR. ASSAAD:** Is that not true?
 12:21:38 **9** **MR. GOSS:** I think he's entitled to see
 12:21:39 **10** whatever evidence you want to put in front of him.
 12:21:43 **11** **MR. ASSAAD:** I'm asking if he's aware of
 12:21:45 **12** it. I'm trying to get evidence.
 12:21:46 **13** **A.** I'm not aware of dumping chemicals.
 12:22:14 **14** **Q.** Sitting here today you have no basis to
 12:22:16 **15** determine the credibility of 3M or its attorneys with
 12:22:20 **16** respect to whether or not they gave you a properly
 12:22:24 **17** functioning Bair Hugger unit; correct?
 12:22:27 **18** **MR. GOSS:** Objection to form, calls for
 12:22:34 **19** speculation.
 12:22:43 **20** **A.** Could you repeat the question?
 12:22:45 **21** **Q.** I'll withdraw the question if you can't
 12:22:48 **22** answer it.
 12:22:50 **23** **MR. GOSS:** I'll just object to the
 12:22:53 **24** commentary --
 12:22:54 **25** **Q.** Have you been provided --
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12:22:55 **1** **MR. ASSAAD:** I'm sorry. You done?
 12:22:56 **2** **MR. GOSS:** I'm done.
 12:22:57 **3** **Q.** Have you been provided with any of the
 12:23:01 **4** punitive damages motions against 3M or responded by
 12:23:04 **5** 3M?
 12:23:04 **6** **A.** No.
 12:23:06 **7** **Q.** Okay. Have you been provided any of the
 12:23:10 **8** schematics of the Bair Hugger?
 12:23:12 **9** **A.** Schematics came, and instructional or user's
 12:23:18 **10** manual type material came with the Bair Hugger blower
 12:23:21 **11** and the blanket. Those were all the documents we had
 12:23:25 **12** on it.
 12:23:26 **13** **Q.** Have you --
 12:23:26 **14** Did you do any mathematical calculations as
 12:23:29 **15** to what you would believe, from a theoretical
 12:23:33 **16** standpoint, not experimental, of what the effect the
 12:23:36 **17** Bair Hugger would have on the unidirectional flow?
 12:23:55 **18** **A.** My study was an experimental study and not a
 12:23:57 **19** computational study, so no such calculation was made.
 12:24:00 **20** **Q.** Okay. Do you know how many BTUs per hour
 12:24:04 **21** the Bair Hugger puts out when it's on high?
 12:24:06 **22** **A.** I don't have a number in memory, no.
 12:24:08 **23** **Q.** Did you ever see a number?
 12:24:09 **24** **A.** Yes.
 12:24:10 **25** **Q.** Where?
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12:24:12 **1** **A.** It's in the literature in the na --
 12:24:15 **2** faceplate on the device.
 12:24:16 **3** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware of any device in the
 12:24:21 **4** operating room that puts out more BTUs per hour than
 12:24:24 **5** the Bair Hugger?
 12:24:29 **6** **A.** Well I'm aware that there are various heat
 12:24:31 **7** loads in the operating room. There's electronic
 12:24:33 **8** equipment and other things. I don't think I should
 12:24:38 **9** speculate on what puts out more and what puts out
 12:24:42 **10** less.
 12:24:42 **11** **Q.** Well you agree with me that the Bair Hugger
 12:24:43 **12** puts out more BTUs per hour than an individual.
 12:24:47 **13** **A.** Than a human.
 12:24:48 **14** **Q.** Yeah.
 12:24:52 **15** **A.** Yeah. I think that's --
 12:24:55 **16** **Q.** You agree with that?
 12:24:56 **17** **A.** I think that's reasonable.
 12:24:57 **18** **Q.** It puts out more BTUs per hour than a
 12:25:02 **19** computer monitor.
 12:25:06 **20** **A.** I don't know how many BTUs per hour -- right
 12:25:12 **21** now I don't have a number for the Bair Hugger or the
 12:25:14 **22** computer monitor or other equipment.
 12:25:15 **23** **Q.** So you didn't look at that at all; correct?
 12:25:18 **24** **A.** That's not really an issue in --
 12:25:18 **25** **Q.** In what you --

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12:25:21 **1** **A.** -- what was done in my study.
 12:25:22 **2** **Q.** Okay. It wasn't relevant to your study.
 12:25:25 **3** **A.** No.
 12:25:26 **4** **Q.** Okay. Did you look at the Moretti study?
 12:25:35 **5** Does that sound familiar?
 12:25:38 **6** **A.** No.
 12:25:38 **7** **Q.** Did you look it the Huang study?
 12:25:41 **8** **A.** No.
 12:25:42 **9** **Q.** Did you look at --
 12:25:43 **10** You cited to a study by Farhad Memarzadeh.
 12:25:48 **11** **A.** Yes.
 12:25:49 **12** **Q.** Do you know him personally?
 12:25:49 **13** **A.** No, I don't.
 12:25:50 **14** **Q.** Are you aware that he did a study that
 12:25:52 **15** indicated that the older model, the 505 model,
 12:25:57 **16** disrupted the unidirectional airflow in the operating
 12:26:03 **17** room?
 12:26:03 **18** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 12:26:05 **19** **A.** The 505 model of what?
 12:26:08 **20** **Q.** The Bair Hugger.
 12:26:09 **21** Do you know what the 505 model is?
 12:26:11 **22** **A.** No.
 12:26:13 **23** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today your report
 12:26:16 **24** only applies to the 775 and not the 505; correct?
 12:26:20 **25** **A.** Correct.

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12:26:21 **1** **Q.** Okay. So in a case in which the 505 was
 12:26:24 **2** used, your report has no relevance or reliability to
 12:26:26 **3** it; correct?
 12:26:27 **4** MR. GOSS: Objection to form, report speaks
 12:26:29 **5** for itself.
 12:26:32 **6** **A.** I don't know anything about the 505.
 12:26:34 **7** **Q.** And that's my point.
 12:26:35 **8** So your report, since it has nothing to do
 12:26:37 **9** with the -- has no data on the 505 or no studies on
 12:26:40 **10** the 505, does not apply to the Bair Hugger 505 device;
 12:26:45 **11** correct?
 12:26:45 **12** MR. GOSS: Same objection.
 12:26:47 **13** **A.** I would have to have a look at the 505
 12:26:51 **14** before I could give you a competent answer.
 12:26:55 **15** **Q.** Well since your entire basis of your
 12:26:58 **16** opinions is on experimental data, wouldn't you need
 12:27:01 **17** the 505 to do experimental data to see how it affects
 12:27:05 **18** the operating room?
 12:27:06 **19** **A.** I don't even know what the 505 is.
 12:27:09 **20** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today, your -- since
 12:27:11 **21** you don't know what the 505 is, you can't say that
 12:27:14 **22** your report applies to the 505; correct?
 12:27:16 **23** MR. GOSS: Same objection, the report
 12:27:17 **24** speaks for itself.
 12:27:19 **25** **A.** Correct.

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12:27:22 **1** MR. ASSAAD: By the way, the report's not
 12:27:23 **2** admissible in evidence and that's why I get opinions
 12:27:26 **3** from him.
 12:27:28 **4** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 12:27:38 **5** **Q.** And you're not going to offer any opinions
 12:27:40 **6** with respect to the air quality coming out of the Bair
 12:27:43 **7** Hugger blower or blanket; correct? As to whether or
 12:27:47 **8** not it's contaminated or not.
 12:27:48 **9** **A.** No.
 12:27:49 **10** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware that the Bair Hugger --
 12:27:53 **11** the previous models -- a few of the previous models of
 12:27:56 **12** the Bair Hugger before the 775 warned of airborne
 12:27:59 **13** contamination when in use?
 12:28:01 **14** **A.** No.
 12:28:02 **15** **Q.** Would that affect your opinions in this
 12:28:03 **16** case?
 12:28:04 **17** **A.** My opinions are based on the Bair Hugger 522
 12:28:10 **18** model and 575 power source that we used.
 12:28:13 **19** **Q.** 775 power source.
 12:28:14 **20** **A.** 775. I'm not in a position to state an
 12:28:18 **21** opinion on earlier models or...
 12:28:22 **22** **Q.** I understand that, Mr. Settles, but you have
 12:28:25 **23** to sit here and agree with me that you do not have all
 12:28:28 **24** the information with respect to the studies or the
 12:28:31 **25** internal documents that are available when you

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12:28:37 **1** prepared your expert report; correct?

12:28:40 **2 A.** We certainly didn't have information on

12:28:42 **3** previous models of Bair Hugger, no.

12:28:45 **4 Q.** And you do not have all the studies;

12:28:46 **5** correct?

12:28:47 **6 A.** No.

12:28:47 **7** MR. GOSS: Objection to form.

12:28:50 **8** MR. ASSAAD: Basis?

12:28:51 **9** MR. GOSS: He said he did a literature

12:28:52 **10** research -- a literature search.

12:28:52 **11** MR. ASSAAD: And he admitted he didn't

12:28:52 **12** have --

12:28:54 **13** MR. GOSS: I'm not sure --

12:28:55 **14** MR. ASSAAD: Sorry. Go ahead.

12:28:58 **15** MR. GOSS: I'm not sure that you've

12:28:59 **16** established everything that he reviewed.

12:28:59 **17** MR. ASSAAD: Well we admitted that he

12:29:01 **18** didn't have the Dr. Sessler study, so he definitely

12:29:03 **19** didn't have all the studies.

12:29:05 **20 Q.** So you agree with that statement; correct?

12:29:06 **21** You didn't have all the studies.

12:29:07 **22 A.** That's right.

12:29:08 **23 Q.** Okay. You didn't have --

12:29:09 **24** You didn't have some of those studies,

12:29:11 **25** correct, that were provided to you yesterday before

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12:29:13 **1** you'd written your report; correct?

12:29:14 **2 A.** Correct.

12:29:15 **3 Q.** Okay. You didn't have any of the warnings

12:29:16 **4** that were provided to previous models; correct?

12:29:20 **5 A.** I'm not sure what warnings you're referring

12:29:22 **6** to.

12:29:22 **7 Q.** About airborne contamination.

12:29:24 **8 A.** No, I did not have.

12:29:25 **9 Q.** You were not provided internal data that 3M

12:29:29 **10** did with respect to the airflow of their models;

12:29:31 **11** correct?

12:29:31 **12 A.** No. No internal data, no.

12:29:33 **13 Q.** You weren't provided the Sessler study,

12:29:35 **14** which was funded by 3M and paid for by 3M to --

12:29:40 **15** regarding the specific issues in this case.

12:29:44 **16** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

12:29:46 **17 A.** I was not provided the Sessler report.

12:29:49 **18 Q.** Okay. Were you provided the 5 --

12:29:51 **19** Do you know what a 510(k) is?

12:29:54 **20 A.** No.

12:29:54 **21 Q.** Okay. Were you aware that other scientists

12:30:03 **22** in the field, specifically scientists on the 3M

12:30:07 **23** Advisory Board, recommended doing further research

12:30:09 **24** with respect to whether or not the Bair Hugger

12:30:12 **25** disrupts airflow in an operating room?

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12:30:15 **1** MR. GOSS: Object to form, calls for

12:30:16 **2** speculation.

12:30:17 **3 Q.** Were you aware of that?

12:30:18 **4 A.** No.

12:30:30 **5** MR. GOSS: I could use another bathroom

12:30:32 **6** break if you reach a point where that would make

12:30:34 **7** sense.

12:30:40 **8 Q.** Do you --

12:30:41 **9** Would you agree with me that 3M should be

12:30:45 **10** the most knowledgeable about the devices they

12:30:47 **11** manufacture?

12:30:51 **12 A.** Yes.

12:30:52 **13 Q.** And therefore they'd be aware of all the

12:30:55 **14** studies and all the research with respect to a certain

12:31:01 **15** -- with respect to the Bair Hugger?

12:31:01 **16 A.** I really can't say what they're aware of.

12:31:04 **17 Q.** Well they would be the most knowledgeable

12:31:06 **18** about what's out there regarding the products they

12:31:08 **19** sell; correct?

12:31:08 **20 A.** I'm assuming that a manufacturer of a

12:31:10 **21** product would be very knowledgeable about their

12:31:11 **22** product.

12:31:12 **23 Q.** And they could have given you a lot more

12:31:14 **24** information than it seems like they did in this case;

12:31:18 **25** correct?

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12:31:19 **1** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

12:31:19 **2 A.** And I've already answered that my scientific

12:31:24 **3** approach is it's up to me to go find the literature.

12:31:27 **4** If I didn't have the Sessler report and some other

12:31:31 **5** literature I consider it that it was a flaw in my

12:31:36 **6** literature search. I wasn't depending on 3M or their

12:31:39 **7** legal team to provide me with the sets of references.

12:31:43 **8 Q.** Well why recreate the wheel? I mean, if

12:31:54 **9** there's other studies, don't you want to build on

12:31:56 **10** previous studies?

12:31:58 **11 A.** That's what a literature search is about, to

12:31:59 **12** educate myself.

12:32:00 **13 Q.** Okay.

12:32:00 **14 A.** But a -- a scientist and an engineer, in

12:32:03 **15** order to remain objective, better to educate himself

12:32:08 **16** than to go looking for material that's already been

12:32:13 **17** prepared by someone else.

12:32:15 **18 Q.** I agree.

12:32:15 **19** But if 3M has internal documents or there is

12:32:20 **20** peer-reviewed literature that contradicts your

12:32:22 **21** findings, wouldn't that have an effect on your

12:32:30 **22** methodology with respect to what you did in this case?

12:32:35 **23 A.** Well --

12:32:35 **24** MR. GOSS: Objection, contrary to fact,

12:32:38 **25** calls for speculation.

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12:32:40 **1 A.** I'm not aware of such literature.

12:32:43 **2 Q.** So if there's literature out there that

12:32:45 **3** indicates that particles increase over the surgical

12:32:48 **4** site, okay, and that the heat is significantly

12:32:52 **5** increased over the surgical site, which is contrary to

12:32:55 **6** what you're finding, okay, that would have no effect

12:32:59 **7** on your -- your -- the results of your tests --

12:33:04 **8** MR. GOSS: Object to form, --

12:33:05 **9 Q.** -- and your confidence --

12:33:07 **10** MR. GOSS: -- lack of foundation.

12:33:08 **11 Q.** -- in the results?

12:33:10 **12** MR. GOSS: Object to form, lack of

12:33:11 **13** foundation, calls for speculation.

12:33:15 **14 A.** The way that's phrased I'm not even sure if

12:33:19 **15** you're talking about particles that come through the

12:33:23 **16** hose of a -- the Bair Hugger blanket or are somehow

12:33:28 **17** brought from somewhere else.

12:33:33 **18** Particle contamination through the hose that

12:33:36 **19** you've mentioned is -- I realize it's a concern, but

12:33:39 **20** it's not within the scope of the work that we did.

12:33:42 **21 Q.** I understand that.

12:33:43 **22** But that would be something for you to

12:33:44 **23** determine, whether or not their particles are

12:33:48 **24** increased because of what's coming out of the hose or

12:33:51 **25** because of convection currents; correct? I mean, that

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12:33:54 **1** would be part of your research -- your research on

12:33:57 **2** this issue; correct?

12:33:59 **3** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

12:34:01 **4 A.** That --

12:34:03 **5** When you say "that," what are you referring

12:34:05 **6** to?

12:34:05 **7 Q.** Like -- Let me rephrase.

12:34:07 **8** As a scientist, before you do any type of

12:34:10 **9** research you want to learn as much as possible about

12:34:13 **10** what other people did in the commun -- in the

12:34:15 **11** scientific community; correct?

12:34:17 **12 A.** Within --

12:34:17 **13 Q.** "Yes" or "no"?

12:34:18 **14 A.** Within the limits --

12:34:19 **15** I can't give you a yes-or-no answer to that

12:34:21 **16** question.

12:34:21 **17 Q.** Okay. Within the limits of what?

12:34:23 **18 A.** Within the limits of the scope of what I'm

12:34:25 **19** trying to do. But I was not trying to cover all

12:34:29 **20** possible aspects of particles and so forth. I was --

12:34:34 **21** I have a limited scope to try to do schlieren imaging

12:34:39 **22** and try to get a picture of the airflow situation

12:34:44 **23** that's going -- that's happening.

12:34:46 **24 Q.** And you also did temperature measurements;

12:34:48 **25** correct?

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12:34:48 **1 A.** I did some ancillary temperature

12:34:50 **2** measurements. These were secondary, but they're --

12:34:52 **3** they're in there.

12:34:52 **4 Q.** By the way, what did you use for the

12:34:54 **5** temperature measurements?

12:34:55 **6 A.** It's indicated in the report, it's a TSI

12:34:58 **7** Model 9515 Air Velocity Meter.

12:35:02 **8 Q.** Okay.

12:35:03 **9 A.** Also measures temperature.

12:35:05 **10 Q.** I thought you told me before you couldn't

12:35:07 **11** measure velocity.

12:35:08 **12 A.** I told you I couldn't measure mass flow

12:35:10 **13** rate.

12:35:11 **14 Q.** Okay.

12:35:11 **15 A.** I can infer mass flow rate by measuring the

12:35:14 **16** velocity across a surface.

12:35:15 **17 Q.** Okay. And is that TSI temperature velocity

12:35:20 **18** meter, is that that you guys own, or was -- did you

12:35:23 **19** guys rent it?

12:35:24 **20 A.** We bought it brand new.

12:35:25 **21 Q.** From this -- For this --

12:35:27 **22 A.** From TSI, a reputable Minnesota company.

12:35:32 **23 Q.** Okay. Was it calibrated?

12:35:34 **24 A.** It was calibrated, and it came with its

12:35:35 **25** calibration.

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12:35:36 **1 Q.** Did you not attach the calibration sheet to

12:35:42 **2** the report?

12:35:42 **3 A.** I did not.

12:35:42 **4 Q.** Okay.

12:35:54 **5** THE WITNESS: There's been a request for a

12:35:55 **6** break?

12:35:55 **7** MR. ASSAAD: Okay. We can take a break.

12:35:58 **8** THE REPORTER: Off the record, please.

12:36:00 **9** (Recess taken from 12:36 to 12:47 p.m.)

12:47:01 **10** BY MR. ASSAAD:

12:47:06 **11 Q.** Going back to Exhibit 2, page 18, your

12:47:11 **12** Critique of Expert Report by Said Elghobashi, number

12:47:19 **13** 1). You'll agree with me that verification and

12:47:23 **14** validation that we were discussing is specific to the

12:47:27 **15** CFD community; correct?

12:47:29 **16 A.** It's a CFD concept.

12:47:31 **17 Q.** Okay. Okay. And you yourself don't hold

12:47:34 **18** yourself out as an expert with respect to CFD;

12:47:39 **19** correct?

12:47:40 **20 A.** That's correct.

12:47:41 **21 Q.** Okay. Let's talk about methodology, all

12:47:52 **22** right?

12:47:54 **23** And I want to be specific to your

12:47:57 **24** methodology in your testing in this case.

12:47:59 **25 A.** Okay.

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12:48:00 **1 Q.** So I know you didn't create a protocol, but
 12:48:03 **2** let's just go through it so I understand that if I
 12:48:06 **3** want to -- Just so I can understand what you did.
 12:48:11 **4** Fair enough?
 12:48:12 **5 A.** Well, as we discussed, I created a test
 12:48:17 **6** plan.
 12:48:17 **7 Q.** Okay.
 12:48:18 **8 A.** "Protocol," I am not sure that that's the
 12:48:22 **9** same thing, but.
 12:48:23 **10 Q.** Your test plan would be considered your
 12:48:25 **11** methodology; correct?
 12:48:26 **12 A.** That's right.
 12:48:26 **13 Q.** Okay. And so the first thing was is to set
 12:48:32 **14** up the -- the model, I would say; correct?
 12:48:38 **15** Correct?
 12:48:38 **16 A.** Correct.
 12:48:39 **17 Q.** And it's my understanding you used a
 12:48:40 **18** warehouse; correct?
 12:48:41 **19 A.** It's in a warehouse building.
 12:48:43 **20 Q.** Okay. Is that the warehouse building that
 12:48:45 **21** FloViz is located?
 12:48:46 **22 A.** It's a --
 12:48:47 **23** Yeah. It's a steel warehouse building.
 12:48:50 **24 Q.** Is that where -- Is that --
 12:48:52 **25** What's the address of that building?
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12:48:54 **1 A.** 76 Sky Harbor Drive, Port Matilda, PA.
 12:48:58 **2 Q.** Is that the same address where FloViz is?
 12:49:01 **3 A.** That's the address of the company.
 12:49:02 **4 Q.** Is it -- Is it --
 12:49:03 **5** Did you rent that warehouse for this
 12:49:04 **6** project?
 12:49:05 **7 A.** No. It's on the property. It's owned by
 12:49:07 **8** the president of the company.
 12:49:08 **9 Q.** Okay. And the room in which you did the
 12:49:13 **10** testing, how big was that room?
 12:49:15 **11 A.** Approximately fifty -- 50 feet long, and the
 12:49:20 **12** space available was 25 feet wide.
 12:49:25 **13 Q.** So it's 50 by 25; correct?
 12:49:28 **14 A.** Umm-hmm. Correct.
 12:49:29 **15 Q.** How tall; how high is the ceiling?
 12:49:32 **16 A.** It's a peaked roof, and I would say that's
 12:49:36 **17** 20 -- 20 to 25 feet.
 12:49:39 **18 Q.** Twenty to twenty-five feet?
 12:49:40 **19 A.** Yes.
 12:49:41 **20 Q.** And when you say it was peaked, was the --
 12:49:44 **21** the setup of the operating room table underneath the
 12:49:47 **22** center?
 12:49:47 **23 A.** Yes.
 12:49:49 **24 Q.** Okay. So it's at the peak.
 12:49:51 **25 A.** It's underneath the peak.
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12:49:54 **1 Q.** Underneath the peak; correct?
 12:49:55 **2 A.** Yes.
 12:49:56 **3 Q.** Okay. And you had a flow generator;
 12:50:04 **4** correct?
 12:50:04 **5 A.** We built one.
 12:50:05 **6 Q.** Okay. And how was that placed up high?
 12:50:10 **7 A.** It's suspended by cables and could be, to --
 12:50:14 **8** within a certain margin, raised or lowered -- actually
 12:50:17 **9** I don't think it was -- we had much margin. So it was
 12:50:23 **10** -- I -- Sorry.
 12:50:24 **11** Do you have a question?
 12:50:24 **12 Q.** Yes. So it was suspended from the ceiling.
 12:50:27 **13 A.** Suspended from the ceiling.
 12:50:28 **14 Q.** Okay. And my understanding is the
 12:50:29 **15** dimensions of that was 4 by 5 feet; correct?
 12:50:34 **16 A.** Correct.
 12:50:34 **17 Q.** And that was powered by an eight horsepower
 12:50:37 **18** motor; correct?
 12:50:38 **19 A.** Eight horsepower blower.
 12:50:40 **20 Q.** Okay.
 12:50:40 **21 A.** In other words, it had an eight horsepower
 12:50:43 **22** motor.
 12:50:43 **23 Q.** Okay. And you had a throttle on that to
 12:50:46 **24** control the volume of air; correct?
 12:50:47 **25 A.** Correct.
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12:50:48 **1 Q.** Okay. And inside the flow generator you had
 12:50:58 **2** a -- a flow distributor; correct?
 12:51:08 **3 A.** Yes.
 12:51:09 **4 Q.** And what was that constructed of?
 12:51:11 **5 A.** On Figure 3 you'll see it diagramed. It has
 12:51:14 **6** a -- It's constructed of a filter material, furnace
 12:51:18 **7** filter material.
 12:51:19 **8 Q.** Okay. And then you had an aluminum
 12:51:21 **9** honeycomb?
 12:51:22 **10 A.** That's right.
 12:51:23 **11 Q.** What was the purpose of the aluminum
 12:51:24 **12** honeycomb?
 12:51:25 **13 A.** It's a flow straightener. And it also
 12:51:28 **14** supports the furnace-filter interior.
 12:51:32 **15 Q.** Okay. Do you know what the filtration level
 12:51:35 **16** of the filter was?
 12:51:36 **17 A.** I don't. The filter material was used only
 12:51:37 **18** to create a pressure drop, it has no -- nothing to do
 12:51:41 **19** with filtering particles.
 12:51:42 **20 Q.** Okay. And at any time during the
 12:51:47 **21** experiments or the testing did you change the height
 12:51:49 **22** of the flow generator?
 12:51:51 **23 A.** I believe the height of the flow generator
 12:51:53 **24** was fixed.
 12:51:54 **25 Q.** Okay. All right. And then you had a -- a
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12:52:04 **1** simulation of an operating room table; correct?

12:52:07 **2** **A.** That's right.

12:52:07 **3** **Q.** What was that constructed of?

12:52:11 **4** **A.** Plywood.

12:52:11 **5** **Q.** Plywood. And explain it to me how it was

12:52:14 **6** constructed.

12:52:15 **7** **A.** Do you mean its design, or?

12:52:19 **8** **Q.** What are the dimensions?

12:52:22 **9** **A.** All right. Well I don't have my logbook in

12:52:25 **10** front of me, but we -- it was modeled upon a surgical

12:52:29 **11** table. We looked at actually buying a surgical table,

12:52:31 **12** and these are very expensive and -- and it takes time

12:52:36 **13** to get it shipped, so the simpler solution was to

12:52:40 **14** build a mock-up.

12:52:49 **15** MR. ASSAAD: I want to apologize because

12:52:50 **16** for some reason I don't have three copies of the

12:52:53 **17** logbook. But I have one, and I can use mine online.

12:52:56 **18** So let's mark this as Exhibit Number 7?

12:52:59 **19** THE REPORTER: Correct.

12:52:59 **20** (Settles Exhibit 7 marked for

12:52:59 **21** identification.)

12:52:59 **22** BY MR. ASSAAD:

12:53:15 **23** **Q.** What's been marked as Exhibit 7 is a

12:53:18 **24** logbook, a redacted logbook that was redacted by, I

12:53:22 **25** guess the attorneys in this case, that's been provided

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12:53:24 **1** to me.

12:53:24 **2** Is that the logbook you're referring to?

12:53:26 **3** **A.** Correct.

12:53:27 **4** **Q.** Okay. Now --

12:53:34 **5** **A.** If you will --

12:53:35 **6** **Q.** Before I get to the question, I just want --

12:53:37 **7** **A.** I'm sorry.

12:53:38 **8** **Q.** What has been redacted, to your knowledge,

12:53:42 **9** with respect to the first three pages or four pages?

12:53:48 **10** MR. GOSS: Hold on. I will state for the

12:53:52 **11** record that what has been redacted is notes of

12:53:56 **12** conversations with counsel and items that counsel for

12:54:00 **13** 3M deemed to be attorney work product.

12:54:07 **14** **Q.** Is anything that's been redacted any of the

12:54:09 **15** facts that you're relying upon that you used to create

12:54:12 **16** your testing method?

12:54:14 **17** **A.** I don't think so, no.

12:54:15 **18** **Q.** Okay. So let's go to the operating room

12:54:18 **19** table.

12:54:18 **20** **A.** All right.

12:54:19 **21** **Q.** So what did you look at to create your

12:54:21 **22** operating room table?

12:54:22 **23** **A.** Top left of page 7, and it's a brief sketch.

12:54:26 **24** **Q.** Wait. Hold on one second. Top page of...

12:54:28 **25** Okay.

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12:54:29 **1** **A.** The table --

12:54:31 **2** This was built of plywood, it was -- we were

12:54:33 **3** able to raise it and lower it. The typical height was

12:54:39 **4** 48 inches, the table was 20 inches wide, and I believe

12:54:46 **5** it was six feet long.

12:54:46 **6** **Q.** Okay.

12:54:47 **7** **A.** And it stood on a pedestal similar, in

12:54:50 **8** general, to the kind of pedestals that you will find

12:54:53 **9** on actual operating room tables.

12:54:55 **10** **Q.** Was it a wood pedestal or metal?

12:54:58 **11** **A.** Wood pedestal.

12:54:59 **12** **Q.** And you said it was adjustable?

12:55:01 **13** **A.** The entire device could be built up on -- on

12:55:04 **14** blocks to be raised above floor level.

12:55:08 **15** **Q.** Raiser blocks; correct?

12:55:09 **16** **A.** Yes.

12:55:10 **17** **Q.** Okay. Now throughout the entire experiment

12:55:12 **18** did you ever change the height?

12:55:13 **19** **A.** We did.

12:55:14 **20** **Q.** To what?

12:55:15 **21** **A.** In the --

12:55:17 **22** Well this refers to the material that was in

12:55:23 **23** Exhibit 1. But it was necessary to raise the height

12:55:31 **24** so that -- because the 30-inch circle of the schlieren

12:55:34 **25** mirror is not movable. So if you want to look

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12:55:38 **1** underneath the surgical table you have to raise the

12:55:42 **2** table, --

12:55:43 **3** **Q.** When you --

12:55:43 **4** **A.** -- and in this case --

12:55:44 **5** **Q.** Go ahead. I'm sorry.

12:55:45 **6** **A.** In this case, and I'm going to -- I don't

12:55:51 **7** exactly know the number of the feet that it was

12:55:56 **8** raised. Wait a minute.

12:55:59 **9** **Q.** Are we talking about on page 12 with respect

12:56:02 **10** to the -- the schlieren view of the feet? [Exhibit 1.]

12:56:05 **11** **A.** That's right. Page 12, Figure 11 a. So the

12:56:08 **12** floor level effectively was raised up to the mirror

12:56:11 **13** height around 48 inches.

12:56:17 **14** **Q.** So you raised up the floor by 48 inches.

12:56:22 **15** **A.** Or -- Or some value approaching it.

12:56:26 **16** **Q.** Is that anywhere in your notes?

12:56:28 **17** **A.** Exactly what the number was?

12:56:30 **18** **Q.** Yeah.

12:56:31 **19** **A.** I don't think so.

12:56:32 **20** **Q.** Don't you think that would have been helpful

12:56:34 **21** to determine the height of the table?

12:56:36 **22** **A.** Well actually I could get that easy

12:56:38 **23** enough -- easily enough because I know the height of

12:56:41 **24** the circle, and there's the floor [indicating].

12:56:44 **25** So although I don't have it in hand at the

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12:56:47 **1** moment, it's easy enough to determine.

12:56:49 **2** **Q.** So when you changed --

12:56:51 **3** Now you mentioned before you never changed

12:56:53 **4** the height of the flow generator; correct?

12:56:55 **5** **A.** That is correct.

12:56:56 **6** **Q.** So you raised the table, you didn't change

12:56:58 **7** the height of the flow generator; that's correct?

12:57:02 **8** **A.** As I recall now, it was not possible to --

12:57:04 **9** well it was not possible to raise the -- the downflow

12:57:07 **10** generator higher because of rafters in the building.

12:57:12 **11** To lower it didn't make any sense, it was already at

12:57:15 **12** its correct position.

12:57:16 **13** **Q.** And therefore when you raised the height of

12:57:19 **14** the operating room table you did not raise the height

12:57:21 **15** of the --

12:57:21 **16** **A.** No. That wasn't --

12:57:22 **17** **Q.** -- flow generator.

12:57:23 **18** **A.** -- that wasn't possible.

12:57:24 **19** **Q.** So I'm correct.

12:57:26 **20** **A.** You are correct.

12:57:27 **21** **Q.** Okay. So therefore the distance between the

12:57:31 **22** top of the operating room table and the flow generator

12:57:34 **23** decreased by three to four feet.

12:57:39 **24** **A.** Some distance roughly in that order.

12:57:42 **25** **Q.** Well the distance you have here is five

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12:57:46 **1** feet, according to your diagram, between the bottom of

12:57:49 **2** the flow generator and the top of the table; correct?

12:57:51 **3** **A.** Five feet.

12:57:53 **4** **Q.** Okay.

12:57:53 **5** **A.** Yeah.

12:57:54 **6** **Q.** So would it be fair to say that when you

12:57:56 **7** raised the table by three to four feet, you

12:58:02 **8** significantly decreased the distance between the flow

12:58:05 **9** generator and the top of the table?

12:58:08 **10** **A.** It would be. But let me point out that the

12:58:10 **11** only case in which that was done ended up being

12:58:14 **12** removed anyhow for another reason.

12:58:16 **13** **Q.** And you -- the reason why you removed it is

12:58:18 **14** because the testing for that part was not reliable.

12:58:21 **15** **A.** Because there was a discrepancy between my

12:58:24 **16** recollection of the test conditions and what was

12:58:27 **17** entered in the logbook.

12:58:28 **18** **Q.** And since there's a discrepancy that means

12:58:30 **19** the results are not reliable; correct?

12:58:32 **20** **A.** In that particular case I considered the

12:58:34 **21** results questionable, and therefore I removed them.

12:58:38 **22** **Q.** And "questionable" is synonymous for "not

12:58:41 **23** reliable"; correct?

12:58:42 **24** **A.** Yes.

12:58:42 **25** **Q.** Okay. Okay. So the plywood you said was,

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12:59:06 **1** I'm sorry, six feet by 20 inches?

12:59:09 **2** **A.** It's shown to be 20 inches, and in the

12:59:11 **3** diagram and my recollection of the length was six

12:59:15 **4** feet.

12:59:16 **5** **Q.** Okay. What did you use to compare your

12:59:23 **6** operating room table, did you have a sample operating

12:59:26 **7** room table that you looked at?

12:59:27 **8** **A.** I believe that we looked at material online

12:59:30 **9** and images and information on operating tables to try

12:59:35 **10** to get an impression of what was the usual case.

12:59:38 **11** **Q.** Okay. Now why did you pick 48 inches of a

12:59:45 **12** height?

13:00:09 **13** **A.** I would have to go back and check. It may

13:00:11 **14** be that the 48-inch dimension that's shown in this

13:00:16 **15** diagram at the top of page 7 of Exhibit 7 is with the

13:00:23 **16** table on top of concrete blocks so the distance from

13:00:27 **17** the floor to the tabletop is less than 48. And this

13:00:31 **18** is -- this is a number that I could determine and

13:00:34 **19** provide, but I don't have it with me at the moment.

13:00:39 **20** We tried to get the table at the regulation

13:00:43 **21** height, or something like the height of a surgical

13:00:51 **22** table, and that may be the distance in this diagram

13:00:53 **23** from the top to the wooden floorboard, but that

13:00:56 **24** already sits on top of concrete blocks that are

13:00:59 **25** several inches high.

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13:01:01 **1** **Q.** You agree with me that -- Well, strike that.

13:01:06 **2** So sitting here today you don't know the

13:01:08 **3** answer to that question; correct?

13:01:10 **4** **A.** I would have to look that up.

13:01:12 **5** **Q.** Where would you have to look it up?

13:01:13 **6** **A.** I'd go look at the actual table.

13:01:15 **7** **Q.** So that still exists.

13:01:17 **8** **A.** Oh yes.

13:01:18 **9** **Q.** Okay. The setup still exists.

13:01:19 **10** **A.** Well it's not set up for experiments now,

13:01:23 **11** but the equipment still exists.

13:01:23 **12** **Q.** Can the schlieren mirror move up and down?

13:01:27 **13** **A.** Oh no.

13:01:27 **14** **Q.** It's in one position?

13:01:28 **15** **A.** It's a very heavy device and we have no

13:01:31 **16** mechanism for translating it, and if we did this would

13:01:35 **17** require total realignment of the optics, so it -- that

13:01:40 **18** was the fixed position --

13:01:40 **19** **Q.** Okay.

13:01:41 **20** **A.** -- of the experiment.

13:01:42 **21** **Q.** Okay. Now you agree with me that the

13:01:46 **22** distance between the flow generator and the top of the

13:01:53 **23** operating room table is relevant to the results.

13:02:00 **24** **A.** I don't think it's very relevant. This is a

13:02:04 **25** uniform downflow, and so changes in height are

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13:02:09 **1** secondary importance.

13:02:11 **2** **Q.** Okay. So you believe --

13:02:13 **3** It's your expert opinion today that the flow

13:02:15 **4** coming out of the flow generator is uniform.

13:02:18 **5** **A.** Well, within a tolerance, yes.

13:02:21 **6** **Q.** What's the tolerance?

13:02:22 **7** **A.** Plus or minus 30 percent.

13:02:24 **8** **Q.** Thirty percent.

13:02:26 **9** **A.** Yes.

13:02:27 **10** **Q.** Okay. And that's not what you put in

13:02:29 **11** Exhibit 1; correct?

13:02:30 **12** **A.** What I put in Exhibit 1 unfortunately was

13:02:32 **13** more of a goal than a final result, and that's why it

13:02:35 **14** had to be corrected.

13:02:37 **15** **Q.** Well are we doing goals here or are we doing

13:02:40 **16** testing results?

13:02:42 **17** **A.** Let me clarify what I just said. In Exhibit

13:02:42 **18** --

13:02:47 **19** Where's Exhibit 1?

13:02:53 **20** So when I wrote this [Exhibit 1] late May

13:03:00 **21** the diagram says 38 per minute -- feet per minute plus

13:03:04 **22** or minus 10 percent, and when I revisited the report I

13:03:11 **23** asked myself was it really plus or minus 10 percent,

13:03:14 **24** and it turns out it wasn't that good.

13:03:17 **25** **Q.** And you would agree with me that the airflow

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13:03:20 **1** coming out of the flow generator is not uniform.

13:03:23 **2** **A.** That's correct.

13:03:24 **3** **Q.** There's actually four sections of the flow

13:03:26 **4** generator; correct?

13:03:28 **5** **A.** No. In this case --

13:03:30 **6** All right. I think you have a

13:03:33 **7** misimpression. The four sections that are shown in --

13:03:37 **8** **Q.** Let's go to page --

13:03:39 **9** **A.** Yeah, page 9. [Exhibit 7.]

13:03:40 **10** **Q.** Uh-huh.

13:03:41 **11** **A.** -- are -- we just divided this up into

13:03:44 **12** fourths in order to take measurements in four

13:03:47 **13** quadrants, but in fact there aren't any dividers or

13:03:50 **14** anything as there are in the ceiling of an actual

13:03:52 **15** operating room.

13:03:54 **16** **Q.** Okay. But you have different flow rates out

13:03:55 **17** of each section; correct?

13:03:58 **18** **A.** There --

13:03:58 **19** Depending on the measurements, there wa --

13:04:00 **20** yes, there was differences in those flow rates.

13:04:03 **21** **Q.** And we'll get that -- we'll get to that in a

13:04:04 **22** second.

13:04:05 **23** So -- So the flow generator is a constant

13:04:09 **24** height except for the one testing that you've admitted

13:04:11 **25** that's not reliable so we're just going to scrap that

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13:04:14 **1** for today.

13:04:14 **2** **A.** Very good.

13:04:15 **3** **Q.** Okay. So for all -- So when I consider --

13:04:19 **4** Let's talk about Exhibit 2 from now on. For

13:04:20 **5** all the testing that was done in Exhibit 2, the height

13:04:22 **6** of the flow generator was constant and the height of

13:04:25 **7** the table was constant.

13:04:26 **8** **A.** This is correct.

13:04:28 **9** **Q.** Okay. Now then you decided to do your

13:04:33 **10** testing; correct?

13:04:35 **11** **A.** We reached a point with the downflow

13:04:37 **12** generator that we felt we'd -- more work on it was not

13:04:42 **13** going to yield a lot of improvement and it was time to

13:04:44 **14** move forward.

13:04:45 **15** **Q.** Okay. And we'll talk about that when we put

13:04:47 **16** in the flow generator, I think that's going to be a

13:04:50 **17** big issue in this case.

13:04:51 **18** The -- For the testing, once you got the

13:04:57 **19** flow generation to what you -- the best of your

13:04:59 **20** ability, correct, you decided to do testing with the

13:05:02 **21** flow on and the flow off for different scenarios;

13:05:04 **22** correct?

13:05:05 **23** **A.** That is correct.

13:05:05 **24** **Q.** You did the candle with it on and off;

13:05:07 **25** correct?

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13:05:08 **1** **A.** Yes.

13:05:09 **2** **Q.** Okay. And you took pictures and videos;

13:05:12 **3** correct?

13:05:13 **4** **A.** For every scenario there were, generally

13:05:16 **5** speaking, two still images and one, sometimes two,

13:05:21 **6** video clips.

13:05:22 **7** **Q.** Okay. And in fact if you go to page 5, you

13:05:31 **8** produced pictures from the range of 40 to 329, whether

13:05:37 **9** or not they're videos or --

13:05:38 **10** **A.** I'm sorry. Page 5 of which?

13:05:40 **11** **Q.** Doesn't matter.

13:05:42 **12** **A.** Now I was looking at the logbook. You're

13:05:44 **13** meaning page 5 --

13:05:44 **14** **Q.** Yes. Yes.

13:05:46 **15** **A.** -- of the report.

13:05:47 **16** **Q.** Yes. Of your report.

13:05:48 **17** **A.** All right. So could you repeat your

13:05:49 **18** question, please?

13:05:50 **19** **Q.** On page 5 of your report if you look at

13:05:54 **20** eight lines up from the bottom --

13:05:56 **21** **A.** Yes.

13:05:56 **22** **Q.** -- it says, still clips and videos were

13:06:00 **23** done, I'm not going to -- I'm paraphrasing -- but DSC

13:06:03 **24** followed by the numbers of the range of 40 to 329;

13:06:06 **25** correct?

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13:06:07 **1** **A.** That's right.

13:06:07 **2** **Q.** So basically there are approximately 289

13:06:13 **3** images, whether or not they're video or -- or --

13:06:16 **4** **A.** Two hundred and forty-nine --

13:06:18 **5** **Q.** -- still or video.

13:06:19 **6** **A.** Still or video.

13:06:21 **7** **Q.** Okay. Did you produce those all to your

13:06:23 **8** counsel?

13:06:24 **9** **A.** Yes.

13:06:24 **10** **Q.** Okay. And it was in response to the

13:06:26 **11** subpoena; correct?

13:06:27 **12** **A.** Correct.

13:06:27 **13** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware that counsel has not

13:06:29 **14** produced all those videos or pictures to me?

13:06:31 **15** **A.** I am.

13:06:32 **16** **Q.** Okay. What was your understanding why that

13:06:34 **17** was not produced?

13:06:38 **18** **MR. GOSS:** Calls for speculation. You

13:06:39 **19** don't have to provide any answer on that that we

13:06:47 **20** didn't discuss.

13:06:48 **21** **Q.** What was your understanding that these

13:06:49 **22** weren't produced?

13:06:52 **23** **A.** I don't have an understanding.

13:06:53 **24** **Q.** Okay. Is there --

13:06:55 **25** Are you afraid of what these pictures show?

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13:06:57 **1** **A.** Certainly not.

13:06:58 **2** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form.

13:06:59 **3** **Q.** Okay. So why weren't they produced?

13:07:01 **4** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form.

13:07:03 **5** **A.** All right.

13:07:04 **6** **MR. GOSS:** They were provided to counsel.

13:07:06 **7** If not all of them were received, you can let me know

13:07:08 **8** and we'll review it.

13:07:10 **9** **MR. ASSAAD:** Well you know they weren't

13:07:11 **10** received, counselor, and you intentionally did not

13:07:13 **11** produce them even after the letter by Ms. Zimmerman

13:07:16 **12** today -- for today's deposition.

13:07:17 **13** **MR. GOSS:** You received a lot of videos,

13:07:19 **14** and it's my understanding that the ones that were not

13:07:23 **15** produced were either attorney work product, or they

13:07:26 **16** were redundant or duplicates of videos that were

13:07:28 **17** actually produced.

13:07:28 **18** **MR. ASSAAD:** Counselor, --

13:07:30 **19** **MR. GOSS:** That's what I can tell you.

13:07:32 **20** **MR. ASSAAD:** Counselor, do you represent

13:07:33 **21** this client here today, your expert?

13:07:34 **22** **MR. GOSS:** No, sir.

13:07:35 **23** **MR. ASSAAD:** You don't? Okay.

13:07:36 **24** **MR. GOSS:** He's my expert witness, and he's

13:07:38 **25** participating in this case as an expert witness.

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13:07:40 **1** **MR. ASSAAD:** So you don't represent him

13:07:42 **2** today as an attorney. You're not his attorney today.

13:07:44 **3** **MR. GOSS:** He relied on us to handle the

13:07:46 **4** subpoena.

13:07:46 **5** **BY MR. ASSAAD:**

13:07:47 **6** **Q.** You understand you're under subpoena;

13:07:48 **7** correct?

13:07:48 **8** **A.** Yes, sir.

13:07:49 **9** **Q.** Is he representing you in this case?

13:07:50 **10** **MR. GOSS:** With respect to the subpoena,

13:07:51 **11** yes.

13:07:52 **12** **Q.** You understand a subpoena is equivalent to a

13:07:54 **13** court order.

13:07:54 **14** **A.** Yes.

13:07:56 **15** **Q.** Okay. And you complied with it; correct?

13:07:57 **16** **A.** To the best of my ability I did.

13:07:58 **17** **Q.** And it was your --

13:07:59 **18** And it was 3M's attorneys' determination not

13:08:01 **19** to produce them to -- to counsel in this case;

13:08:05 **20** correct?

13:08:05 **21** **MR. GOSS:** Calls for speculation, lack of

13:08:07 **22** foundation.

13:08:07 **23** **A.** I don't know what happened after I produced

13:08:10 **24** the materials.

13:08:10 **25** **Q.** It wasn't your decision not to produce these

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13:08:12 **1** today to us; correct?

13:08:13 **2** **A.** It was not my decision.

13:08:15 **3** **Q.** Okay. And I take it, as a scientist, you

13:08:24 **4** are not afraid of the information or you don't want to

13:08:27 **5** hold back information in any type of testing you did;

13:08:28 **6** correct?

13:08:29 **7** **A.** I certainly do not.

13:08:30 **8** **Q.** Okay. But today we can't talk about those

13:08:32 **9** pictures and images because they were not produced to

13:08:34 **10** us. You understand that; correct?

13:08:35 **11** **MR. GOSS:** Objection to form.

13:08:39 **12** **Q.** Do you understand that?

13:08:39 **13** **A.** Let me answer the question this way. In my

13:08:44 **14** report, Exhibit 2, the images are -- that are shown

13:08:50 **15** and the videos that are called out are the ones that

13:08:54 **16** are pertinent to my opinions and my conclusions, and

13:08:57 **17** it's a selection from several hundred, some of which

13:09:07 **18** were duplicates, some of which were exposure tests

13:09:09 **19** where maybe as many as five or ten shots were made at

13:09:12 **20** different exposures, and so it's -- the report has the

13:09:19 **21** -- the results. We aren't withholding scientific

13:09:22 **22** information. No one's withholding scientific

13:09:25 **23** information, in my opinion.

13:09:27 **24** **Q.** But you agree that I do not have all the

13:09:29 **25** pictures in this case; correct?

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13:09:30 **1** **A.** I don't know what you have, sir.
 13:09:31 **2** **Q.** Well you said you were aware that not all
 13:09:33 **3** the pictures and videos were produced; correct?
 13:09:35 **4** **A.** All I know is I surrendered --
 13:09:38 **5** **Q.** Do you want me to go back to your testimony,
 13:09:39 **6** sir?
 13:09:39 **7** **MR. GOSS:** Let's -- Can we move on from
 13:09:39 **8** this?
 13:09:39 **9** **Q.** Do you want me to go back to your testimony?
 13:09:41 **10** **MR. GOSS:** We'll stipulate that you don't
 13:09:43 **11** have 289 pictures. I don't know what happened.
 13:09:45 **12** My understanding in general is that there
 13:09:47 **13** were some that were attorney work product, and some
 13:09:49 **14** that were duplicates. You can take it up with me,
 13:09:52 **15** and if there's a problem, we'll address it.
 13:09:54 **16** He's already said he doesn't know. He
 13:09:56 **17** relied on -- He provided us the pictures, and
 13:10:00 **18** whatever happened after that is up to counsel.
 13:10:03 **19** **Q.** You provided all the pictures that are
 13:10:05 **20** claimed in this report; correct? Numbers 40 to 329;
 13:10:09 **21** correct?
 13:10:09 **22** **A.** Some of those numbers had probably been
 13:10:12 **23** deleted because they were simply blank or whatever,
 13:10:15 **24** but every -- I presented -- I presented, upon
 13:10:18 **25** subpoena, everything I had.

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13:10:19 **1** **Q.** Okay. Any of the pictures you've taken, did
 13:10:24 **2** they involve 3M being involved?
 13:10:27 **3** **A.** The one picture of Peter Goss on top of the
 13:10:32 **4** surgical table was the only involvement, and that's
 13:10:35 **5** not 3M, that's 3M's legal team.
 13:10:37 **6** **Q.** Okay. Well when I say "3M" I'm talking
 13:10:39 **7** about -- I mean their legal team.
 13:10:40 **8** **A.** All right.
 13:10:40 **9** **Q.** Okay.
 13:10:41 **10** **A.** That was the only case.
 13:10:42 **11** **Q.** Okay. So besides that one picture,
 13:10:44 **12** everything else was taken regarding the testing that
 13:10:46 **13** was done; correct?
 13:10:48 **14** **A.** That's right.
 13:10:48 **15** **Q.** Okay.
 13:11:03 **16** **MR. ASSAAD:** I'd like to state for the
 13:11:05 **17** record that you've been issued a subpoena, and I --
 13:11:08 **18** based on the information you've given to me I would
 13:11:10 **19** like to say that I think you properly responded with
 13:11:12 **20** respect to the pictures in the subpoena by producing
 13:11:15 **21** them to 3M's legal team. And also state for the
 13:11:18 **22** record that 3M's legal team has not produced all the
 13:11:20 **23** pictures in this case after numerous depositions that
 13:11:23 **24** indicated that they have intentionally failed to
 13:11:26 **25** produce documents, and especially from a letter

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13:11:29 **1** issued by Miss Zimmerman a couple days ago requesting
 13:11:33 **2** that all documents relevant to the subpoena are being
 13:11:36 **3** produced, that these pictures are quite obviously
 13:11:40 **4** relevant to your -- to the testing that has been
 13:11:42 **5** performed, except for that one picture of Peter Goss
 13:11:45 **6** which personally I really don't want to see.
 13:11:47 **7** **MR. GOSS:** I think it was also produced,
 13:11:49 **8** so.
 13:11:50 **9** **MR. ASSAAD:** Well -- So I'm going to hold
 13:11:52 **10** this deposition open and I hope -- I just want to
 13:11:56 **11** make you aware that counsel's inappropriate decision
 13:11:58 **12** not to produce relevant documents pursuant to a court
 13:12:02 **13** order that has no claim to any type of privilege is
 13:12:07 **14** quite surprising and -- and therefore we will be
 13:12:15 **15** asked that you're going to have to come again to
 13:12:17 **16** discuss those pictures at a later day.
 13:12:19 **17** **MR. GOSS:** You don't have to respond to
 13:12:20 **18** that, and I disagree on the record with some of the
 13:12:23 **19** characterizations, but I don't need to get in the way
 13:12:26 **20** of this deposition continuing.
 13:12:28 **21** **MR. ASSAAD:** Okay. All right.
 13:12:29 **22** **BY MR. ASSAAD:**
 13:12:29 **23** **Q.** So with all the testing -- and from now on
 13:12:39 **24** when I talk about testing we're excluding the
 13:12:41 **25** unreliable tests that you decided to omit from Exhibit

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13:12:47 **1** 2 -- you performed numerous tests with the Bair
 13:12:50 **2** Hugger -- with the blower on -- the flow generator on
 13:12:53 **3** and the flow generator off; correct?
 13:12:56 **4** **A.** That's right.
 13:12:57 **5** **Q.** Okay. And you also did tests with the Bair
 13:12:59 **6** Hugger on and the Bair Hugger off; correct?
 13:13:01 **7** **A.** Correct.
 13:13:02 **8** **Q.** Okay. Now what was your methodology with
 13:13:07 **9** respect to how long to test? For example, you turn on
 13:13:13 **10** the flow generator, how long do you take a picture
 13:13:16 **11** with the -- with the schlieren testing to get a
 13:13:19 **12** result?
 13:13:22 **13** **A.** In other words --
 13:13:24 **14** I'm sorry. Can you -- Can I ask you to
 13:13:25 **15** rephrase that and tell me whether or not you mean
 13:13:29 **16** still image or video?
 13:13:30 **17** **Q.** Let's -- Let's put it this way. You -- The
 13:13:34 **18** flow -- Like one of the tests you test, you know, what
 13:13:37 **19** happens when you turn on the Bair Hugger above the --
 13:13:43 **20** when the image is, like, right above the mannequin;
 13:13:46 **21** correct? You're looking at -- You're looking at --
 13:13:48 **22** **A.** Can you point to the --
 13:13:48 **23** **Q.** Okay.
 13:13:50 **24** **A.** -- the image in the report?
 13:13:51 **25** **Q.** And this is just for an example purposes.

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13:13:54 **1** **A.** Yes.
 13:13:55 **2** **Q.** Okay? Let's go to image number 7, okay?
 13:13:57 **3** **A.** Figure 7.
 13:13:58 **4** **Q.** Figure 7.
 13:13:59 **5** Figure 4, I'm sorry, page 7. Figure 4, page
 13:14:02 **6** 7. Okay.
 13:14:04 **7** **A.** Figure 4, page 7.
 13:14:05 **8** **Q.** Okay. Obviously figure A is a candle that
 13:14:09 **9** the flow generator is off; correct?
 13:14:11 **10** **A.** Correct.
 13:14:12 **11** **Q.** And then you turn the flow generator on;
 13:14:14 **12** correct?
 13:14:15 **13** **A.** In Figure 4 b, that is right.
 13:14:19 **14** **Q.** Yes.
 13:14:19 **15** How long do you wait for it to become to
 13:14:22 **16** some sort of equilibrium or to see what happens with
 13:14:26 **17** respect to the effect of the thermal plume of a candle
 13:14:29 **18** before you take pictures?
 13:14:31 **19** **A.** In the candle case the change in the
 13:14:35 **20** appearance of the candle that you see in these stills
 13:14:39 **21** was almost immediate. The videos that I cited you
 13:14:44 **22** will show that.
 13:14:49 **23** **Q.** Now let's take, for example, picture number
 13:14:55 **24** -- Figure number 10, page 12. Okay.
 13:15:00 **25** **A.** All right.

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13:15:01 **1** **Q.** These are with the flow generator on;
 13:15:05 **2** correct?
 13:15:06 **3** **A.** That is correct.
 13:15:07 **4** **Q.** Okay. And that's the HotDog and -- in
 13:15:12 **5** Figure b and the Bair Hugger in figure a; correct?
 13:15:14 **6** **A.** That is correct.
 13:15:15 **7** **Q.** And the Bair Hugger's covered with a
 13:15:16 **8** blanket; correct?
 13:15:17 **9** **A.** A Bair Hugger was covered with a cotton
 13:15:20 **10** blanket and then the plastic drape.
 13:15:22 **11** **Q.** Okay. I don't see the plastic drape here, I
 13:15:25 **12** just see a blanket.
 13:15:26 **13** **A.** Well you're looking at the plastic drape but
 13:15:28 **14** it doesn't look like it because it's pink in one case
 13:15:31 **15** and kind of grayish in the other, but it is a plastic
 13:15:35 **16** drape over top -- the top of the cotton blanket.
 13:15:37 **17** **Q.** Okay. So let's step back a little bit
 13:15:40 **18** before we get to this question.
 13:15:41 **19** So you place the mannequin on the table;
 13:15:44 **20** correct?
 13:15:44 **21** **A.** Yes.
 13:15:45 **22** **Q.** Is that correct?
 13:15:46 **23** **A.** That's right.
 13:15:47 **24** **Q.** Okay. And then you cover it -- you put the
 13:15:49 **25** Bair Hugger blanket on top of it; correct?

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13:15:52 **1** **A.** Yes.
 13:15:52 **2** **Q.** And how did you put the Bair Hugger blanket
 13:15:57 **3** on top? Who did that, was that you or somebody else?
 13:16:00 **4** **A.** All right. The Bair Hugger and the HotDog
 13:16:03 **5** blankets were applied by my -- members of my group,
 13:16:10 **6** Lori and J. D. according to what they had learned from
 13:16:13 **7** watching video of 3M and the -- their experience, and
 13:16:18 **8** that was their job to put the blankets while I was
 13:16:21 **9** doing the photography.
 13:16:21 **10** **Q.** Okay.
 13:16:24 **11** **A.** I checked to make sure that I was satisfied
 13:16:26 **12** with what they did.
 13:16:27 **13** **Q.** Okay. Now the Bair Hugger blanket 522, did
 13:16:31 **14** it have arm ties?
 13:16:32 **15** **A.** Yes.
 13:16:32 **16** **Q.** Were they attached?
 13:16:33 **17** **A.** They were.
 13:16:34 **18** **Q.** Okay. Did it have tape?
 13:16:35 **19** **A.** It did.
 13:16:36 **20** **Q.** And was it attached?
 13:16:37 **21** **A.** It was.
 13:16:37 **22** **Q.** Okay. And how well does the tape seal to a
 13:16:45 **23** foam mannequin? If you know.
 13:16:52 **24** **A.** It -- From my observation of it it was a
 13:16:57 **25** good seal.

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13:16:57 **1** **Q.** When did you observe it?
 13:16:59 **2** **A.** During these tests.
 13:17:03 **3** **Q.** Okay. At what day?
 13:17:06 **4** **A.** Well we could determine what day because,
 13:17:09 **5** for example -- [clearing throat] excuse me -- for
 13:17:13 **6** example, if we're talking about Figure 10, there are
 13:17:19 **7** videos cited, 171 and 181, and in the logbook you have
 13:17:24 **8** a log of all the video numbers. So in that particular
 13:17:29 **9** case 171 and 181 would have been on -- would have been
 13:17:43 **10** on May 11th of this year.
 13:17:45 **11** **Q.** Okay. Was May 11th the only time you tested
 13:17:48 **12** the Bair Hugger blanket over --
 13:17:48 **13** **A.** No.
 13:17:55 **14** **Q.** -- on a mannequin?
 13:17:57 **15** **A.** No.
 13:17:58 **16** **Q.** Okay. What other days?
 13:17:59 **17** **A.** All right. So let's --
 13:18:00 **18** Then we can go back to, for example, Figure
 13:18:12 **19** 7, and the video numbers here are 178 and 176, and I
 13:18:18 **20** consult the logbook and those were -- well actually
 13:18:21 **21** those were also May 11th.
 13:18:23 **22** **Q.** Okay. But Figure 7 is -- you're not really
 13:18:26 **23** testing the blanket, you're testing just the blower.
 13:18:29 **24** **A.** That's right. It's an illustration.
 13:18:31 **25** **Q.** So was May 11th the only day that the Bair

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13:18:34 **1** Hugger was actually attached to a mannequin and tested
 13:18:38 **2** to see the effects on the airflow?
 13:18:43 **3** **A.** I can answer that question, but I will have
 13:18:46 **4** to check these numbers against the logbook to do so.
 13:18:54 **5** You want me to do that?
 13:19:01 **6** **Q.** Well let me rephrase it, then.
 13:19:03 **7** The only data that you provided in your
 13:19:05 **8** report with respect to the Bair Hugger's effect on
 13:19:09 **9** airflow are images in Figure 10, correct? Using
 13:19:23 **10** schlieren testing.
 13:19:24 **11** **A.** Figure 10 and 11.
 13:19:26 **12** **Q.** Figures 10 and 11. Okay.
 13:19:28 **13** **A.** And that's 280. So 280 --
 13:19:32 **14** Give me just a moment. 280 was somewhat
 13:19:37 **15** later. I believe that's May 15th. So at least on May
 13:19:46 **16** 11th and May 15th these tests were done.
 13:19:49 **17** **Q.** And your testimony today is that you are
 13:19:51 **18** confident that you tested --
 13:19:53 **19** Well let me ask you this: Between May 11th
 13:19:57 **20** and May 15th did you disassemble the drape from the
 13:20:04 **21** mannequin during that time period?
 13:20:14 **22** **A.** I would have to --
 13:20:18 **23** I cannot give you a good answer there. I
 13:20:20 **24** would have to consult my colleagues on that. It may
 13:20:26 **25** have remained in position the end of the May 11th test

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13:20:31 **1** until we tested again on the 15th, but I would be
 13:20:34 **2** guessing if I said that.
 13:20:53 **3** **Q.** On May 14th you did close-ups of the Bair
 13:20:58 **4** Hugger exit jets, which is page 17 of your notes,
 13:21:02 **5** Exhibit 3?
 13:21:02 **6** Is that Exhibit --
 13:21:06 **7** Is that Exhibit 3; am I correct?
 13:21:09 **8** **A.** Exhibit 7.
 13:21:09 **9** **Q.** Exhibit 7. I'm sorry.
 13:21:12 **10** **A.** Page 17. And figure --
 13:21:15 **11** **Q.** I don't need you to look at the figure.
 13:21:19 **12** My question is: When you did those Bair
 13:21:21 **13** Hugger exit jets did you use a different Bair Hugger
 13:21:24 **14** blanket, or did you -- or did you use the same setup
 13:21:27 **15** as in Figures 10?
 13:21:34 **16** **A.** I'm sorry. I have to -- All right. So
 13:21:36 **17** we're looking at Figure 7.
 13:21:42 **18** **Q.** Let me withdraw that question.
 13:21:43 **19** My understanding is you used a different
 13:21:46 **20** schlieren mirror for the close-up; correct?
 13:21:48 **21** **A.** Oh, the close-up.
 13:21:49 **22** **Q.** Yes.
 13:21:49 **23** **A.** I'm sorry.
 13:21:50 **24** **Q.** Isn't that what you did on May 14th? You
 13:21:52 **25** looked at the -- the exit jets, the close-ups of the

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13:21:57 **1** exit jets?
 13:21:59 **2** **A.** That's not May 14th, sir, that is May 15th.
 13:22:07 **3** **Q.** Well if you go to page 17 of Exhibit 7 it
 13:22:12 **4** says May 14th, 2017 GSS, which I assume is you, set up
 13:22:16 **5** four and a half schlieren for close-ups of Bair Hugger
 13:22:19 **6** exit jets.
 13:22:23 **7** Do you see that, sir?
 13:22:25 **8** **A.** Just a moment. (Witness reviewing exhibit.)
 13:22:36 **9** All right. You are right. On May 14th the
 13:22:40 **10** four-and-a-half inch schlieren system was set up for
 13:22:43 **11** close-ups of the Bair Hugger exit jets, flow rate, so
 13:22:49 **12** forth, and --
 13:22:51 **13** **MR. GOSS:** So wait for him to ask -- I
 13:22:53 **14** think he just asked you if that was correct.
 13:22:55 **15** **A.** That's correct.
 13:22:55 **16** **Q.** Okay. And did you use the same blanket or a
 13:22:58 **17** different blanket with respect to the close-ups?
 13:23:00 **18** **A.** That was a different brand new blanket out
 13:23:03 **19** of its package.
 13:23:04 **20** **Q.** Okay. So would it be fair to say that
 13:23:09 **21** between May 11th and May 15th it was most probable
 13:23:16 **22** that you did not disassemble the setup of the Bair
 13:23:20 **23** Hugger blanket on the mannequin?
 13:23:22 **24** **A.** It's a guess, and I'm not supposed to guess,
 13:23:24 **25** but I could determine that. I could find out that

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13:23:27 **1** information.
 13:23:27 **2** **Q.** Well unfortunately this is my one time to
 13:23:29 **3** take your deposition.
 13:23:30 **4** **A.** I -- I understand that.
 13:23:30 **5** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today you don't know
 13:23:33 **6** one way or the other.
 13:23:33 **7** **A.** I don't know for sure.
 13:23:35 **8** **Q.** And sitting here today you don't know one
 13:23:37 **9** way or another, like, how many times you checked the
 13:23:40 **10** tape seal to the mannequin.
 13:23:42 **11** **A.** Well on occasions when it was removed and
 13:23:45 **12** put back, for example, the Bair Hugger was -- blanket
 13:23:50 **13** was removed and the HotDog blanket was used, then the
 13:23:55 **14** tape seal would have been -- and the ties would have
 13:23:58 **15** been restored and checked.
 13:23:59 **16** **Q.** And how many blankets did you say you had;
 13:24:02 **17** less than five?
 13:24:04 **18** **A.** I can -- I can only say several. I don't
 13:24:05 **19** have an exact count.
 13:24:07 **20** **Q.** Okay. Is there an inventory of what you
 13:24:09 **21** received from 3M?
 13:24:14 **22** **A.** Not in writing, but I could produce that
 13:24:16 **23** information.
 13:24:21 **24** **Q.** Why were you testing HotDog again?
 13:24:24 **25** **A.** Comparison.

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13:24:25 **1** **Q.** Comparison. Why not the other
 13:24:29 **2** patient-warming devices?
 13:24:30 **3** **A.** Within the scope of what we could do with
 13:24:33 **4** the available time I felt that we could only do two
 13:24:41 **5** cases for comparison, a force -- a forced blanket and
 13:24:45 **6** a conduction blanket, and I -- I actually was not
 13:24:51 **7** aware of the -- of other conduction blankets at that
 13:24:53 **8** point.
 13:24:54 **9** **Q.** And just to refresh my recollection, you
 13:24:55 **10** received the HotDog device from 3M; correct?
 13:24:58 **11** **A.** I believe 3M provided the device, yes.
 13:25:03 **12** **Q.** All right. So -- So you guys placed the
 13:25:12 **13** blanket, the Bair Hugger blanket over the patient --
 13:25:15 **14** **A.** The mannequin, yes.
 13:25:17 **15** **Q.** The mannequin.
 13:25:17 **16** And you taped it; correct?
 13:25:19 **17** **A.** We taped it.
 13:25:20 **18** **Q.** Okay. Then you put a cotton blanket;
 13:25:23 **19** correct?
 13:25:23 **20** **A.** Correct.
 13:25:24 **21** **Q.** Was that cotton blanket provided to you by
 13:25:26 **22** 3M?
 13:25:31 **23** **A.** Not sure about that.
 13:25:32 **24** **Q.** Okay. Then a drape was placed over;
 13:25:35 **25** correct?

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13:25:35 **1** **A.** Yeah.
 13:25:36 **2** **Q.** And --
 13:25:37 **3** **A.** Correct.
 13:25:38 **4** **Q.** -- did the drape expose the knee or not
 13:25:40 **5** expose the knee?
 13:25:40 **6** **A.** It covered the knee.
 13:25:41 **7** **Q.** It covered the knee. So it was a solid
 13:25:43 **8** drape; correct?
 13:25:43 **9** **A.** Solid drape.
 13:25:45 **10** **Q.** And was it set up similar to what's marked
 13:25:47 **11** in Figure 12?
 13:25:49 **12** **A.** Figure 12 of my report.
 13:25:53 **13** **Q.** Yes.
 13:25:54 **14** **A.** Just one moment, please.
 13:25:55 **15** Figure 12, and for that matter 13, are
 13:25:58 **16** drawings that I made of the setup. They are
 13:26:02 **17** schematic, but yes, it was set up that way.
 13:26:05 **18** **Q.** Okay. So based on the schematic the drape
 13:26:07 **19** doesn't go down to the floor; correct?
 13:26:10 **20** **A.** It does not.
 13:26:11 **21** **Q.** Okay. And do you know how -- what that
 13:26:13 **22** distance is?
 13:26:15 **23** **A.** I can determine it, but I don't have an
 13:26:17 **24** exact number right now.
 13:26:19 **25** **Q.** How would you determine it?

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13:26:20 **1** **A.** I'd measure it.
 13:26:21 **2** **Q.** If you went back to the --
 13:26:23 **3** **A.** Umm-hmm.
 13:26:23 **4** **Q.** -- to the -- to your --
 13:26:24 **5** **A.** Yes.
 13:26:25 **6** **Q.** Okay. But we can't do that today, can we?
 13:26:28 **7** **A.** No, we can't.
 13:26:30 **8** **Q.** Okay. Did the drape cover the feet or not
 13:26:32 **9** cover the feet?
 13:26:32 **10** **A.** As shown here, it did not cover the feet.
 13:26:34 **11** **Q.** Okay. Did the drape cover the Bair Hugger
 13:26:36 **12** blanket?
 13:26:36 **13** **A.** It did, although this diagram doesn't
 13:26:39 **14** exactly make that clear.
 13:26:42 **15** **Q.** Did it cover the hands or not cover the
 13:26:42 **16** hands?
 13:26:46 **17** **A.** If you will look at the next figure, then
 13:26:48 **18** I've shown it covering the hands.
 13:26:50 **19** **Q.** Oh, I can't tell if that's the drape or the
 13:26:52 **20** Bair Hugger blanket.
 13:26:53 **21** **A.** That's the drape.
 13:26:54 **22** **Q.** Okay.
 13:26:56 **23** **A.** It says "drape" on the lower left corner.
 13:27:01 **24** **Q.** Okay. Fair enough. I missed that.
 13:27:03 **25** Okay. Now before you did any testing did

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13:27:10 **1** you submit any pictures to 3M to say, this is our test
 13:27:13 **2** setup, you know, is this what occurs in a typical
 13:27:17 **3** operating room?
 13:27:18 **4** **A.** I did not.
 13:27:19 **5** **Q.** Okay. You did your sol --
 13:27:21 **6** This whole diagram and setup is totally
 13:27:24 **7** based on a video provided to you by 3M; correct?
 13:27:27 **8** **A.** The video which was -- we found it -- we
 13:27:33 **9** watched it on the internet, is just pertinent to the
 13:27:36 **10** draping.
 13:27:38 **11** **Q.** That is my point. With respect to the
 13:27:40 **12** draping.
 13:27:40 **13** **A.** That was our primary resource for draping,
 13:27:42 **14** that's right.
 13:27:43 **15** **Q.** And there was only one drape; correct?
 13:27:45 **16** **A.** Yes. That's right.
 13:27:46 **17** **Q.** Okay. Do you know how many drapes are used
 13:27:51 **18** in a typical knee or hip arthroplasty?
 13:27:55 **19** **A.** Well I know it's more elaborate than what we
 13:27:58 **20** have here.
 13:28:00 **21** **Q.** Okay. And do you know whether or not the
 13:28:02 **22** drapes are permeable or impermeable?
 13:28:05 **23** **A.** These are plastic drapes that appear to be
 13:28:08 **24** impermeable.
 13:28:09 **25** **Q.** Okay. And do you know, in a typical

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13:28:15 **1** operation, surgical hip or knee arthroplasty, whether
 13:28:18 **2** or not the drape covers the feet or not covers the
 13:28:20 **3** feet?
 13:28:21 **4** **A.** In a hip arthroplasty.
 13:28:24 **5** **Q.** Or knee.
 13:28:26 **6** **A.** I don't know.
 13:28:28 **7** **Q.** Okay.
 13:28:40 **8** MR. GOSS: It's about 1:30, I'm getting a
 13:28:43 **9** little peckish.
 13:28:44 **10** MR. ASSAAD: Okay. Let me just finish the
 13:28:46 **11** methodology.
 13:28:47 **12** **Q.** Okay. So you do the setup here as what's in
 13:28:49 **13** Figure 12; correct?
 13:28:51 **14** **A.** Figure 12.
 13:28:52 **15** **Q.** Okay. And is the draping the same with the
 13:28:56 **16** Bair -- when you used the HotDog?
 13:28:57 **17** **A.** Yes.
 13:28:58 **18** **Q.** Okay. Did you use a blanket, cotton blanket
 13:29:01 **19** over the HotDog?
 13:29:03 **20** **A.** Yes.
 13:29:05 **21** **Q.** Because I don't see a blanket over the
 13:29:06 **22** HotDog in Figure Number 10.
 13:29:09 **23** **A.** One moment. I'll take... (Witness
 13:29:09 **24** reviewing exhibit.)
 13:29:16 **25** Well, and actually I don't think you see it
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13:29:18 **1** in -- Figure 10 a is the Bair Hugger, and Figure 10 b
 13:29:22 **2** is the HotDog, and the cotton blanket really isn't
 13:29:26 **3** visible in either one, but we did use a cotton blanket
 13:29:29 **4** in every case.
 13:29:30 **5** **Q.** Okay.
 13:29:30 **6** **A.** So it's there, it's just covered by the
 13:29:33 **7** drape.
 13:29:34 **8** **Q.** Do you know whether or not the instructions
 13:29:35 **9** for the HotDog require a cotton blanket?
 13:29:41 **10** **A.** I don't.
 13:29:41 **11** **Q.** Okay.
 13:29:42 **12** **A.** But I wanted to be -- I wanted these to be
 13:29:44 **13** as comparable as possible.
 13:29:46 **14** **Q.** So you want to make things as exact as
 13:29:47 **15** possible; correct?
 13:29:48 **16** **A.** I'm interested in the difference between the
 13:29:51 **17** conduction blanket and the forced-air blanket, so I'd
 13:29:54 **18** like to keep -- control conditions like that as much
 13:29:58 **19** as possible.
 13:29:59 **20** **Q.** You try to --
 13:30:00 **21** You try to have as least amount of variables
 13:30:02 **22** as possible; correct?
 13:30:03 **23** **A.** Least amount --
 13:30:04 **24** Least amount of variables as possible,
 13:30:06 **25** control variables, yes.
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13:30:08 **1** **Q.** Okay. And you would agree with me that what
 13:30:10 **2** you did in this experiment or this testing has many
 13:30:18 **3** different variables and situations as to what goes on
 13:30:21 **4** in an operating room; correct?
 13:30:22 **5** **A.** Well are you -- are you referring to the
 13:30:24 **6** draping, or are you referring to something else?
 13:30:26 **7** **Q.** The airflow is different, what you did here
 13:30:30 **8** than in an operating room; correct?
 13:30:31 **9** **A.** The downflow?
 13:30:32 **10** **Q.** Yeah.
 13:30:33 **11** **A.** We did our very best to provide the same
 13:30:36 **12** face velocity on our downflow generator as what
 13:30:39 **13** happens in the operating room, but --
 13:30:42 **14** **Q.** Your face velocity had an error of plus or
 13:30:44 **15** minus 30 percent; correct?
 13:30:47 **16** **A.** Correct.
 13:30:48 **17** **Q.** Are the downflow airflow in an operating
 13:30:51 **18** room have a velocity difference of plus or minus 30
 13:30:53 **19** percent?
 13:30:54 **20** **A.** More than that.
 13:30:55 **21** **Q.** You think so?
 13:30:55 **22** **A.** Look at the boundary conditions stated by
 13:30:57 **23** Professor Elghobashi, and -- which I think he got from
 13:31:01 **24** -- reasonably from louvered ceiling diffusers in an
 13:31:06 **25** operating room, and you will see that there are
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13:31:09 **1** sections of filter and there are solid, I guess,
 13:31:13 **2** support sections. So if you take face velocity across
 13:31:17 **3** that you will go from a hundred percent downflow to
 13:31:21 **4** zero, which is much more than the difference that we
 13:31:23 **5** had.
 13:31:23 **6** **Q.** Do you think --
 13:31:24 **7** It's your testimony today that the airflow
 13:31:27 **8** along the width or the length of the ventilation vent
 13:31:33 **9** that Elghobashi used changes, or are you talking about
 13:31:35 **10** the area where there are no vents?
 13:31:37 **11** **A.** The area where there are no vents, the
 13:31:39 **12** solid.
 13:31:39 **13** **Q.** Okay. But we're not talking about that here
 13:31:41 **14** because you had a solid diffuser -- flow generator;
 13:31:44 **15** correct?
 13:31:45 **16** **A.** We're talking about it --
 13:31:46 **17** Or I'm talking about it because if you look
 13:31:48 **18** at the downflow in the real operating room vents
 13:31:51 **19** you've got a section that generates downflow and then
 13:31:53 **20** you've got a dead zone. So then if you measure across
 13:31:57 **21** you'll have a discrepancy, big discrepancy in velocity
 13:32:00 **22** every time you come to the dead zone. The flow tends
 13:32:03 **23** to even out due to turbulent mixing as it comes down.
 13:32:07 **24** My feeling on this is that if you get the
 13:32:10 **25** face velocity right, the variations plus or minus tend
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13:32:15 **1** to come out in the wash, so to speak, in the turbulent
 13:32:18 **2** mixing as the downflow falls.
 13:32:21 **3** **Q.** What was the face velocity right above the
 13:32:23 **4** surgical site?
 13:32:25 **5** **A.** In our experiment.
 13:32:26 **6** **Q.** Yes.
 13:32:26 **7** **A.** It was 38 feet per minute plus or minus our
 13:32:30 **8** tolerance.
 13:32:31 **9** **Q.** Where is that measured?
 13:32:32 **10** **A.** That's measured at four different locations
 13:32:35 **11** below the downflow generator, --
 13:32:36 **12** **Q.** Where?
 13:32:37 **13** **A.** -- and averaged.
 13:32:38 **14** **Q.** Where below the downflow?
 13:32:39 **15** **A.** You'll see this in my logbook.
 13:32:41 **16** **Q.** Sure. What page?
 13:32:51 **17** **A.** Page 9, just below the center of the page on
 13:32:54 **18** the left. And there's no physical division here, but
 13:32:59 **19** we divided it up into fourths in order to take
 13:33:01 **20** velocity readings, A, B, C and D, and then these
 13:33:06 **21** readings are tabulated for tests in which we were
 13:33:09 **22** trying to even the flow as much as we could.
 13:33:12 **23** **Q.** There was five feet between the top of the
 13:33:14 **24** table and the bottom of the flow generator; correct?
 13:33:17 **25** **A.** That is -- according to the diagram on

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13:33:22 **1** Figure 7, is correct.
 13:33:23 **2** **Q.** Okay. At what point did you -- did you test
 13:33:26 **3** the flow, the velocity underneath the flow generator
 13:33:30 **4** at?
 13:33:31 **5** **A.** That's face velocity, it's directly
 13:33:34 **6** underneath the generator.
 13:33:35 **7** **Q.** Directly underneath --
 13:33:35 **8** **A.** Directly underneath.
 13:33:36 **9** **Q.** -- the generator; --
 13:33:37 **10** **A.** Yes.
 13:33:38 **11** **Q.** -- correct?
 13:33:38 **12** **A.** Face velocity.
 13:33:38 **13** **Q.** Okay.
 13:33:39 **14** **A.** That's the definition.
 13:33:39 **15** **Q.** So sitting here today you don't know when
 13:33:42 **16** the -- when the different areas mixed, what the
 13:33:44 **17** velocity was when it reached the mannequin; correct?
 13:33:47 **18** **A.** We -- We didn't take velocity profiles
 13:33:50 **19** anywhere except face velocity.
 13:33:51 **20** **Q.** So the answer to my question is "that is
 13:33:54 **21** correct, sir."
 13:33:55 **22** **A.** Could you repeat your question?
 13:33:57 **23** **Q.** You did not take any velocity measurements
 13:33:59 **24** right above the -- where the -- above the mannequin
 13:34:04 **25** during -- during your testing; correct?

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13:34:06 **1** **A.** Not correct, because in the early testing
 13:34:09 **2** you will -- I don't know how well annotated it is, but
 13:34:12 **3** we began by placing the anemometer approximately one
 13:34:19 **4** -- one and a half feet -- I don't want to guess. I
 13:34:22 **5** can go look this measurement up or discuss it with my
 13:34:25 **6** colleagues. And taking a measurement directly above
 13:34:27 **7** the table like so. But then I realized that the
 13:34:31 **8** pertinent measurement is the face velocity, not at any
 13:34:35 **9** point directly above the mannequin.
 13:34:37 **10** **Q.** So let me ask you a question. Right above
 13:34:40 **11** the knee, the surgical site in this case, you were
 13:34:45 **12** pretending to be a knee surgery; correct? It was --
 13:34:45 **13** **A.** Yes.
 13:34:48 **14** **Q.** -- simulated of a knee surgery; correct?
 13:34:50 **15** **A.** Yes.
 13:34:51 **16** **Q.** What is the face velocity right above the
 13:34:53 **17** knee?
 13:34:54 **18** **A.** "Face velocity," that term, refers to the
 13:34:57 **19** measurement directly underneath the --
 13:35:00 **20** **Q.** Okay. I'm asking you this --
 13:35:01 **21** **A.** What is the --
 13:35:02 **22** You're asking what is the actual velocity.
 13:35:03 **23** **Q.** What's the actual face velocity right above
 13:35:05 **24** the knee?
 13:35:12 **25** **A.** I --

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13:35:12 **1** MR. GOSS: You can answer if you understand
 13:35:14 **2** the question. If your --
 13:35:14 **3** MR. ASSAAD: He understands the question.
 13:35:15 **4** MR. GOSS: -- terminology is different, you
 13:35:16 **5** can explain.
 13:35:17 **6** **Q.** Do you understand the question?
 13:35:18 **7** **A.** Well I understand the question, but I have
 13:35:22 **8** to -- if you will beg my -- I beg your pardon, I have
 13:35:25 **9** to correct your terminology.
 13:35:26 **10** "Face velocity" only refers to that
 13:35:29 **11** measurement --
 13:35:30 **12** **Q.** Fair enough.
 13:35:30 **13** **A.** -- right here.
 13:35:30 **14** Where velocity --
 13:35:33 **15** **Q.** What is the velocity?
 13:35:34 **16** What's the velocity right above the knee?
 13:35:36 **17** **A.** We did not measure that.
 13:35:37 **18** **Q.** Okay. What's the velocity above the Bair
 13:35:39 **19** Hugger blanket?
 13:35:40 **20** **A.** Once again, for -- for these tests that are
 13:35:41 **21** shown here we measured only the face velocity, and
 13:35:43 **22** this is -- I think you will see in the ASHRAE manual
 13:35:47 **23** that this is how they check the flow rate and the
 13:35:54 **24** performance in the actual clean room.
 13:35:56 **25** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware of any --

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13:35:57 **1** Now we're talking a different face velocity
 13:35:59 **2** along the entire flow generator; correct? The four --
 13:36:04 **3** The four by five foot --
 13:36:06 **4** **A.** Well there were differences.
 13:36:07 **5** **Q.** Different quadrants. Okay.
 13:36:09 **6** **A.** There were differences.
 13:36:10 **7** **Q.** And did you measure the center of each
 13:36:12 **8** quadrant?
 13:36:12 **9** **A.** Yes.
 13:36:13 **10** **Q.** Okay. Now you agree with me that the --
 13:36:18 **11** based on the fact that there's different face
 13:36:20 **12** velocities coming out of different quadrants, the air
 13:36:23 **13** coming out of the flow generator has a much higher
 13:36:28 **14** Reynolds number than what's probably coming out of an
 13:36:31 **15** operating room vent.
 13:36:35 **16** **A.** I'm sorry. I don't understand that.
 13:36:37 **17** **Q.** You don't know what Reynolds number is?
 13:36:39 **18** **A.** Of course I know what Reynolds number is --
 13:36:41 **19** **Q.** Okay.
 13:36:41 **20** **A.** -- but I don't understand your --
 13:36:43 **21** Much higher where?
 13:36:44 **22** **Q.** Coming -- There's a Rey --
 13:36:46 **23** There's a velocity and a -- and a Reynolds
 13:36:49 **24** number right below -- at the face velocity there's
 13:36:51 **25** going to be a Reynolds number, correct, for each

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13:36:54 **1** quadrant?
 13:36:54 **2** **A.** If you know the velocity you could compute
 13:36:56 **3** the Reynolds number, yes.
 13:36:57 **4** **Q.** And you know the velocity for each different
 13:36:59 **5** quadrant; correct?
 13:37:01 **6** **A.** Yes. So there -- there would be a variation
 13:37:03 **7** in Reynolds number --
 13:37:03 **8** **Q.** Okay.
 13:37:04 **9** **A.** -- due to the fact that there are variations
 13:37:06 **10** in velocity.
 13:37:07 **11** **Q.** And it's your testimony today, just so I'm
 13:37:12 **12** clear, that you believe that the air coming out of a
 13:37:19 **13** duct -- and I'm not talking about the dead spots --
 13:37:24 **14** the actual diffuser, has different face velocities in
 13:37:28 **15** an operating room?
 13:37:31 **16** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form,
 13:37:35 **17** mischaracterizes. You can explain.
 13:37:37 **18** **A.** I don't have those data in --
 13:37:37 **19** **Q.** Okay.
 13:37:40 **20** **A.** -- an actual operating room.
 13:37:42 **21** **Q.** Okay. You would agree with me that if you
 13:37:43 **22** look at Elghobashi's report, that yes, there are dead
 13:37:48 **23** spots, but the face velocity coming out of each duct
 13:37:51 **24** is constant.
 13:37:53 **25** **A.** That was his boundary condition, and I don't

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13:37:55 **1** disagree with it.
 13:37:56 **2** **Q.** And actually he created a -- a simulated
 13:38:00 **3** duct going up --
 13:38:00 **4** **A.** Yes.
 13:38:01 **5** **Q.** -- to show --
 13:38:02 **6** **A.** I know.
 13:38:02 **7** **Q.** -- that that needs to be calculated to get
 13:38:04 **8** the right face velocity; correct?
 13:38:06 **9** **MR. GOSS:** Please wait for him to finish
 13:38:07 **10** his question, then you can answer.
 13:38:09 **11** **Q.** Correct?
 13:38:13 **12** **A.** He created a simulated duct. Yes. Correct.
 13:38:16 **13** **Q.** Dr. Abraham did not do that; correct?
 13:38:19 **14** **A.** I don't think so.
 13:38:20 **15** **Q.** Okay. And would it be fair that you do not
 13:38:51 **16** know the mass flow coming out of each quadrant;
 13:38:53 **17** correct?
 13:38:55 **18** **A.** I can certainly -- [clearing throat] excuse
 13:38:55 **19** me.
 13:38:57 **20** I can certainly calculate it, because I know
 13:39:01 **21** the velocity. It's a constant density/constant
 13:39:06 **22** pressure situation.
 13:39:07 **23** **Q.** Okay. But then you would agree with me that
 13:39:11 **24** since there's different velocities coming out of the
 13:39:14 **25** different qua -- the theoretical quadrants of the flow

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13:39:18 **1** generator, there'll be different mass flows.
 13:39:21 **2** **A.** At the face.
 13:39:22 **3** **Q.** Okay. And you mentioned before that at some
 13:39:28 **4** point it would just all mix together and be constant;
 13:39:30 **5** correct?
 13:39:32 **6** **A.** It certainly mixes out, and this is why in
 13:39:34 **7** the -- the clean -- in the operating room the lands
 13:39:41 **8** between these diffusers don't really end up having an
 13:39:44 **9** effect when you get down to the patient level. They
 13:39:47 **10** don't create dead spots because turbulent mixing mixes
 13:39:50 **11** this out.
 13:39:51 **12** **Q.** You agree but all the diffusers are at a
 13:39:55 **13** constant face velocity; correct?
 13:39:57 **14** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form. Which
 13:39:59 **15** diffusers?
 13:39:59 **16** **Q.** They spend a --
 13:40:00 **17** They spend a lot of money designing HVAC
 13:40:02 **18** systems --
 13:40:02 **19** **A.** Well, right.
 13:40:02 **20** **Q.** -- for ORs; correct?
 13:40:04 **21** **A.** I don't know the face velocity.
 13:40:05 **22** **Q.** Okay. So you -- you don't know one way or
 13:40:07 **23** another whether or not the face velocities for each of
 13:40:07 **24** the --
 13:40:07 **25** **A.** I could --

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13:40:07 **1 Q.** -- each of the diffusers --
 13:40:15 **2 A.** I could make --
 13:40:15 **3** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 13:40:15 **4 Q.** -- for each of the diffusers are a constant
 13:40:15 **5** or not; correct?
 13:40:15 **6 A.** I would be guessing.
 13:40:16 **7 Q.** Okay. Now the flow generator did not
 13:40:40 **8** provide any cooling effect; correct? It was taking
 13:40:43 **9** room temperature air and just blowing it down;
 13:40:45 **10** correct?
 13:40:46 **11 A.** That's correct.
 13:40:46 **12 Q.** That's different than what occurs in an OR;
 13:40:48 **13** correct?
 13:40:53 **14 A.** I think it is different, yes.
 13:41:04 **15 Q.** I mean the cooling effect, the cold air
 13:41:08 **16** coming in an OR is from the diffusers up top; correct?
 13:41:12 **17 A.** Yes.
 13:41:12 **18 Q.** Okay. So that is another variable that is
 13:41:19 **19** not accounted for in your testing; correct?
 13:41:24 **20 A.** What is another variable?
 13:41:25 **21 Q.** The difference in temperature between the
 13:41:29 **22** air supply and the rest of the room.
 13:41:42 **23 A.** I'm trying to understand your question. Is
 13:41:50 **24** --
 13:41:50 **25 Q.** Where --

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13:42:38 **1 Q.** -- I read your report.
 13:42:39 **2** Just answer my question, please.
 13:42:40 **3 A.** Could you repeat the question?
 13:42:42 **4 Q.** Does the air --
 13:42:43 **5** When you close all the windows and the
 13:42:44 **6** garage, does the air get warmer inside the warehouse?
 13:42:48 **7 A.** We never had a situation when it was
 13:42:50 **8** hermetically sealed like that.
 13:42:50 **9 Q.** Okay.
 13:42:51 **10 A.** We kept it ventilated to the outside.
 13:42:54 **11 Q.** What temperature of -- was the air that the
 13:42:57 **12** flow generator was drawing from?
 13:43:00 **13 A.** In -- In general, the same temperature as
 13:43:03 **14** the room air that would be measured by a thermocouple
 13:43:07 **15** in the room.
 13:43:08 **16 Q.** Okay. During your testing were the windows
 13:43:11 **17** open?
 13:43:12 **18 A.** There was -- I wouldn't say windows.
 13:43:14 **19** There was ventilation to the outside to
 13:43:19 **20** maintain -- to avoid pressure changes.
 13:43:21 **21 Q.** Let's talk about pressure.
 13:43:22 **22 A.** All right.
 13:43:23 **23 Q.** Was it --
 13:43:23 **24** Was the area positively pressured?
 13:43:24 **25 A.** No.

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13:41:51 **1** Let me rephrase it. You have this
 13:41:53 **2** warehouse; correct?
 13:41:53 **3 A.** Yes.
 13:41:54 **4 Q.** What's the HVAC system in the warehouse?
 13:41:57 **5 A.** There is -- [Clearing throat] is no HVAC
 13:41:59 **6** system. It's open air.
 13:42:04 **7 Q.** It's open air?
 13:42:05 **8 A.** It's open to the outside by way of windows
 13:42:08 **9** and a -- and a large garage door. It's not
 13:42:11 **10** ventilated.
 13:42:11 **11 Q.** So it's an unventilated --
 13:42:13 **12 A.** It's unventilated.
 13:42:15 **13 Q.** So the temperature is -- is based on what
 13:42:17 **14** the outside temperature is?
 13:42:19 **15 A.** Similar to the outside temperature.
 13:42:20 **16 Q.** Okay. Is it warmer or colder than the
 13:42:23 **17** outside temperature?
 13:42:24 **18 A.** Depends on circumstances.
 13:42:25 **19 Q.** Well with the windows closed is it warmer or
 13:42:28 **20** colder? With everything closed does it warm up inside
 13:42:32 **21** at all?
 13:42:33 **22 A.** We measured the temperature on the inside.
 13:42:35 **23** I don't have --
 13:42:35 **24 Q.** Sir, I know what you did, --
 13:42:37 **25 A.** -- very good measurements on the outside.

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13:43:25 **1 Q.** No.
 13:43:26 **2 A.** This is --
 13:43:26 **3 Q.** Just answer my questions. That's all I'm
 13:43:28 **4** asking.
 13:43:29 **5 A.** No.
 13:43:29 **6 Q.** "No." Okay.
 13:43:31 **7** Was the garage door open?
 13:43:34 **8 A.** In some cases.
 13:43:37 **9 Q.** Okay. So in some cases they were, in some
 13:43:39 **10** cases they weren't?
 13:43:41 **11 A.** I'm saying that the communication to the
 13:43:44 **12** outside could be by way of a partially opened garage
 13:43:50 **13** door or by windows.
 13:43:51 **14 Q.** Was that --
 13:43:52 **15** Was that taken into account to keep the
 13:43:54 **16** variables as least as possible when you were doing
 13:43:56 **17** your testing?
 13:43:57 **18 A.** It was generally to just avoid
 13:44:08 **19** pressurization or avoid pressure differences from the
 13:44:10 **20** inside to outside.
 13:44:12 **21 Q.** Okay. You didn't measure pressure
 13:44:18 **22** throughout your whole testing; correct?
 13:44:21 **23 A.** Well the assumption is, and the pressure was
 13:44:23 **24** assumed, we didn't measure it, is local barometric
 13:44:26 **25** pressure.

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13:44:26 **1** **Q.** Okay. You agree with me that --

13:45:00 **2** Let's be realistic. You agree with me you

13:45:03 **3** didn't simulate an OR in your experiments; correct?

13:45:06 **4** **A.** We did a simulation of the downflow --

13:45:09 **5** **Q.** That wasn't my question. That wasn't my

13:45:11 **6** question, sir.

13:45:11 **7** MR. GOSS: Wait. Let him answer.

13:45:13 **8** MR. ASSAAD: No. I want him to answer my

13:45:15 **9** questions. If you want to ask him questions, you

13:45:16 **10** can.

13:45:17 **11** **Q.** Answer my question.

13:45:17 **12** MR. GOSS: He's going to answer your

13:45:17 **13** question --

13:45:17 **14** **Q.** Did you simulate --

13:45:19 **15** MR. GOSS: -- to the best of his abilities.

13:45:21 **16** **Q.** -- an operating room in this case?

13:45:24 **17** **A.** Are you referring to a perfect simulation in

13:45:27 **18** every respect?

13:45:28 **19** **Q.** To any operating room you've ever seen.

13:45:30 **20** Is there any operating room that this

13:45:33 **21** simulates; from the size, to the amount of people, to

13:45:35 **22** the airflow, to the pressure, to the devices inside

13:45:42 **23** the operating room?

13:45:44 **24** **A.** No.

13:45:45 **25** **Q.** Okay. You agree with me that all those

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13:45:55 **1** variables; the size of the room, as we discussed

13:45:58 **2** before, pressure, temperature gradient, persons,

13:46:06 **3** affect the airflow in an operating room. In a room in

13:46:09 **4** general, but especially in an operating room; correct?

13:46:12 **5** **A.** I'm sorry. I didn't hear a question there.

13:46:15 **6** **Q.** You agree with me that people, heat sources

13:46:20 **7** --

13:46:20 **8** **A.** Oh, "affect."

13:46:22 **9** **Q.** Okay.

13:46:23 **10** -- the air supply, the air return, the

13:46:26 **11** pressure and other heat sources affect the airflow in

13:46:33 **12** an operating room; correct?

13:46:35 **13** **A.** Correct.

13:46:36 **14** **Q.** Okay. Do you know what effect on your

13:47:15 **15** results if the cooling load of the room was provided

13:47:23 **16** through the flow generator in which the air coming out

13:47:27 **17** of there would have been 59 degrees or 60 degrees

13:47:30 **18** Celsius?

13:47:39 **19** **A.** I'm -- I don't know how to answer that as

13:47:41 **20** phrased.

13:47:42 **21** Are you asking if I were to provide cooled

13:47:46 **22** air rather than room temperature air?

13:47:47 **23** **Q.** Yes.

13:47:49 **24** **A.** As far as what we were trying to do I don't

13:47:52 **25** think it makes a lot of difference.

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13:47:54 **1** **Q.** Okay. But it could make a difference.

13:47:56 **2** **A.** I don't think so.

13:47:57 **3** **Q.** And your basis behind that?

13:47:59 **4** **A.** We are trying to see the --

13:48:02 **5** We're not trying to simulate a whole clean

13:48:05 **6** room in all that de -- or operating room in all that

13:48:08 **7** detail. We're trying to see the downflow and its

13:48:11 **8** interaction locally with patient-warming blankets and

13:48:16 **9** with a mannequin on top of a surgical table. It's a

13:48:22 **10** -- the subsection, the core of the operating room.

13:48:25 **11** Simulating the entire operating room was not feasible.

13:48:30 **12** **Q.** First law of thermodynamics, conservation of

13:48:33 **13** energy; correct?

13:48:34 **14** **A.** First law of thermodynamics is the

13:48:38 **15** conservation of energy principle.

13:48:39 **16** **Q.** And you don't disagree with that, the first

13:48:40 **17** law of thermodynamics.

13:48:42 **18** **A.** I'd be a fool to disagree with that.

13:48:44 **19** **Q.** Okay. You would agree that if you took a

13:48:46 **20** room such as this, kept everything the same and we put

13:48:50 **21** a Bair Hugger in here and left it on, at some point

13:48:53 **22** the temperature would increase; correct?

13:48:57 **23** **A.** What temperature?

13:49:00 **24** **Q.** Room temperature.

13:49:02 **25** **A.** Are you assuming a closed room? What

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13:49:07 **1** about --

13:49:07 **2** **Q.** Exactly this room.

13:49:08 **3** **A.** -- the ventilation?

13:49:10 **4** **Q.** Ventilation's on.

13:49:12 **5** **A.** It's a question of whether the ventilation

13:49:14 **6** could handle the heat load provided by the Bair

13:49:18 **7** Hugger, and I don't know the answer to that.

13:49:20 **8** **Q.** Well everything's constant, okay? So where

13:49:26 **9** would that energy go that -- of blowing into the air?

13:49:32 **10** You'd have to agree that it raises -- it might not

13:49:34 **11** raise it significantly, but it's going to raise it at

13:49:36 **12** some point.

13:49:37 **13** **A.** Steady state it would raise the temperature

13:49:39 **14** slightly.

13:49:40 **15** **Q.** Okay. By the way, was your experiments at

13:49:42 **16** steady state?

13:49:43 **17** **A.** We tried to be, yes.

13:49:44 **18** **Q.** But were they?

13:49:45 **19** **A.** Yes.

13:49:46 **20** **Q.** Okay.

13:49:48 **21** MR. GOSS: Are we about done with

13:49:49 **22** methodology?

13:49:50 **23** MR. ASSAAD: No, not yet. Give me 10 more

13:49:53 **24** minutes.

13:49:54 **25** **Q.** Now --

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13:49:54 **1** MR. GOSS: I'll try not to eat my hand.
 13:49:56 **2** MR. ASSAAD: That's fine.
 13:49:56 **3** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 13:49:57 **4** **Q.** Now with -- Let's move on.
 13:50:02 **5** So you have the flow generator on and off
 13:50:04 **6** and the Bair Hugger on and off for different -- okay,
 13:50:08 **7** for different testing, okay. So you set up the
 13:50:10 **8** patient and you look and you do schlieren testing with
 13:50:13 **9** the Bair Hugger -- with the flow generation off --
 13:50:18 **10** Strike that.
 13:50:18 **11** Did you do any testing with the flow
 13:50:20 **12** generator off and the Bair Hugger on?
 13:50:26 **13** **A.** I think we have an image. I'm not sure.
 13:50:42 **14** (Witness reviewing exhibit.) All right. The images
 13:51:01 **15** that I've reported here were all with the downflow on.
 13:51:08 **16** And your question is did we do any image with the
 13:51:11 **17** downflow off --
 13:51:13 **18** **Q.** Yes.
 13:51:14 **19** **A.** -- and the Bair Hugger on.
 13:51:15 **20** I'm going to have to check the logbook, but
 13:51:18 **21** I can answer that. I can't give you an immediate
 13:51:21 **22** answer.
 13:51:21 **23** **Q.** Okay. Now you turned -- you --
 13:51:25 **24** So let me get this straight. You -- You set
 13:51:28 **25** it up with the blanket, the Bair Hugger blanket, the
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13:51:32 **1** cotton blanket and the drape on the mannequin, you
 13:51:34 **2** check everything and the flow generator is on;
 13:51:38 **3** correct?
 13:51:42 **4** **A.** During setup.
 13:51:43 **5** **Q.** Or before you start the testing.
 13:51:46 **6** **A.** Well in --
 13:51:47 **7** I mean if you look at these cases that I
 13:51:49 **8** cite, most of the cases are with the downflow
 13:51:52 **9** generator on.
 13:51:53 **10** **Q.** Okay. The downflow generator's on,
 13:51:56 **11** everything is set up, the mirrors are correct, this
 13:51:59 **12** and that.
 13:51:59 **13** **A.** Yes.
 13:52:00 **14** **Q.** Okay. And you filmed -- you do a schlieren
 13:52:02 **15** pictures with the Bair Hugger off; correct?
 13:52:06 **16** **A.** "Off."
 13:52:07 **17** **Q.** Yes. Because you want to see the change;
 13:52:10 **18** correct?
 13:52:11 **19** **A.** Yes.
 13:52:11 **20** **Q.** Okay. It might not be depicted here, but I
 13:52:14 **21** --
 13:52:14 **22** **A.** Yes. Yes.
 13:52:15 **23** **Q.** -- I'm going to assume that you told me you
 13:52:17 **24** took pictures with it off; okay?
 13:52:19 **25** I don't have those pictures, but supposedly
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13:52:22 **1** they're taken. Okay?
 13:52:23 **2** MR. GOSS: You may not know if you have
 13:52:25 **3** those pictures.
 13:52:26 **4** MR. ASSAAD: Okay.
 13:52:31 **5** **Q.** Then what do you do next? What's the
 13:52:33 **6** protocol, where -- where are people standing when you
 13:52:37 **7** start taking -- before you turn the Bair Hugger on?
 13:52:41 **8** **A.** Do you want me to answer the last part of
 13:52:43 **9** that question?
 13:52:44 **10** **Q.** Let's start where people are standing.
 13:52:46 **11** **A.** All right. During the taking of the data
 13:52:52 **12** I'm standing at the camera position, which I can
 13:52:55 **13** indicate to you if you're interested.
 13:52:58 **14** **Q.** I know where the camera position is. That's
 13:53:00 **15** fine.
 13:53:01 **16** **A.** All right. It's -- you know it's a diagram
 13:53:03 **17** of the optical system. And the other personnel are
 13:53:05 **18** out of the pic -- out of the picture, they're standing
 13:53:08 **19** away in order not to interfere with the flow.
 13:53:11 **20** **Q.** Who's turning on the Bair Hugger?
 13:53:13 **21** **A.** J. D. Miller.
 13:53:14 **22** **Q.** Okay. And where is he standing?
 13:53:16 **23** **A.** Well when he's turning it on he's there at
 13:53:18 **24** the Bair Hugger unit, and then when it's reached its
 13:53:22 **25** temperature it gives a signal and then he goes and
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13:53:25 **1** stands away from the experiment.
 13:53:27 **2** **Q.** Okay. And so when -- when the -- you're
 13:53:31 **3** looking at -- you're talking the monitor of the little
 13:53:33 **4** LED device; correct?
 13:53:33 **5** **A.** Yes.
 13:53:35 **6** **Q.** So when it hits 43 degrees is that when he
 13:53:38 **7** stands away and says, okay, it's 43?
 13:53:41 **8** **A.** Yes.
 13:53:41 **9** **Q.** And then what do you do?
 13:53:43 **10** **A.** Give it some time, make sure that everything
 13:53:46 **11** has reached steady state, and then I take data, still
 13:53:50 **12** images and videos.
 13:53:51 **13** **Q.** With the camera.
 13:53:52 **14** **A.** With the camera.
 13:53:53 **15** **Q.** Okay. Now --
 13:53:56 **16** But when you say "time," what's time?
 13:53:58 **17** What's steady state?
 13:54:01 **18** **A.** I'm observing the schlieren picture, and so
 13:54:04 **19** when I visually observe and I'm not seeing visible
 13:54:10 **20** changes then I think we've reached steady state.
 13:54:14 **21** **Q.** Okay.
 13:54:14 **22** **A.** We have a live video on our large monitor.
 13:54:18 **23** **Q.** Okay. And do you roughly know how long that
 13:54:20 **24** took?
 13:54:22 **25** **A.** Not very long. Probably a minute.
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13:54:24 **1** **Q.** One minute?

13:54:26 **2** So you turn on the Bair Hugger device, J. D.

13:54:31 **3** turns on the Bair Hugger device, gets out of the way;

13:54:33 **4** is that correct?

13:54:34 **5** **A.** Let me say that the Bair Hugger device has

13:54:37 **6** been -- takes a long time to warm up.

13:54:40 **7** **Q.** Well once it gets to 43.

13:54:41 **8** **A.** Once it reaches, then he gets out of the

13:54:43 **9** way.

13:54:43 **10** **Q.** Okay. So once the Bair Hugger hits 43

13:54:48 **11** degrees he gets out of the way; correct?

13:54:49 **12** **A.** Yes.

13:54:50 **13** **Q.** Then you wait about a minute and then start

13:54:54 **14** videoing, correct, or pictures and video?

13:54:56 **15** **A.** Assuming that I'm not seeing any variations

13:54:58 **16** in anything on the schlieren image, that's right.

13:55:02 **17** **Q.** Okay. And your images are about 10 seconds

13:55:04 **18** long; correct?

13:55:05 **19** **A.** The videos --

13:55:05 **20** **Q.** Yes.

13:55:05 **21** **A.** -- are about 10 seconds long.

13:55:08 **22** **Q.** That's what I meant.

13:55:10 **23** And then you do the tests and then you go

13:55:13 **24** shut off the Bair Hugger?

13:55:16 **25** **A.** Depends on what the test protocol was at the

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13:55:18 **1** time, but if we're done with the Bair Hugger we shut

13:55:20 **2** it off.

13:55:21 **3** **Q.** Okay. How many times did you conduct the

13:55:24 **4** test of the Bair Hugger being turned on and doing

13:55:34 **5** schlieren imaging of like the area above the

13:55:36 **6** mannequin?

13:55:36 **7** **A.** I can determine that by studying the

13:55:38 **8** logbook. I don't have a number right immediately

13:55:41 **9** available.

13:55:42 **10** **Q.** Okay. All right. Now did you bring your

13:55:57 **11** original logbook today?

13:55:59 **12** **A.** No.

13:56:00 **13** **Q.** Okay. So the logbook is what we've been

13:56:04 **14** provided. Is that a complete copy of your logbook,

13:56:07 **15** you know, besides what's been redacted?

13:56:09 **16** **A.** It is. It ends, if you look at the last

13:56:13 **17** page, "END OF LAB NOTEBOOK," signed by me.

13:56:16 **18** **Q.** Okay. And if we go to page, I believe, 17,

13:56:25 **19** that's the day that you did testing with respect to

13:56:30 **20** the Bair Hugger on the mannequin; correct?

13:56:35 **21** MR. GOSS: 17 of the report, or --

13:56:38 **22** MR. ASSAAD: Of the logbook, Exhibit 7.

13:56:41 **23** **A.** May 11th, Bair Hugger mannequin, arms were

13:56:46 **24** out, blanket, hip drape.

13:56:50 **25** **Q.** Okay.

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13:56:51 **1** **A.** Downflow is initially off, then turned on,

13:56:53 **2** and you can see the -- the numbers indicating the --

13:56:53 **3** **Q.** Okay.

13:57:00 **4** **A.** -- stills and videos that were taken.

13:57:02 **5** **Q.** Okay. And so you have all these numbers

13:57:06 **6** here. What's the difference between 170, 171, 172,

13:57:10 **7** 173, 175, 176?

13:57:13 **8** **A.** All right. If you read across in lines

13:57:17 **9** you'll see that 170 and 171 are just the Bair Hugger,

13:57:27 **10** and then in the next line down are -- this is my

13:57:33 **11** shorthand, J. D. is my assistant, J. D. Miller and

13:57:37 **12** he's dressed up in -- in medical garb and he's in the

13:57:43 **13** picture. So he's simulating an operat -- doctor or an

13:57:48 **14** operating room personnel.

13:57:49 **15** **Q.** And that's depicted in Figure 15; correct?

13:57:55 **16** **A.** For example --

13:57:55 **17** Yes. One minute. Let me check. Figure fif

13:57:58 **18** -- Yes. Figure 15 a and b show him, and d.

13:58:02 **19** **Q.** Okay. So let me just ask you this real

13:58:05 **20** quick. Between 170 and pictures 195, this was all

13:58:08 **21** during one setup; correct?

13:58:10 **22** **A.** It was all during one setup I believe, yes.

13:58:13 **23** **Q.** And how long did it take to do all this,

13:58:15 **24** from the first picture of 170 to the last one of 195?

13:58:21 **25** **A.** Well we haven't recorded a timestamp, so I'm

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13:58:26 **1** -- I would have to give you an estimate. I think we

13:58:30 **2** spent all of a morning doing this work.

13:58:33 **3** **Q.** So it took you -- the Bair Hugger was on

13:58:35 **4** from -- from the time from 170 to 195 continuously?

13:58:39 **5** **A.** That -- The morning was -- included setup

13:58:43 **6** and so forth, so the time during which these images

13:58:47 **7** were taken would have been less than four hours, but

13:58:53 **8** proba -- I'm guessing. I really don't know.

13:58:57 **9** **Q.** Well, I don't -- I don't have J. D. here, I

13:58:58 **10** have you, so I need to figure out, like, your

13:59:01 **11** methodology.

13:59:01 **12** So was the Bair Hugger ever turned off

13:59:04 **13** between the first picture of 170 and the last picture

13:59:07 **14** of 195? Well, I'm sorry. Let me rephrase that.

13:59:11 **15** At 180 you change it to the HotDog; correct?

13:59:15 **16** **A.** That's right.

13:59:15 **17** **Q.** Okay. And 176 is the Bair Hugger hose jet

13:59:21 **18** and the hairdryer.

13:59:22 **19** **A.** Yes.

13:59:23 **20** **Q.** So basically with the Bair Hugger setup it's

13:59:26 **21** between 170 and 176; correct?

13:59:28 **22** **A.** Correct.

13:59:29 **23** **Q.** Okay. And 170 and 171 are still pictures;

13:59:31 **24** correct? Or no. 171's a video.

13:59:36 **25** **A.** I have to check.

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13:59:37 **1** **Q.** It's a video in your report, --

13:59:39 **2** **A.** All right.

13:59:40 **3** **Q.** -- let's just assume that it is.

13:59:41 **4** And 172, 173 and 174 are a video with J. D.

13:59:45 **5** as being the doctor.

13:59:46 **6** **A.** Correct.

13:59:46 **7** **Q.** And then 175, 176, what does that say?

13:59:49 **8** **A.** "Refocused." Sometimes there's a focusing

13:59:54 **9** issue to make sure that we have a sharp image, and I

13:59:57 **10** have to check it.

13:59:58 **11** **Q.** So that was just more of a checks and

13:59:59 **12** balances?

14:00:00 **13** **A.** Well it was about readjusting the optical

14:00:03 **14** system, let's say.

14:00:04 **15** **Q.** And was that to do the Bair Hugger hose jet?

14:00:06 **16** **A.** No. Well that was refocused between 174 and

14:00:13 **17** 176.

14:00:15 **18** **Q.** But by 174 you stopped testing the Bair

14:00:19 **19** Hugger as a -- attached to the blanket; correct?

14:00:22 **20** **A.** I believe that's correct.

14:00:23 **21** **Q.** Okay. And when you did 172 --

14:00:30 **22** Okay. I'm almost done here before we take a

14:00:32 **23** break.

14:00:33 **24** So between 170 and 174 give me an

14:00:37 **25** approximation, did it take 15 minutes, 10 minutes to

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14:01:46 **1** timestamps removed, as you provided them to us.

14:01:49 **2** MR. GOSS: I'm not aware that we removed

14:01:51 **3** anything.

14:01:51 **4** MR. ASSAAD: Really? Because if you look

14:01:53 **5** at them they're all on the same date and time.

14:01:55 **6** MR. GOSS: Well I -- I'm not aware that we

14:01:56 **7** made any manipulation at all to the timestamps in

14:01:59 **8** those photographs or videos.

14:02:00 **9** MR. ASSAAD: Okay.

14:02:02 **10** BY MR. ASSAAD:

14:02:03 **11** **Q.** So between 170 and 172 did you turn the Bair

14:02:06 **12** Hugger off before you -- so J. D. could dress up?

14:02:09 **13** **A.** No. It was left on, in my recollection.

14:02:12 **14** **Q.** Okay. It was left on? Okay.

14:02:24 **15** MR. ASSAAD: Let's take a break, lunch.

14:02:29 **16** THE REPORTER: Off the record, please.

14:02:31 **17** (Luncheon recess taken at

18 approximately 2:02 p.m.)

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14:00:40 **1** do? Five?

14:00:45 **2** **A.** Let's say a half hour.

14:00:47 **3** **Q.** It took a half hour --

14:00:49 **4** **A.** Well --

14:00:49 **5** **Q.** -- to do two -- to do one still shot, one

14:00:53 **6** 10-second video, another 10-second video, another

14:00:56 **7** 10-second video and another 10-second video?

14:00:58 **8** **A.** Well remember that we were -- 170 and 171

14:01:02 **9** are without personnel involved, and then we had a --

14:01:06 **10** one of the -- one of our people step in, and he had to

14:01:10 **11** get gowned up, so I believe there was a break. But

14:01:13 **12** once again, I don't have time steps here, so.

14:01:16 **13** **Q.** Well let me ask you this. Does the -- Does

14:01:17 **14** the photographs have timestamps?

14:01:20 **15** **A.** No. The photographs don't have a --

14:01:24 **16** That's a good question. I don't know the

14:01:25 **17** answer to that.

14:01:26 **18** **Q.** My understanding is you take a picture,

14:01:28 **19** it'll have a -- at least when you look at the file the

14:01:30 **20** file will have a timestamp.

14:01:35 **21** **A.** I'd have to check it, but you're probably

14:01:37 **22** right.

14:01:38 **23** **Q.** Okay.

14:01:40 **24** MR. ASSAAD: I request the original files

14:01:42 **25** with the timestamps to be produced, and not

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1 AFTERNOON SESSION

2 (Deposition reconvened at

3 approximately 2:48 p.m.)

4 BY MR. ASSAAD:

14:48:48 **5** **Q.** I'd like you to turn to page 16 of your --

14:48:51 **6** of Exhibit 7, of your notes.

14:49:02 **7** **A.** Yes.

14:49:03 **8** **Q.** I want -- I'm looking at the -- the

14:49:06 **9** velocity, the face velocity measurements --

14:49:08 **10** **A.** Yes.

14:49:09 **11** **Q.** -- right where it says "5/11/17" with the

14:49:13 **12** average of 39?

14:49:14 **13** **A.** Yes.

14:49:15 **14** **Q.** It says "throttle 17." What does that mean?

14:49:17 **15** **A.** The throttle on the engine that drives the

14:49:19 **16** blower. We set the average value by changing that

14:49:25 **17** throttle.

14:49:26 **18** **Q.** Okay. And how'd you calculate the average?

14:49:29 **19** **A.** It's a simple average of those four numbers.

14:49:32 **20** **Q.** So basically the 39, is that feet per

14:49:36 **21** second?

14:49:37 **22** **A.** Feet per minute.

14:49:38 **23** **Q.** "Feet per minute." I'm sorry.

14:49:39 **24** Feet per minute, that's based on the average

14:49:42 **25** of those four numbers; right?

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14:49:44 **1 A.** That's correct.
 14:49:45 **2 Q.** And those four numbers are at discrete
 14:49:48 **3** points in the -- in the quadrants; correct?
 14:49:50 **4 A.** Center of the quadrants.
 14:49:52 **5 Q.** The center.
 14:49:53 **6** And do you have any opinion of whether or
 14:49:54 **7** not the face velocity is constant throughout each
 14:49:59 **8** quadrant?
 14:50:00 **9 A.** No. Only those center measurements, those
 14:50:02 **10** four.
 14:50:03 **11 Q.** So sitting here today, you don't have any
 14:50:08 **12** basis to support that the true average face velocity
 14:50:14 **13** is 39 of -- of the entire flow generator.
 14:50:21 **14** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 14:50:23 **15** MR. ASSAAD: Basis?
 14:50:24 **16** MR. GOSS: I think he said he took these
 14:50:26 **17** measurements and he averaged them, so that's his
 14:50:28 **18** basis.
 14:50:29 **19 Q.** Do you understand my question?
 14:50:30 **20 A.** I understand your question.
 14:50:31 **21 Q.** You're only taking four discrete points;
 14:50:34 **22** correct?
 14:50:34 **23 A.** Four discrete points.
 14:50:36 **24 Q.** And we're talking about a system that's four
 14:50:37 **25** point -- four by five; correct?

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14:50:39 **1 A.** Correct.
 14:50:40 **2 Q.** Divided into four equal quadrants; correct?
 14:50:43 **3 A.** Yes.
 14:50:43 **4 Q.** So you're basing the average face velocity
 14:50:46 **5** on four discrete points; correct?
 14:50:49 **6 A.** That's right.
 14:50:49 **7 Q.** And to do that you have to assume that each
 14:50:51 **8** quadrant has the same mass flow; correct?
 14:50:54 **9 A.** Correct.
 14:50:55 **10 Q.** And the same face velocity.
 14:50:56 **11 A.** Correct.
 14:50:57 **12 Q.** And we are absolutely certain, sitting here
 14:50:59 **13** today, that each quadrant has a different face
 14:51:03 **14** velocity at the points that you've taken; correct?
 14:51:06 **15 A.** Well that's what these measurements show.
 14:51:08 **16 Q.** So we could agree to that today; correct?
 14:51:10 **17 A.** We can.
 14:51:10 **18 Q.** Okay. And we could say more likely than not
 14:51:14 **19** that the face velocity will be different at each point
 14:51:17 **20** you take in each quadrant.
 14:51:22 **21 A.** I'm not understanding that.
 14:51:24 **22 Q.** Well if you move the -- the -- the
 14:51:30 **23** anemometer, say, three inches to the right or left
 14:51:32 **24** instead of the center, more likely than not it's going
 14:51:35 **25** to be a different face velocity; correct?

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14:51:37 **1 A.** Let me answer that as best I can. If you --
 14:51:42 **2** Suppose we had decided, well, let's take eight, so
 14:51:44 **3** let's divide the area up so that there are eight
 14:51:48 **4** instead of four, it would more likely than not, make a
 14:51:52 **5** difference in the average, but I think it would be a
 14:51:55 **6** small difference. And if you went to 16 I think it
 14:51:59 **7** would be an unnoticeable difference.
 14:52:02 **8 Q.** Well between quadrant A and quadrant C we're
 14:52:05 **9** seeing a Delta of about 23 feet per second; correct?
 14:52:08 **10 A.** Right.
 14:52:09 **11 Q.** That --
 14:52:10 **12** If you look at that Delta between those two
 14:52:11 **13** that's a huge standard deviation.
 14:52:14 **14 A.** Between those two it is, yes.
 14:52:16 **15 Q.** Okay. So give me the range, based on your
 14:52:21 **16** education, training and experience, of what the -- the
 14:52:25 **17** -- the extremes, the Delta, not the standard
 14:52:28 **18** deviation, would be on the average here.
 14:52:31 **19 A.** That's --
 14:52:33 **20** Standard deviation's 12 on these
 14:52:36 **21** measurements, twelve feet per minute.
 14:52:39 **22 Q.** Twelve feet.
 14:52:39 **23 A.** Which is about 30 percent of --
 14:52:42 **24 Q.** And how'd you calc -- I'm sorry.
 14:52:45 **25 A.** Sorry.

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14:52:45 **1 Q.** How did you calculate the standard
 14:52:47 **2** deviation?
 14:52:48 **3 A.** Standard deviation code in Excel.
 14:52:50 **4 Q.** In Excel. Okay.
 14:52:57 **5** Why didn't you take more data points, if you
 14:53:00 **6** -- if you realized that each quadrant's giving you a
 14:53:04 **7** significantly different face velocity?
 14:53:06 **8 A.** I think I answered it. You could take more
 14:53:09 **9** data and it would make -- up to a point it would make
 14:53:13 **10** a little -- it would make some difference, and then
 14:53:16 **11** more and more data points would not make any
 14:53:19 **12** difference any more.
 14:53:20 **13 Q.** So technically speaking based on your
 14:53:22 **14** standard deviation, the schlieren testing that you
 14:53:26 **15** performed on this day could have a face velocity up to
 14:53:33 **16** 51 feet per minute; correct?
 14:53:36 **17 A.** Fifty-four, yeah.
 14:53:37 **18 Q.** Or 51 if you took the average and did the
 14:53:39 **19** standard deviation of 12 it could have up to --
 14:53:43 **20 A.** I see.
 14:53:43 **21 Q.** -- fifty -- 51 feet per minute.
 14:53:48 **22 A.** I'm sorry. What is -- What is the 51 feet
 14:53:48 **23** per minute?
 14:53:49 **24 Q.** If you took the standard deviation, you
 14:53:51 **25** could have --

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14:53:51 **1** If you looked at the standard deviation you
 14:53:53 **2** provided of 12, --
 14:53:54 **3** **A.** Twelve.
 14:53:54 **4** **Q.** -- that -- at any given point the face
 14:53:56 **5** velocity could be 51 feet per second.
 14:53:59 **6** **A.** I do not see that.
 14:54:02 **7** We are providing the face velocity at four
 14:54:06 **8** points. Standard deviation is 12 feet per minute.
 14:54:10 **9** [Clearing throat.] I'm sorry.
 14:54:12 **10** So in A if you subtract 12 that would be 42,
 14:54:21 **11** and in D if you add 12 that would be 39. I didn't --
 14:54:21 **12** [Water provided to the witness.]
 14:54:29 **13** THE WITNESS: That's okay. I'll use the
 14:54:31 **14** soda.
 14:54:31 **15** **A.** I didn't understand --
 14:54:31 **16** **Q.** Okay.
 14:54:33 **17** **A.** -- the way you phrased it.
 14:54:35 **18** **Q.** Okay. My understanding of standard
 14:54:45 **19** deviation is a range within the -- I guess it's the
 14:54:48 **20** 66th percentile up and down, correct, of where you
 14:54:51 **21** would expect --
 14:54:52 **22** **A.** It's a statistical measure of deviance of
 14:54:54 **23** data points.
 14:54:56 **24** **Q.** Uh-huh. And based on my understanding,
 14:55:02 **25** based on the standard deviation and the average, that
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14:55:07 **1** when you run the schlieren video you could have a
 14:55:12 **2** average face velocity larger than 39; correct?
 14:55:22 **3** **A.** You are suggesting if we had taken more data
 14:55:24 **4** points then that would have yielded a different
 14:55:27 **5** average face velocity.
 14:55:28 **6** MR. GOSS: Listen to his question.
 14:55:30 **7** **Q.** You made the average off four data points;
 14:55:32 **8** correct?
 14:55:33 **9** **A.** Four data points.
 14:55:34 **10** **Q.** Okay. And it has a standard deviation,
 14:55:36 **11** which means that -- a standard deviation of 12 means a
 14:55:39 **12** range in which -- a certain area within a bell curve
 14:55:43 **13** or -- that you might find specific data; correct?
 14:55:48 **14** **A.** Correct.
 14:55:49 **15** **Q.** And therefore, depending on the mass flow
 14:55:50 **16** and the way the flow generator is running based on the
 14:55:54 **17** data, that you have a face velocity of 39 plus or
 14:55:56 **18** minus 12 standard deviation; correct?
 14:55:58 **19** **A.** That's it, yes.
 14:56:00 **20** **Q.** Okay. Which means that at any given point
 14:56:02 **21** in time the face velocity being produced by the flow
 14:56:07 **22** -- downward flow generator could be up to -- within
 14:56:11 **23** that bell curve, up to 51.
 14:56:28 **24** **A.** One standard deviation from the average we
 14:56:30 **25** have there would be 51, that's right.
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14:56:32 **1** **Q.** Okay. And it could be as low as, under the
 14:56:35 **2** -- under your statistical analysis, as low as 27.
 14:56:51 **3** **A.** All right.
 14:56:51 **4** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today when you took
 14:56:54 **5** the -- the images of the -- the schlieren images say,
 14:57:00 **6** for example, in Exhibit 2, Figure 10, page 12, you
 14:57:13 **7** can't tell me the exact face velocity that was
 14:57:17 **8** occurring at that specific point in time that was
 14:57:19 **9** being generated by the flow generator; can you?
 14:57:22 **10** **A.** Sure. 39, plus or minus standard deviation,
 14:57:25 **11** which is 12.
 14:57:25 **12** **Q.** Okay. I'm asking for exact.
 14:57:27 **13** **A.** That's the best data we have.
 14:57:29 **14** **Q.** Okay. So you can't give me an exact number.
 14:57:32 **15** MR. GOSS: Object, asked and answered.
 14:57:33 **16** **A.** Asked and answered.
 14:57:35 **17** **Q.** Is it 40?
 14:57:37 **18** It could be 40; correct?
 14:57:38 **19** **A.** I've already answered you, sir.
 14:57:41 **20** **Q.** But it could be 40; correct?
 14:57:41 **21** **A.** It could be.
 14:57:42 **22** **Q.** It could be 45.
 14:57:43 **23** **A.** The difference between 39 and 40 is a
 14:57:45 **24** trivial difference.
 14:57:46 **25** **Q.** What about the difference between 39 and 52;
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14:57:48 **1** is that trivial as well?
 14:57:52 **2** **A.** And remember --
 14:57:55 **3** No, it's not trivial.
 14:57:56 **4** **Q.** Okay. Do you agree with me, or --
 14:58:04 **5** If you know the answer. Do you agree with
 14:58:07 **6** me that the face velocity of a -- of an operating room
 14:58:13 **7** diffuser has a much smaller standard deviation than
 14:58:20 **8** plus or minus 12?
 14:58:21 **9** **A.** I'm not aware of that.
 14:58:22 **10** **Q.** You don't know one way or the other;
 14:58:24 **11** correct?
 14:58:24 **12** **A.** No, I don't.
 14:58:26 **13** **Q.** Okay. And you agree with me that the face
 14:58:31 **14** velocity will have an effect on buoyancy produced --
 14:58:39 **15** buoyancy currents produced by the Bair Hugger.
 14:58:43 **16** **A.** The face velocity is the way that these type
 14:59:00 **17** units are measured. The flow tends to average out
 14:59:06 **18** with distance. If there are differences when the flow
 14:59:09 **19** reaches the Bair Hugger that are significant, then I
 14:59:13 **20** would agree with that statement.
 14:59:14 **21** **Q.** What would you consider significant?
 14:59:18 **22** **A.** Thirty-nine feet per minute. Fifty percent.
 14:59:27 **23** **Q.** Fifty percent difference would be
 14:59:29 **24** significant.
 14:59:29 **25** **A.** That would be significant.
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14:59:30 **1 Q.** What about a 20 percent difference?
 14:59:32 **2 A.** I'm not so sure.
 14:59:34 **3 Q.** What about a 10 percent difference?
 14:59:35 **4 A.** I don't think that's significant.
 14:59:37 **5 Q.** Okay. You agree with me that with respect
 14:59:50 **6** to the convection currents -- Let me rewind.
 14:59:57 **7** The images that we're seeing that are coming
 15:00:01 **8** off the Bair Hugger are convection currents; correct?
 15:00:04 **9 A.** You're referring to Figure 10?
 15:00:06 **10 Q.** Yes.
 15:00:06 **11 A.** Those are convection currents.
 15:00:08 **12 Q.** Okay. And you agree with me that there is a
 15:00:11 **13** convection current -- a convection current force
 15:00:16 **14** that's being opposed by the downward air force -- the
 15:00:22 **15** downward flow force; correct?
 15:00:24 **16 A.** In other words, a buoyant force in the
 15:00:25 **17** convection current and the downward air force --
 15:00:28 **18 Q.** Yes.
 15:00:29 **19 A.** -- opposing one another. I agree with that.
 15:00:31 **20 Q.** Okay. And do you know the calculations to
 15:00:32 **21** determine the different forces? Would that be the
 15:00:39 **22** Navier-Stokes equations?
 15:00:41 **23 A.** Yes.
 15:00:41 **24** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 15:00:41 **25 A.** Yes. I know the Navier-Stokes equations.
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15:00:44 **1 Q.** Okay. And of course temperature is a
 15:00:46 **2** component of the Navier-Stokes equation; correct?
 15:00:49 **3 A.** If there are temperature differences it
 15:00:51 **4** comes into the energy equation that is part -- goes
 15:00:55 **5** along with --
 15:00:56 **6** Navier-Stokes equation is a momentum
 15:00:59 **7** equation.
 15:01:00 **8 Q.** Okay. Do you agree with me that the amount
 15:01:03 **9** of mass flow would take -- takes into account the
 15:01:06 **10** Navier-Stokes equations; correct?
 15:01:08 **11 A.** "Amount of mass flow." I am sorry. Could
 15:01:11 **12** you rephrase?
 15:01:11 **13 Q.** The mass flow --
 15:01:12 **14** In this situation there's a mass flow coming
 15:01:15 **15** out of the downflow generators.
 15:01:17 **16 A.** All right. The Navier-Stokes equations are
 15:01:20 **17** basically an expression for -- for Newton's second law
 15:01:25 **18** of motion, $F=ma$, and that includes mass flow if you
 15:01:30 **19** multiply both sides by row, yes.
 15:01:33 **20 Q.** Okay. Did you do a calculation at all to
 15:01:35 **21** determine whether or not that standard deviation, if
 15:01:39 **22** you took the max or the min, it would have an effect
 15:01:42 **23** on your results?
 15:01:43 **24 A.** I did not do that calculation.
 15:01:45 **25 Q.** Did you do any testing to determine whether
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15:01:47 **1** or not a change in the average face velocity with a
 15:01:55 **2** standard deviation would have an effect on your
 15:01:57 **3** results?
 15:01:58 **4 A.** No.
 15:01:59 **5 Q.** Okay. And in fact you would agree with me
 15:02:02 **6** that the average face velocity changed on every given
 15:02:08 **7** day that you turned this machine on.
 15:02:10 **8 A.** Well those data are here, but it didn't
 15:02:15 **9** change a lot. We set it average at 41. I have to go
 15:02:21 **10** back a few page -- No. Wait a minute.
 15:02:31 **11** Well we were still -- Yeah. 5 May, 44 and a
 15:02:37 **12** half was the average, and in -- that was on page --
 15:02:42 **13 Q.** I have that.
 15:02:44 **14 A.** -- 15. And on page 16, 39 was the average.
 15:02:48 **15 Q.** Okay.
 15:02:48 **16 A.** We were checking the face velocity every
 15:02:50 **17** day.
 15:02:50 **18 Q.** Okay. What was the face velocity on May
 15:02:53 **19** 15th?
 15:03:04 **20 A.** I have not recorded a face velocity for that
 15:03:05 **21** day.
 15:03:06 **22 Q.** So sitting here today we don't know what the
 15:03:08 **23** face velocity is on May 15th; correct?
 15:03:10 **24 A.** The assumption was that we had gotten the
 15:03:12 **25** face velocity at 39, which is essentially the desired
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15:03:19 **1** value with the throttle setting of 17, and we could go
 15:03:23 **2** right back to that throttle setting and expect the
 15:03:25 **3** same face velocity. We did check it later, but I
 15:03:30 **4** apparently did not record it on that day, no.
 15:03:33 **5 Q.** Well let's go back to that, because your
 15:03:35 **6** throttle setting was 17 on May 5th, and you had a face
 15:03:40 **7** velocity of 44.5 average; correct?
 15:03:43 **8 A.** One second, please. [Witness reviewing
 15:03:49 **9** exhibit.] Yeah, same throttle setting in both those
 15:03:51 **10** cases.
 15:03:52 **11 Q.** So the fa --
 15:03:52 **12** You can't sit here and assume that because
 15:03:54 **13** the throttle setting is at -- is at 17 that the face
 15:03:58 **14** velocity could be 39, because we have experimental
 15:04:03 **15** evidence that such is not the case; correct?
 15:04:06 **16 A.** Correct. But note that there's only a 10
 15:04:09 **17** percent difference in those averages, --
 15:04:11 **18 Q.** Okay.
 15:04:12 **19 A.** -- 39 to 44. So that's experimental error.
 15:04:21 **20** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 15:04:21 **21 Q.** According to who?
 15:04:22 **22 A.** Myself.
 15:04:23 **23 Q.** Okay. And what do you have to base that a
 15:04:27 **24** 10 percent error is accepted in this -- in this type
 15:04:29 **25** of study?
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15:04:31 **1** **A.** This is my judgment based on the experiment
 15:04:34 **2** that I was performing.
 15:04:35 **3** **Q.** So my understanding is it's your judgment
 15:04:36 **4** and you have no scientific basis besides your
 15:04:39 **5** judgment?
 15:04:42 **6** **A.** Experimental error can be one percent in
 15:04:44 **7** some situations and 50 percent in others.
 15:04:48 **8** **Q.** I agree, and you have to look at every
 15:04:49 **9** situation to determine what is an acceptable
 15:04:51 **10** experimental error; correct?
 15:04:56 **11** **A.** What do you mean "every situation"?
 15:04:58 **12** **Q.** For example, if I'm going to -- if I'm
 15:05:00 **13** designing a rocket --
 15:05:01 **14** **A.** Okay.
 15:05:01 **15** **Q.** -- that goes into space...
 15:05:03 **16** Well let's put it this way. You don't want
 15:05:05 **17** -- You don't want to fly back home or take an airplane
 15:05:08 **18** that has an experimental error of 10 percent; do you?
 15:05:14 **19** Correct?
 15:05:18 **20** **A.** I don't --
 15:05:18 **21** **Q.** Okay.
 15:05:19 **22** **A.** -- know -- [Clearing throat.] Excuse me.
 15:05:19 **23** [Clearing throat.]
 15:05:19 **24** I don't know what an experimental error of
 15:05:22 **25** 10 percent means in that scenario. [Clearing throat.]

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15:05:23 **1** Excuse me a second.
 15:05:25 **2** **Q.** In this scenario, an experimental error of
 15:05:27 **3** 10 percent, what's -- when you say that's okay, you
 15:05:30 **4** have to have some sort of experimental data to support
 15:05:32 **5** that. Ten percent is not going to give us different
 15:05:35 **6** results; will it?
 15:05:36 **7** MR. GOSS: Objection to form.
 15:05:39 **8** **A.** Ten percent was our goal, and considered to
 15:05:44 **9** be, with a device of this type, a good experimental
 15:05:48 **10** error. Unfortunately, we didn't quite achieve it.
 15:05:51 **11** **Q.** You didn't --
 15:05:51 **12** You didn't achieve 10 percent error.
 15:05:53 **13** **A.** Didn't achieve 10 percent, no.
 15:05:55 **14** **Q.** You got much greater than 10 percent;
 15:05:55 **15** correct?
 15:05:58 **16** **A.** It was --
 15:05:58 **17** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 15:05:59 **18** **A.** -- significantly greater.
 15:05:59 **19** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 15:06:01 **20** **Q.** Okay. And the fact that it's significantly
 15:06:04 **21** greater, you agree with me that that takes away from
 15:06:07 **22** the persuasiveness of the experimental results;
 15:06:10 **23** correct?
 15:06:11 **24** MR. GOSS: Objection form, calls for
 15:06:13 **25** speculation.

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15:06:17 **1** **A.** I'll answer that question by saying that
 15:06:23 **2** we're not doing PIV here and measuring quantitative
 15:06:28 **3** values, it's a flow visualization. And in my
 15:06:31 **4** experience with the schlieren system, a 10 percent
 15:06:34 **5** error in flow velocities in a scenario like this where
 15:06:37 **6** the flow mixes out with distance is not going to make
 15:06:40 **7** a significant change in the visualizations that you're
 15:06:43 **8** seeing in these images.
 15:07:04 **9** **Q.** When you did --
 15:07:05 **10** When you took the pictures of Figure 10 a,
 15:07:15 **11** did you at that time measure the temperature of the
 15:07:20 **12** knee or the drape on top of the patient?
 15:07:35 **13** **A.** One moment while I have a look here.
 15:07:38 **14** THE WITNESS: Sorry.
 15:07:43 **15** **A.** So that was done on May 11, and the -- those
 15:07:49 **16** temperature measurements were done on May 15th, so the
 15:07:51 **17** answer is no, not on the same day.
 15:07:54 **18** **Q.** Okay. You agree with me that based on your
 15:08:05 **19** temperature measurements that the air -- the area
 15:08:08 **20** underneath the operating room table increased in
 15:08:11 **21** temperature; correct?
 15:08:15 **22** **A.** Increased in temperature due to what?
 15:08:17 **23** **Q.** The Bair Hugger being on.
 15:08:19 **24** **A.** Well I don't have measurements here of
 15:08:21 **25** temperature when the Bair Hugger is off.

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15:08:26 **1** **Q.** So when you basically said that the Bair
 15:08:29 **2** Hugger doesn't cause convection currents coming from
 15:08:33 **3** under the drape and you -- you said your support was
 15:08:35 **4** Figure 12 because Figure 11 a is no longer reliable,
 15:08:39 **5** what was your basis behind that?
 15:08:48 **6** **A.** Your --
 15:08:49 **7** What are you referring to, my -- my
 15:08:50 **8** conclusions?
 15:08:51 **9** **Q.** No. Referring to Figure 12.
 15:08:53 **10** **A.** No. You said when I said so and so.
 15:08:56 **11** **Q.** Well you mentioned earlier in the deposition
 15:09:00 **12** that Figure 11 a is no longer reliable and that's why
 15:09:03 **13** you omitted it from Exhibit 2.
 15:09:07 **14** **A.** That is correct.
 15:09:07 **15** **Q.** Okay. And therefore --
 15:09:08 **16** And that was to show convection currents
 15:09:13 **17** underneath -- around the drape or underneath the
 15:09:15 **18** drape; correct?
 15:09:16 **19** **A.** That was the purpose, but it was flawed and
 15:09:18 **20** so it was removed.
 15:09:19 **21** **Q.** And you said, but I can make that opinion
 15:09:21 **22** because I'm relying on Figure 12, because you took
 15:09:24 **23** temperature measurements; correct?
 15:09:26 **24** **A.** I don't remember saying that.
 15:09:27 **25** **Q.** Okay. So you have no opinion, sitting here

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15:09:30 **1** today, that the Bair Hugger -- with respect to what

15:09:33 **2** the Bair Hugger caused with convection currents coming

15:09:35 **3** from underneath the operating room table; correct?

15:09:37 **4** **A.** Unfortunately we weren't able to make a

15:09:39 **5** measurement to address that.

15:09:40 **6** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today you have no

15:09:45 **7** opinion with respect to whether or not convection

15:09:51 **8** currents occur from underneath the operating room

15:09:55 **9** table; correct?

15:09:57 **10** **A.** Well I'll just point out that there is a

15:10:00 **11** temperature difference from room temperature, but

15:10:05 **12** beyond that I don't have schlieren evidence to show

15:10:08 **13** convection currents underneath the table.

15:10:11 **14** **Q.** So you're no longer offering any opinion

15:10:13 **15** with respect to that in your report or at trial;

15:10:19 **16** correct?

15:10:19 **17** MR. GOSS: With respect to the Bair Hugger

15:10:21 **18** forming convection currents under the operating

15:10:24 **19** table?

15:10:24 **20** MR. ASSAAD: Yes.

15:10:27 **21** **A.** That's -- That's correct.

15:10:30 **22** **Q.** Okay. Now what is your understanding of how

15:10:40 **23** the Bair Hugger works with respect to patient warming?

15:10:55 **24** **A.** I'll answer that question by referring to

15:10:58 **25** Figure 8 b and Figure 9. And those measurements show

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15:11:05 **1** the micro-jets coming from the already discussed

15:11:11 **2** hundreds of orifices, and these are warm air

15:11:15 **3** micro-jets with a temperature I measured to be 32 to

15:11:20 **4** 33 degrees C at the exit, but mixing out quickly to

15:11:26 **5** room temperature.

15:11:28 **6** **Q.** Okay.

15:11:28 **7** **A.** And so my understanding of the function of

15:11:33 **8** the Bair Hugger blanket is that it is those warm air

15:11:37 **9** micro-jets impinging on the patient that accomplishes

15:11:42 **10** the chore of warming the patient.

15:11:45 **11** **Q.** Okay. Now let's talk about heat transfer.

15:11:47 **12** **A.** Okay.

15:11:48 **13** **Q.** You agree with me that when you have two

15:11:51 **14** materials heat will transfer from the hotter material

15:11:53 **15** to the colder material.

15:11:54 **16** **A.** I agree with that.

15:11:55 **17** **Q.** Okay. So, for example, if you put a -- a

15:12:00 **18** cold pot of water on the stove and you put -- you turn

15:12:03 **19** on the gas, you'll get heat transfer from the gas to

15:12:07 **20** the cold water; correct?

15:12:08 **21** **A.** Yes.

15:12:09 **22** **Q.** Okay. Basically the law of thermodynamics

15:12:12 **23** basically states that it goes from -- from higher

15:12:17 **24** energy to lower energy; correct? That's probably the

15:12:20 **25** wrong term to use, but to that effect.

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15:12:22 **1** **A.** I believe that that's -- could be stated as

15:12:25 **2** a corollary of the second law or a form of the second

15:12:29 **3** law.

15:12:29 **4** **Q.** Okay. And the second law is what?

15:12:31 **5** **A.** That entropy increases in the universe.

15:12:34 **6** **Q.** Okay. And entropy is disorder. It goes

15:12:36 **7** from --

15:12:36 **8** **A.** Right.

15:12:37 **9** **Q.** -- order to disorder; correct?

15:12:38 **10** **A.** Yes.

15:12:39 **11** **Q.** I don't know if Peter Goss told you, but I

15:12:42 **12** studied mechanical engineering in undergrad.

15:12:44 **13** **A.** He did. Florida, I believe.

15:12:46 **14** **Q.** Yeah. Figured he told -- probably told you

15:12:47 **15** a lot about me.

15:12:48 **16** **A.** No, just that.

15:12:49 **17** (Laughter.)

15:12:51 **18** **Q.** So for --

15:12:55 **19** And what is, your understanding, the skin

15:12:59 **20** temperature of a person around the core?

15:13:04 **21** **A.** Well a healthy person would have a core

15:13:07 **22** temperature that's typically referred to as 98.6

15:13:11 **23** Fahrenheit. The room temperature in this -- in these

15:13:14 **24** cases, just to take an example, was 17, and the skin

15:13:17 **25** temperature would be between those two, and probably

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15:13:20 **1** closer to the air than to the core temperature.

15:13:25 **2** Am I answering your question?

15:13:26 **3** **Q.** So it's your understanding that the skin

15:13:29 **4** temperature of a person is closer to the ambient

15:13:33 **5** temperature than the core temperature?

15:13:34 **6** **A.** I'm not sure of that, but it's somewhere

15:13:36 **7** between the two.

15:13:37 **8** **Q.** Okay. Do you know what hypothermia is?

15:13:50 **9** **A.** Yes.

15:13:51 **10** **Q.** Used in this case by anesthesiologists, do

15:13:54 **11** you know what the definition of hypothermia is?

15:13:57 **12** **A.** Yes.

15:13:57 **13** **Q.** What is it?

15:13:58 **14** **A.** I'll give you --

15:13:59 **15** And I'll phrase it in my terms. It is a

15:14:02 **16** depression of the body core temperature during

15:14:05 **17** anesthesia.

15:14:07 **18** **Q.** Okay. And what is the threshold that peo --

15:14:14 **19** that pa -- that anesthesiologists would say this

15:14:16 **20** person is hypothermic or not. Do you know what

15:14:20 **21** temperature?

15:14:20 **22** **A.** I don't know.

15:14:20 **23** **Q.** Okay. Do you know what the average

15:14:25 **24** temperature of a patient is when they're under

15:14:29 **25** anesthesia if they become hypothermic, the range? Do

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15:14:33 **1** you know what the range would be?
 15:14:34 **2** **A.** You're talking the body core temperature
 15:14:36 **3** now.
 15:14:36 **4** **Q.** Yes.
 15:14:37 **5** **A.** I don't know that number.
 15:14:39 **6** **Q.** Okay. If the core temperature is 36 degrees
 15:15:06 **7** and you're blowing 33 degree -- 32 to 33 degree air on
 15:15:10 **8** the core, would you agree with me that it would have a
 15:15:13 **9** cooling effect?
 15:15:18 **10** **A.** Well 36 degree core, 33 degree skin
 15:15:24 **11** suggests, according to the discussion, that there
 15:15:28 **12** would be heat transfer and cool -- cool the surface
 15:15:34 **13** slightly, yeah.
 15:15:34 **14** **Q.** I'm not saying 33 degree skin, I'm saying 33
 15:15:39 **15** degree air.
 15:15:39 **16** **A.** Thirty --
 15:15:40 **17** **Q.** 33 degree air on a 36 degree body, would you
 15:15:43 **18** agree with me that would cause a cooling effect,
 15:15:47 **19** according to the second law of thermodynamics?
 15:15:57 **20** **A.** Once again, 36 degree body core temperature,
 15:16:00 **21** --
 15:16:00 **22** **Q.** Yeah.
 15:16:01 **23** **A.** -- 33 degree Centigrade skin temperature.
 15:16:05 **24** **Q.** No. 33 degree --
 15:16:08 **25** **A.** Cool air temperature.

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15:16:08 **1** **Q.** -- cool air temperature.
 15:16:09 **2** **A.** All right.
 15:16:10 **3** MR. GOSS: I'm just going to object that
 15:16:11 **4** we're not offering him for opinions in heat transfer
 15:16:16 **5** or normothermia. If you know, you can answer.
 15:16:21 **6** **A.** As you posed it, there would be a cooling
 15:16:23 **7** effect.
 15:16:23 **8** **Q.** Okay. Now are you certain about your
 15:16:31 **9** temperature measurements in this case?
 15:16:34 **10** **A.** We would now be referring --
 15:16:36 **11** Which case?
 15:16:37 **12** **Q.** To any of the -- all the temperature
 15:16:39 **13** measurements you took in this case.
 15:16:41 **14** **A.** Well the instrument, my thermocouple has --
 15:16:47 **15** has a approximately plus or minus one degree basic
 15:16:52 **16** error band associated with it.
 15:16:54 **17** **Q.** But there's something called common sense;
 15:16:56 **18** correct? Engineering common sense.
 15:16:58 **19** Sometimes your instruments read something,
 15:17:00 **20** you're like, that just can't be right. Did that ever
 15:17:02 **21** happen to you before?
 15:17:05 **22** **A.** I -- Certainly, but I don't know what
 15:17:07 **23** relevance that has.
 15:17:08 **24** **Q.** I'll get there in a second. But you --
 15:17:09 **25** That's happened to you before; correct?

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15:17:12 **1** **A.** If you're asking whether I've ever seen a
 15:17:14 **2** screwy instrument reading, I've seen a lot of them.
 15:17:17 **3** **Q.** I mean, like, do you have --
 15:17:22 **4** Do you have kids?
 15:17:24 **5** **A.** Two daughters.
 15:17:24 **6** **Q.** You ever take a temperature of a kid and the
 15:17:28 **7** thermometer says, like, it's 106 point something,
 15:17:30 **8** you're like, this can't be right, let me check it
 15:17:32 **9** again?
 15:17:32 **10** **A.** I never did that.
 15:17:34 **11** **Q.** Huh? Never happened to you?
 15:17:34 **12** **A.** No.
 15:17:35 **13** **Q.** If I took the temperature in here and it
 15:17:37 **14** came out to be, like, 105 degrees Fahrenheit we'd say,
 15:17:41 **15** something's wrong with that thermometer; correct?
 15:17:43 **16** **A.** I've already agreed --
 15:17:44 **17** I've already answered that question.
 15:17:45 **18** **Q.** Okay. Okay. So it's your understanding
 15:17:50 **19** that the air coming out of the blower's 43 degrees
 15:17:58 **20** Celsius, and you measure the air coming out of the
 15:18:01 **21** jets at 32 to 33 degrees Celsius. Did you not think
 15:18:05 **22** about this for a second and what that means?
 15:18:09 **23** **A.** Sure, I thought about it.
 15:18:10 **24** MR. GOSS: Objection, vague.
 15:18:11 **25** **Q.** What did you come up with?

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15:18:14 **1** **A.** There's heat transfer from the blower where
 15:18:18 **2** the 43 degrees Centigrade is measured, all along the
 15:18:22 **3** hose and the blanket. There's heat transfer from the
 15:18:27 **4** blanket, probably by conduction to the skin, as well
 15:18:31 **5** as by convection through these pores. So the 32 to 33
 15:18:37 **6** degrees that I measured does not surprise me.
 15:18:40 **7** **Q.** Okay. So you stand by that number.
 15:18:46 **8** **A.** I do.
 15:18:47 **9** **Q.** And that number is as accurate as the rest
 15:18:49 **10** of the numbers in your report.
 15:18:50 **11** **A.** Well let me speak to accuracy, if I may. I
 15:18:54 **12** usually -- One thing I do is use symbol size to
 15:18:57 **13** indicate accuracy, and you notice that I haven't used
 15:19:00 **14** tiny little symbols to give an impression of high
 15:19:03 **15** accuracy. I went back to a zero on the horizontal
 15:19:08 **16** axis -- we're looking at Figure 9 -- zero on the
 15:19:11 **17** horizontal axis and remeasured it a couple times so
 15:19:13 **18** you can see the group of three measurements up there,
 15:19:16 **19** and that's probably experimental error there. So I --
 15:19:23 **20** I would stand by the shape of this curve, the
 15:19:29 **21** intercept with the vertical axis being in the vicinity
 15:19:34 **22** of 32 to 33 Centigrade, and I would certainly stand by
 15:19:41 **23** the fact this graph shows the air temperature dropping
 15:19:44 **24** off to within one degree of room temperature within
 15:19:48 **25** about 60 millimeters.

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15:19:50 **1 Q.** Okay. By the way, was the downflow
 15:19:54 **2** generator on when you measured this?
 15:19:56 **3 A.** No. This measurement was done just with a
 15:19:58 **4** blanket on a benchtop, no downflow generator.
 15:20:02 **5 Q.** Okay. All right. Now is it possible --
 15:20:11 **6** Withdraw that.
 15:20:11 **7** So there was no downward airflow that would
 15:20:29 **8** affect this temperature at all.
 15:20:30 **9 A.** Please take a look at Figure 8 b, and what
 15:20:33 **10** you're seeing here is the blanket is horizontal, the
 15:20:37 **11** jets are upward, and there was no downflow. This was
 15:20:41 **12** a benchtop experiment, not an experiment in the --
 15:20:41 **13 Q.** Okay.
 15:20:44 **14 A.** -- in the rig.
 15:20:45 **15 Q.** And the ambient temperature at that time was
 15:20:47 **16** what?
 15:20:48 **17 A.** That's indicated on Figure 9 as 22 Celsius.
 15:20:53 **18 Q.** Twenty-two Celsius.
 15:20:54 **19** Why is the ambient temperature so much
 15:20:56 **20** higher than the other -- other results, other ambient
 15:20:59 **21** temperatures?
 15:21:00 **22 A.** It was a hot summer's evening when this test
 15:21:03 **23** was done.
 15:21:05 **24 Q.** Okay. In -- In May?
 15:21:09 **25 A.** This test was done --

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15:21:11 **1 Q.** Either April or May.
 15:21:13 **2 A.** It was in May.
 15:21:15 **3 Q.** So it wasn't summer yet.
 15:21:16 **4 A.** Well, all right. Hot spring evening.
 15:21:17 **5 Q.** Okay. And you stand by the accuracy of
 15:21:20 **6** these numbers as much as you stand by all the other
 15:21:23 **7** data points that you have in your report; correct?
 15:21:25 **8** MR. GOSS: Object to form, vague.
 15:21:28 **9 A.** I think you've already asked me that and
 15:21:32 **10** I've answered it, that I have confidence in these data
 15:21:36 **11** shown on the graph in Figure 9.
 15:21:37 **12 Q.** I'm saying based on your -- I mean you have
 15:21:40 **13** -- you have confidence in all the temperature settings
 15:21:43 **14** -- or temperature measurements you've done in your
 15:21:46 **15** report; correct?
 15:21:46 **16 A.** I do.
 15:21:47 **17 Q.** That they're accurate; correct?
 15:21:49 **18 A.** Well you have to define what "accurate" is.
 15:21:51 **19** There's always an error bar, but within that
 15:21:54 **20** definition I believe that these measures --
 15:21:56 **21 Q.** I'll give you plus or minus two degrees.
 15:22:00 **22** MR. GOSS: You can testify to what your
 15:22:02 **23** confidence level is in the temperature. I think
 15:22:04 **24** that's what he's asking you.
 15:22:12 **25 A.** Plus or minus two degrees.

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15:22:34 **1 Q.** Yeah.
 15:22:35 **2 A.** I think it's reasonable.
 15:22:36 **3 Q.** And same with the numbers you've taken on
 15:22:38 **4** Figure 12; correct?
 15:22:40 **5 A.** Let me look at that. These two were two
 15:22:43 **6** different experiments, they're -- and done with two
 15:22:47 **7** different instruments. On these, due to -- due to
 15:23:03 **8** some differences that -- all right, that I'll explain
 15:23:06 **9** to you that in the case of Figure 9 I had the
 15:23:09 **10** thermocouple on a -- on a lab stand with a drive so
 15:23:16 **11** that I could position it accurately. So I have a
 15:23:18 **12** better confidence in the position of the -- of the
 15:23:22 **13** temperature in that case than I do in these Figures 12
 15:23:28 **14** and 13, which were handheld. Handheld of course there
 15:23:32 **15** can be some motion.
 15:23:33 **16 Q.** Okay.
 15:23:34 **17 A.** So there is a difference, but other than
 15:23:37 **18** that I think the accuracies are similar.
 15:23:40 **19 Q.** Okay. Let's assume that the air -- the air
 15:23:49 **20** jets were between 41 to 43 degrees Celsius.
 15:23:52 **21 A.** That's not what the measurement shows.
 15:23:54 **22 Q.** I understand that, but I'm asking you to
 15:23:55 **23** make an assumption.
 15:23:57 **24** Do you believe that would change the results
 15:23:58 **25** of your testing?

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15:24:00 **1** MR. GOSS: Objection, calls for
 15:24:02 **2** speculation, improper hypothetical.
 15:24:04 **3 A.** I don't know what results you're referring
 15:24:06 **4** to.
 15:24:07 **5 Q.** Well if you have air coming out of the jets
 15:24:10 **6** at 41 to 43 degrees Celsius, you agree that it
 15:24:15 **7** contains more energy that will affect the environment
 15:24:18 **8** than air coming out of the jets between 32 to 33
 15:24:22 **9** degrees Celsius. Do you agree with that?
 15:24:23 **10** MR. GOSS: Same objections.
 15:24:28 **11 A.** It's hotter, but I have to point out that
 15:24:32 **12** the air jets coming out of the Bair Hugger could not
 15:24:35 **13** be 43 degrees, that's the setting of the blower which
 15:24:39 **14** is located a distance away with a hose in between, and
 15:24:44 **15** it's already been discussed that there is heat tra --
 15:24:47 **16** heat loss all along the hose, and could be conduction
 15:24:52 **17** loss from the Bair Hugger blanket directly to the skin
 15:24:56 **18** which would reduce the temperature further in the
 15:24:58 **19** plenum inside the Bair -- blanket. So I don't see a
 15:25:01 **20** discrepancy here between my measured 32 or 33 degrees
 15:25:06 **21** at the jet exit and the 43 degrees that is generated
 15:25:11 **22** at the -- the Bair Hugger blower.
 15:25:13 **23 Q.** Okay. So just so I understand you, you
 15:25:19 **24** believe there's conduction -- a transfer of heat by
 15:25:21 **25** conduction between the Bair Hugger blanket and the

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15:25:25 **1** patient.

15:25:25 **2** **A.** I think it's possible. The Bair Hugger

15:25:27 **3** blanket is in contact with the patient. There's

15:25:30 **4** heating by airflow through the holes, but there may be

15:25:34 **5** cases where the holes are occluded and the plastic is

15:25:37 **6** against the skin, and in that case you could have

15:25:39 **7** conductive heat transfer as well.

15:25:42 **8** **Q.** Okay. So you're saying within one millime

15:25:44 **9** --

15:25:45 **10** What do you think the temperature of the

15:25:46 **11** actual Bair Hugger blanket is?

15:25:49 **12** **A.** You mean the internal temperature.

15:25:52 **13** **Q.** Internal or external. The external that's

15:25:55 **14** touching -- that's outside that's not on a hole.

15:25:58 **15** **A.** Well my measurement is essentially right

15:26:02 **16** over the hole. Now I did not measure the temperature,

15:26:04 **17** so you're asking me to speculate. I did not measure

15:26:07 **18** the temperature of the surface of the blanket, but --

15:26:11 **19** so I'm really not supposed to speculate.

15:26:13 **20** **Q.** Well let's go back from...

15:26:16 **21** I mean the first thing you're doing is like

15:26:19 **22** -- to have a good scientific study you have to have a

15:26:27 **23** proper understanding of how the system works; correct?

15:26:31 **24** **A.** What system?

15:26:32 **25** **Q.** Like in the Bair Hugger. To do a proper

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15:26:34 **1** study on the Bair Hugger device you should know how

15:26:36 **2** the Bair Hugger works; correct?

15:26:38 **3** **A.** Yes.

15:26:39 **4** **Q.** Okay. And does it make sense to you, as an

15:26:45 **5** engineer, that if you're trying to maintain

15:26:48 **6** normothermia of 36 degrees Celsius that you have air

15:26:53 **7** jets coming out between 32 to 33 degrees Celsius?

15:26:57 **8** Does that make engineering sense to you?

15:27:04 **9** **A.** It could make engineering sense if you also

15:27:06 **10** took into account the conductive heat transfer in

15:27:09 **11** cases -- in locations where the blanket is touching

15:27:12 **12** the skin.

15:27:13 **13** **Q.** Well if that's the case you're just looking

15:27:15 **14** at conduction heat transfer, wouldn't it have been

15:27:18 **15** better just to like put the holes facing up instead of

15:27:21 **16** down so you don't get any of the cooling effect?

15:27:23 **17** **A.** I --

15:27:23 **18** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

15:27:26 **19** **A.** What I'm suggesting here is that the Bair

15:27:29 **20** Hugger blanket may be not purely forced-air heating,

15:27:33 **21** but part forced air by jets and part conductive.

15:27:38 **22** **Q.** Okay. I agree with that actually. I agree

15:27:40 **23** with that 100 percent.

15:27:42 **24** But if you're going to do warming by

15:27:45 **25** forced-air warm -- forced air convection, forced-air

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15:27:48 **1** warming, the air coming out of the blanket has to be

15:27:50 **2** warmer than the patient or it would not do what it's

15:27:53 **3** supposed to do. Do you agree?

15:27:55 **4** MR. GOSS: I'm just going to object that

15:27:56 **5** we're not offering him for any opinions on heat

15:27:58 **6** transfer or normothermia.

15:28:02 **7** If you understand the question, you can

15:28:04 **8** answer it.

15:28:05 **9** **Q.** We're talking straight engineering here,

15:28:06 **10** doctor.

15:28:07 **11** **A.** My answer to that is that the Bair Hugger is

15:28:11 **12** described as a forced-air patient-warming blanket, but

15:28:18 **13** as we just discussed, may be part forced air and part

15:28:23 **14** conduction, and therefore the temperature of the jets

15:28:27 **15** coming out the hole is not the only thing that

15:28:29 **16** determines the heat transfer and the temperature rise

15:28:34 **17** that the blanket causes.

15:28:40 **18** **Q.** Question. You agree with me that blowing 43

15:28:44 **19** degree Celsius air on a 36 degree body is going to

15:28:49 **20** cause a cooling effect on that body; correct?

15:28:52 **21** MR. GOSS: Same objections; calls for

15:28:54 **22** speculation, lack of foundation, outside the scope of

15:28:56 **23** his opinions.

15:28:57 **24** **Q.** I assume you understand the second law of

15:28:59 **25** thermodynamics; correct?

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15:29:02 **1** **A.** I didn't answer your --

15:29:03 **2** You've now two questions.

15:29:03 **3** **Q.** Okay.

15:29:04 **4** **A.** Which one do you want me to answer?

15:29:06 **5** **Q.** Let's answer the second one.

15:29:07 **6** You understand the second law of

15:29:08 **7** thermodynamics; correct?

15:29:10 **8** **A.** I think so.

15:29:10 **9** **Q.** And that this is straight up heat transfer,

15:29:12 **10** correct, enthalpy goes from a higher -- from a hotter

15:29:16 **11** device to a colder device or material; correct?

15:29:19 **12** **A.** You shouldn't be using the second law to

15:29:24 **13** talk about heat transfer, you should be using the

15:29:26 **14** conduction, convection, radiation laws of heat

15:29:29 **15** transfer, in my opinion.

15:29:33 **16** **Q.** Okay. Let's talk --

15:29:36 **17** Which laws, the conduction?

15:29:38 **18** **A.** Conduction, convection and radiation laws of

15:29:41 **19** heat transfer.

15:29:41 **20** **Q.** Okay. If you blow 43 degree air -- or

15:29:45 **21** sorry, forty -- or 33 degree air, we'll take the

15:29:49 **22** higher number of your numbers, on a 36 degree patient,

15:29:52 **23** it would be a cooling effect. Do you agree?

15:29:54 **24** **A.** Purely doing --

15:29:54 **25** MR. GOSS: Same objections.

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15:29:55 **1** **A.** Purely due to the air jets that would seem
 15:29:59 **2** to be the case.
 15:30:01 **3** **Q.** Okay. And -- And you were provided no
 15:30:15 **4** studies from 3M which they conducted of the
 15:30:17 **5** temperature underneath the Bair Hugger blanket when
 15:30:19 **6** they've measured it, were you?
 15:30:21 **7** **A.** I'm not aware of such studies.
 15:30:22 **8** **Q.** Okay. Now if the temperature's coming out
 15:30:39 **9** at, say, 41 degrees Celsius, just make that
 15:30:42 **10** assumption, the jets are putting out 41 degree Celsius
 15:30:45 **11** air, okay?
 15:30:47 **12** **A.** All right.
 15:30:47 **13** **Q.** Would that affect the results of your
 15:30:49 **14** testing?
 15:30:52 **15** **MR. GOSS:** Objection, calls for
 15:30:54 **16** speculation.
 15:30:56 **17** **A.** Which results would you be referring to?
 15:30:59 **18** **Q.** Would it -- Would it change the -- the
 15:31:08 **19** schlieren imaging for Figure 10 a?
 15:31:13 **20** **MR. GOSS:** Same objection.
 15:31:15 **21** **A.** In order to see if I understand your
 15:31:18 **22** question: If the temperature, instead of 33 were 41,
 15:31:22 **23** would it change the results in Figure 10.
 15:31:26 **24** **Q.** a.
 15:31:27 **25** **A.** 10 a.

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15:33:05 **1** **Q.** Did you do any imaging with use of the
 15:33:07 **2** schlieren mirror like the one that's in the middle?
 15:33:13 **3** Like where the middle circle is. Do you know what I'm
 15:33:17 **4** asking you?
 15:33:18 **5** **A.** I understand. I understand.
 15:33:19 **6** Give me a moment, please.
 15:33:24 **7** **Q.** And if you need to refer to the hundred and
 15:33:26 **8** some pictures that weren't produced, feel free.
 15:33:33 **9** **MR. GOSS:** Are you going to show him any
 15:33:34 **10** pictures?
 15:33:35 **11** **MR. ASSAAD:** I don't have them, but I'm
 15:33:36 **12** sure you do.
 15:33:37 **13** **MR. GOSS:** You got at least 80-some odd,
 15:33:40 **14** last I checked.
 15:33:42 **15** **A.** In order to answer that question I'd go back
 15:33:46 **16** and study the logbook and my notations on what we did.
 15:33:51 **17** The intention was to do all three of those circles
 15:33:54 **18** shown in Figure 1.
 15:33:56 **19** **Q.** Okay.
 15:33:57 **20** **A.** Whether we actually got there or not -- I
 15:34:02 **21** know, for example, the lower one we tried and
 15:34:04 **22** unfortunately didn't get a useful result in that
 15:34:10 **23** instance. I am unsure about the circle in the middle.
 15:34:16 **24** I would have to check before I could give you a
 15:34:18 **25** definitive answer on the -- basically looking at the

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15:31:31 **1** I don't think I'm able to give a definitive
 15:31:33 **2** answer without doing that experiment.
 15:31:35 **3** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today you don't know
 15:31:37 **4** one way or another whether or not increasing the
 15:31:40 **5** temperature by about 25 percent would have an effect
 15:31:46 **6** on the schlieren imaging in figure a.
 15:31:49 **7** **A.** Well remember that it's the temperature of
 15:31:51 **8** the jets that you're referring to, and what you're
 15:31:58 **9** looking at here is the thermal effect or the thermal
 15:32:01 **10** boundary layer on top of the Bair Hugger blanket, a
 15:32:06 **11** cotton blanket, and a drape. So it's -- what you're
 15:32:11 **12** asking me to speculate on is more complicated than the
 15:32:16 **13** question would seem to imply.
 15:32:19 **14** **Q.** Okay. So sitting here today you can't
 15:32:21 **15** answer that question.
 15:32:22 **16** **A.** No.
 15:32:22 **17** **Q.** Okay. Now going back to that picture,
 15:32:26 **18** you're -- did you do any schlieren -- Hold on.
 15:32:39 **19** Go to page 4 of your report.
 15:32:46 **20** **A.** Yes.
 15:32:52 **21** **Q.** The image of Figure 10 a is basically where
 15:32:55 **22** you have the schlieren mirror right above the patient
 15:33:00 **23** as shown in like the top circle there; correct? In
 15:33:04 **24** Figure 1.
 15:33:04 **25** **A.** That is correct.

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15:34:21 **1** side of the mannequin. So I'm -- I can't give a
 15:34:26 **2** definitive answer right now.
 15:34:28 **3** **Q.** Okay. And the purpose of doing the side --
 15:34:40 **4** the intermediate was to check on what's going on on
 15:34:43 **5** the side of the operating room table; correct?
 15:34:47 **6** **A.** Yes.
 15:34:47 **7** **Q.** Okay. Let's go to Figure 13.
 15:36:11 **8** **A.** Which? Yeah, Figure 13 of my --
 15:36:14 **9** **Q.** Figure 13 in Exhibit 2.
 15:36:18 **10** **A.** -- report. Figure 13.
 15:36:23 **11** Figure 13.
 15:36:30 **12** **Q.** Now you measured temperatures underneath the
 15:36:32 **13** operating room table of 28 degrees -- between 26 to 28
 15:36:37 **14** degrees; correct?
 15:36:39 **15** **A.** 26, 28, 27, correct.
 15:36:41 **16** **Q.** Okay. And this was done on the 15th, you
 15:36:44 **17** said, of May?
 15:36:47 **18** **A.** Let me check, please. That's on page --
 15:36:51 **19** page 18 of my logbook is where you see that, so that's
 15:36:56 **20** May 15th.
 15:36:57 **21** **Q.** Okay. And where were these measurements
 15:36:59 **22** taken, like where underneath the table?
 15:37:02 **23** **A.** These measurements were underneath the
 15:37:04 **24** arm-board.
 15:37:05 **25** **Q.** Underneath the arm-board.

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15:37:07 **1** **A.** Yes.

15:37:08 **2** **Q.** Okay. Now --

15:37:09 **3** **A.** Because --

15:37:09 **4** **Q.** Okay. Go ahead. I'm sorry.

15:37:11 **5** **A.** If you looked at this from the top, there is

15:37:13 **6** no -- there's nothing if you move toward the torso and

15:37:16 **7** the leg, so these measurements have to be under the

15:37:19 **8** arm-board.

15:37:19 **9** **Q.** Okay. And how far --

15:37:34 **10** Did the drapes touch the floor?

15:37:35 **11** **A.** No.

15:37:36 **12** **Q.** Okay. Then I'm a little bit confused,

15:37:38 **13** before I get to the next question. If you go to page

15:37:41 **14** 12 of Exhibit 1, not Exhibit 2, Exhibit 1.

15:37:48 **15** **A.** This one [indicating].

15:37:49 **16** **Q.** Yes. I see something touching the floor

15:37:54 **17** there, I don't know what that is. Is that a drape or

15:37:57 **18** is that some other type of -- Exhibit -- Figure 11,

15:38:00 **19** Exhibit -- Figure -- Exhibit -- Figure 11 a of Exhibit

15:38:04 **20** 1. Are those drapes next to the feet of the person?

15:38:07 **21** **A.** Yes.

15:38:08 **22** **Q.** And it looks like they're touching the

15:38:10 **23** floor; correct?

15:38:11 **24** **A.** In that case, yes.

15:38:12 **25** **Q.** Okay. So you changed the drape style

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15:38:13 **1** throughout the experiment?

15:38:17 **2** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form.

15:38:23 **3** **A.** "Drape style."

15:38:27 **4** **Q.** Like -- Like the drapes --

15:38:28 **5** I mean here you have the drapes going, if

15:38:31 **6** you look at Figure 12, about halfway -- a little less

15:38:36 **7** than halfway between the top of the table and the

15:38:38 **8** floor; correct?

15:38:39 **9** **A.** Figure 12 is a figure that I drew based on

15:38:42 **10** observation of the experiment, and so although there

15:38:46 **11** -- it's not accurate to scale, that drape does not

15:38:50 **12** touch the floor.

15:38:52 **13** **Q.** But Figure 11 a's drape does.

15:38:56 **14** **A.** It appears to, but Figure 11 a was

15:38:59 **15** subsequently removed.

15:39:01 **16** **Q.** I get that, but this is what was submitted

15:39:03 **17** June 2nd to us.

15:39:05 **18** **A.** Yeah.

15:39:06 **19** **Q.** And it's something that we're going to be

15:39:10 **20** bringing up to the court that indicates that you did a

15:39:12 **21** revised report, and that the reason why it was part of

15:39:15 **22** your report was unreliable, which is Figure 11 a;

15:39:18 **23** correct?

15:39:18 **24** **MR. GOSS:** All right. Object to form,

15:39:20 **25** object to the commentary. Move to strike. You can

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15:39:22 **1** ask him a question.

15:39:23 **2** **MR. ASSAAD:** Okay.

15:39:27 **3** **Q.** Who put the drapes on in Figure 11 a?

15:39:29 **4** **A.** My assistants.

15:39:31 **5** **Q.** Okay. Why --

15:39:32 **6** Why do they look different than what's in

15:39:35 **7** Figure 12 and 13, to be quite honest?

15:39:40 **8** **A.** Well what you're seeing in 13 is the drape

15:39:43 **9** over the body and the arm-boards, and I did not even

15:39:46 **10** depict which -- I might have, but I did not depict the

15:39:51 **11** drape over the body in that case. So Figure 13

15:39:55 **12** doesn't pertain.

15:39:56 **13** But in the case of your question regarding

15:39:59 **14** Figures 12 and Figure 11 a, I don't have an

15:40:03 **15** explanation for the discrepancy.

15:40:06 **16** **Q.** Okay. Well is it in your notes?

15:40:22 **17** **A.** You'll have to give me a moment to check.

15:40:59 **18** (Witness reviewing exhibits.) Figure 11 that was

15:41:43 **19** subsequently removed was one of the very last things

15:41:49 **20** that we did May 18th. I'm trying to find the date

15:41:55 **21** corresponding to Figure 12 because -- since that's not

15:42:01 **22** annotated with an image number, it's -- I'm going to

15:42:06 **23** have to find the notation where I took those

15:42:10 **24** measurements. So if you'll bear with me, please.

15:42:28 **25** Here we go. May 15. I don't see an

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15:43:12 **1** explanation in the logbook for a difference in the

15:43:16 **2** position of the drape with respect to the floor.

15:43:18 **3** **Q.** Okay. And by the way, was -- was the

15:43:22 **4** airflow -- the downflow generator on or off for Figure

15:43:25 **5** 11 a?

15:43:26 **6** **A.** Well that was the discrepancy that caused it

15:43:31 **7** to be removed. My impression when we did the test was

15:43:33 **8** the downflow generator was on. It wouldn't make sense

15:43:36 **9** to do the test without it. However, the logbook says

15:43:39 **10** it was off, and this causes -- casts doubt on the

15:43:45 **11** figure, and that's why I removed it.

15:43:48 **12** **Q.** Okay. Did you look at the videos?

15:43:49 **13** **A.** Yes.

15:43:50 **14** **Q.** Did you notice that it -- that the -- there

15:43:54 **15** was some sort of air current coming from underneath

15:43:56 **16** the drape?

15:43:58 **17** **A.** Well I don't know if you have the video or

15:44:01 **18** not, but that video shows very little except thermal

15:44:07 **19** boundary layer on the leg and feet of the person who

15:44:10 **20** is wearing doctor's garb.

15:44:12 **21** **Q.** I understand that, but do you -- did you

15:44:15 **22** notice that the drape had some airflow coming from

15:44:17 **23** underneath of it?

15:44:18 **24** **A.** No.

15:44:18 **25** **Q.** Okay. By the way let's go to -- let's go to

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15:44:23 **1** Figure 11 b. What is your understanding of how the
 15:44:28 **2** anesthesia drape is supposed to be placed over a
 15:44:30 **3** patient?
 15:44:36 **4** **A.** Once again anesthesia drape we built a frame
 15:44:41 **5** to the dimensions that we had gotten, I guess by
 15:44:50 **6** looking at examples that we found. I'm not sure --
 15:44:56 **7** I'm not supposed to guess here, but I'm not sure
 15:44:59 **8** exactly where the height of that comes from. The --
 15:45:01 **9** Underneath that drape is a frame that holds it up, the
 15:45:04 **10** drape is draped over the top in order to protect the
 15:45:13 **11** face of the patient and isolate the anesthesia area.
 15:45:16 **12** I don't really understand what you're asking
 15:45:18 **13** me here.
 15:45:21 **14** **Q.** It's your experiment; correct?
 15:45:23 **15** **A.** Yes.
 15:45:23 **16** **Q.** So how did you set up the drapes? That's my
 15:45:26 **17** simple question, sir.
 15:45:27 **18** **A.** So as you can see in this picture, the drape
 15:45:30 **19** -- there's a -- you can't see the frame, but there is
 15:45:32 **20** a frame.
 15:45:33 **21** **Q.** Okay.
 15:45:33 **22** **A.** The drape is draped over the top of the
 15:45:37 **23** frame and is open in the forward -- in the right-hand
 15:45:40 **24** direction and then the drape tapers down to the body
 15:45:42 **25** just out of the frame on the left.

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15:45:44 **1** **Q.** How far does it taper down; to the knee?
 15:45:48 **2** **A.** No. Probably to the midriff.
 15:45:52 **3** **Q.** Okay. And is that the head right there that
 15:45:54 **4** you see in the picture?
 15:45:58 **5** **A.** I think so, yes.
 15:45:59 **6** **Q.** And that's the Bair Hugger blanket with a
 15:46:01 **7** blanket on top of it? The white?
 15:46:05 **8** **A.** Bair Hugger --
 15:46:05 **9** The caption says Bair Hugger 522 blanket.
 15:46:08 **10** **Q.** Okay. Is there a drape over that blanket?
 15:46:11 **11** **A.** Yes.
 15:46:12 **12** **Q.** Okay. And then so there's another drape for
 15:46:14 **13** the anesthesia drape; correct?
 15:46:16 **14** **A.** That's right. That was the body drape, not
 15:46:18 **15** the -- the arms drape.
 15:46:22 **16** **Q.** There's a difference between a body drape
 15:46:24 **17** and an arms drape?
 15:46:25 **18** **A.** Yes.
 15:46:26 **19** **Q.** What are the differences?
 15:46:28 **20** **A.** Look at Figure 12 and you will see -- well
 15:46:32 **21** what's in white, Bair Hugger covered by a cotton
 15:46:36 **22** blanket, but then in Figure 13 there is a drape over
 15:46:40 **23** the Bair Hugger that extends all the way out to the
 15:46:43 **24** ends of the arm-board.
 15:46:44 **25** **Q.** And that's a diff --

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15:46:46 **1** **A.** That's a separate drape from the one that
 15:46:48 **2** covers from the chest down to the ankles in Figure 12.
 15:46:53 **3** **Q.** Do you remember earlier in this deposition I
 15:46:55 **4** asked you how many drapes were in use and you said
 15:46:56 **5** "one"?
 15:46:58 **6** Are you -- Are you correcting that right
 15:46:59 **7** now?
 15:46:59 **8** **A.** I'm correcting that.
 15:47:00 **9** **Q.** Okay. Now there's two drapes used; correct?
 15:47:03 **10** **A.** Arms and body, yes.
 15:47:04 **11** **Q.** And that's for all the experiments that used
 15:47:06 **12** the Bair Hugger.
 15:47:08 **13** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 15:47:14 **14** **A.** Not all the experiments [clearing throat]
 15:47:17 **15** that used the Bair Hugger were with arms out.
 15:47:21 **16** **Q.** Okay. All the experiments with the arms out
 15:47:23 **17** had two drapes.
 15:47:24 **18** **A.** Two drapes.
 15:47:25 **19** **Q.** And you're confident about that.
 15:47:26 **20** **A.** Yes.
 15:47:27 **21** **Q.** If I call in your assistant and take her
 15:47:29 **22** deposition, which I may do, she will testify or he
 15:47:33 **23** will testify to that effect?
 15:47:34 **24** **A.** I believe she will.
 15:47:35 **25** **Q.** Okay. Is there anywhere in your notes that

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15:47:37 **1** says you used two drapes?
 15:47:39 **2** **A.** I'd have to check. [Witness reviewing
 15:47:39 **3** exhibit.]
 15:47:57 **4** **Q.** You know, I withdraw that question. I'm not
 15:47:59 **5** going to waste time. Your notes speak for themselves.
 15:48:01 **6** Were the drapes the same size?
 15:48:07 **7** **A.** No, because they're -- they drape different
 15:48:10 **8** parts of the body, so they couldn't be the same size.
 15:48:13 **9** **Q.** But you didn't bother to take down the model
 15:48:15 **10** number of the drapes?
 15:48:16 **11** **A.** I have it. I -- Whether or not it's written
 15:48:18 **12** in my notebook, we have that information. We have the
 15:48:21 **13** drapes.
 15:48:22 **14** **Q.** You've written reports before in scientific
 15:48:25 **15** literature; correct?
 15:48:26 **16** **A.** I have.
 15:48:27 **17** **Q.** And we discussed this, that to do a --
 15:48:30 **18** actually you've even commented on Elghobashi as that
 15:48:33 **19** his report is -- is publishable the way it's set up;
 15:48:36 **20** correct?
 15:48:36 **21** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 15:48:40 **22** **A.** You're referring to what when you --
 15:48:43 **23** **Q.** Have you said that or not?
 15:48:45 **24** **A.** I remember the word "publishable." So I
 15:48:48 **25** used that word in my notes in looking at Elghobashi's

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15:48:52 **1** paper because of the elaborate model that he built and
 15:48:58 **2** so forth, and the LES computation, before I discovered
 15:49:05 **3** that Elghobashi had a serious discrepancy in his
 15:49:07 **4** boundary condition that was unreasonable.
 15:49:10 **5** **Q.** Okay.
 15:49:10 **6** **A.** That part's not publishable.
 15:49:12 **7** **Q.** Assume that's correct. The reason why you
 15:49:14 **8** could determine that is because he put his paper in a
 15:49:18 **9** publication-quality format; correct?
 15:49:22 **10** Correct?
 15:49:22 **11** **A.** It had the appearance of --
 15:49:22 **12** **Q.** Okay.
 15:49:23 **13** **A.** -- a publication quality.
 15:49:25 **14** **Q.** You might disagree with the boundary
 15:49:26 **15** conditions, but at least you could determine what the
 15:49:28 **16** boundary conditions were; correct?
 15:49:31 **17** **A.** Not totally correct.
 15:49:33 **18** **Q.** You didn't know what --
 15:49:34 **19** You're criticizing his boundary conditions
 15:49:36 **20** because of what he stated, and now you're saying that
 15:49:38 **21** it wasn't in his report?
 15:49:40 **22** **A.** Well I'm referring now to his transcript of
 15:49:44 **23** his deposition when he was unable to explain exactly
 15:49:49 **24** how he had stated the boundary condition at the bottom
 15:49:54 **25** of the drape, and he had no information about it

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15:51:13 **1** **A.** Yes.
 15:51:14 **2** **Q.** Okay. So your -- your report does not try
 15:51:15 **3** to simulate squame movement in an operating room
 15:51:20 **4** environment; correct?
 15:51:22 **5** **A.** It was not --
 15:51:22 **6** **Q.** Okay.
 15:51:22 **7** **A.** -- considered in my work.
 15:51:23 **8** **Q.** Then you said, "publication-quality,"
 15:51:26 **9** exclamation point; correct?
 15:51:27 **10** **A.** That's right.
 15:51:28 **11** **Q.** Okay. And you agree that the reason why you
 15:51:36 **12** felt it was publication quality is because it had a
 15:51:40 **13** methodology and someone could actually reproduce it or
 15:51:44 **14** even question it based on the amount of information
 15:51:48 **15** that was in there; correct?
 15:51:49 **16** **A.** That's not exac --
 15:51:50 **17** MR. GOSS: I think he answered that, but
 15:51:52 **18** okay, try again.
 15:51:54 **19** **A.** That's not exactly the reason. It had the
 15:51:57 **20** -- It was --
 15:51:58 **21** As you already said, it had the appearance
 15:52:00 **22** of publication, it was put in the -- that format. It
 15:52:03 **23** had publication-quality figures showing his results,
 15:52:10 **24** and my initial impression of it was very positive.
 15:52:13 **25** **Q.** Okay. Now let's talk about your report.

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15:49:58 **1** except that he said he got it from a YouTube video.
 15:50:04 **2** **Q.** No. That's not exactly what he said, but
 15:50:07 **3** I'll let you believe that.
 15:50:09 **4** **A.** Or words to that effect.
 15:50:09 **5** **Q.** But at the beginning of the time you said it
 15:50:12 **6** was publication quality because it had the equations
 15:50:14 **7** he used and it had enough information that someone
 15:50:16 **8** could critique it or even reproduce it; correct?
 15:50:20 **9** **A.** At the beginning, before I saw -- found this
 15:50:22 **10** boundary-condition discrepancy that was my impression.
 15:50:24 **11** **Q.** And you wrote that on page 9 of your -- in
 15:50:30 **12** your notes; correct?
 15:50:33 **13** **A.** One moment. (Witness reviewing exhibit.)
 15:50:45 **14** Okay. Page 9. Right. The top of page 9
 15:50:48 **15** are my notes upon reading Elghobashi's expert report.
 15:50:56 **16** **Q.** Let me read that to you. It says:
 15:50:57 **17** "Elghobashi did not simulate the HotDog," exclamation
 15:51:00 **18** point; correct?
 15:51:01 **19** **A.** Correct.
 15:51:02 **20** **Q.** Then you say squames -- "squames" --
 15:51:02 **21** **A.** "Motion."
 15:51:05 **22** **Q.** -- "motion from floor to" operate --
 15:51:07 **23** "operating site. We cannot simulate this, nor
 15:51:11 **24** turbulence levels."
 15:51:12 **25** You agree with that; correct?

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15:52:17 **1** **A.** All right.
 15:52:21 **2** **Q.** Is a scientist in the field of doing what
 15:52:24 **3** you do able to reproduce your report?
 15:52:26 **4** **A.** I think so.
 15:52:26 **5** **Q.** Okay. So if they ask --
 15:52:28 **6** So is there anything about how long the Bair
 15:52:31 **7** Hugger is on in your report?
 15:52:35 **8** Not in your notes, in your report, sir.
 15:52:39 **9** **A.** It says Bair Hugger set at 43 degrees, and
 15:52:45 **10** that means that you have to wait until the thing heats
 15:52:48 **11** up, which takes sometimes minutes, 5, 10 minutes. So
 15:52:53 **12** that's an indication of how long it's on. Once it's
 15:52:57 **13** at 43 degrees we observed steady-state behavior.
 15:53:00 **14** **Q.** Okay. So your -- you make the assumption
 15:53:02 **15** that when the dial says 43 degrees, that -- that
 15:53:06 **16** you're at steady state.
 15:53:07 **17** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 15:53:08 **18** **Q.** If The LED says 43, you're at steady state.
 15:53:11 **19** You're making that assumption.
 15:53:12 **20** MR. GOSS: Object to form, mischaracterizes
 15:53:13 **21** his testimony.
 15:53:17 **22** **A.** Now I'll -- to answer your question I'll
 15:53:19 **23** repeat what I said before. I was also watching the
 15:53:23 **24** schlieren image to see if I saw anything changing.
 15:53:26 **25** **Q.** Answer my question, please, sir.

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15:53:27 **1** **A.** That is my answer to your question.
 15:53:28 **2** **Q.** So the dial -- the LED display says 43
 15:53:31 **3** degrees. Is that when you believe the Bair Hugger is
 15:53:33 **4** at steady state?
 15:53:33 **5** **A.** That is when I believe --
 15:53:35 **6** MR. GOSS: Asked and answered.
 15:53:35 **7** **A.** -- it's at steady state.
 15:53:38 **8** **Q.** Okay. Thank you.
 15:53:38 **9** Now, but you don't mention how much time you
 15:53:40 **10** have that you let the Bair Hugger run before you take
 15:53:42 **11** any testing results; correct?
 15:53:44 **12** **A.** Correct.
 15:53:45 **13** **Q.** You understand --
 15:53:46 **14** You understand differential equations;
 15:53:48 **15** correct?
 15:53:50 **16** **A.** Yes.
 15:53:50 **17** **Q.** Okay. And you understand the Navier-Stokes
 15:53:53 **18** equations are differential equations; correct?
 15:53:56 **19** **A.** They are.
 15:53:56 **20** **Q.** And things change over time; correct?
 15:53:59 **21** **A.** Excuse me, but the connection between
 15:54:01 **22** differential equations and whether you have a steady
 15:54:03 **23** or an unsteady flow is -- is broken in that question.
 15:54:08 **24** **Q.** Do you believe --
 15:54:08 **25** **A.** I don't --

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15:54:09 **1** **Q.** Do you believe that an operating room is a
 15:54:10 **2** steady or transient flow?
 15:54:20 **3** **A.** There's no simple answer to that, but I'll
 15:54:22 **4** give you the best answer I can give. If people are
 15:54:25 **5** standing still, okay, the downflow generator is steady
 15:54:31 **6** in the mean, the outflow through the vents are steady
 15:54:34 **7** in the mean, in the average, so that can be modeled as
 15:54:39 **8** a steady-state mean flow. But of course turbulence
 15:54:42 **9** can never be considered steady state because of motion
 15:54:48 **10** of vortices and such. That's the best answer I can
 15:54:52 **11** give you.
 15:54:53 **12** **Q.** So you ran a steady-state flow but you agree
 15:54:55 **13** with me that an operating room, since it has
 15:54:57 **14** turbulence, cannot be steady state.
 15:54:59 **15** **A.** Well we had --
 15:54:59 **16** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 15:55:00 **17** **A.** -- turbulence here, also.
 15:55:02 **18** **Q.** Okay. Now you agree with me that if I turn
 15:55:04 **19** on a space heater in this room right now, that it
 15:55:07 **20** takes time for it to become steady state; correct?
 15:55:11 **21** **A.** Yes.
 15:55:12 **22** **Q.** Okay. And you didn't perform any of those
 15:55:15 **23** calculations to determine how much -- how long the
 15:55:17 **24** Bair Hugger has to be on before it reached steady
 15:55:19 **25** state; correct?

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15:55:21 **1** MR. GOSS: Just going to object. I think
 15:55:22 **2** he already stated he hasn't done any calculations in
 15:55:25 **3** this report.
 15:55:26 **4** **Q.** Correct?
 15:55:28 **5** Correct?
 15:55:29 **6** **A.** Repeat the question.
 15:55:30 **7** **Q.** You haven't done any calculations to
 15:55:32 **8** determine how long the Bair Hugger has to be on to
 15:55:35 **9** achieve steady state in your system; correct?
 15:55:37 **10** **A.** No calculation.
 15:55:38 **11** **Q.** And you have done no experiments to
 15:55:40 **12** determine how long the Bair Hugger has to be on to --
 15:55:43 **13** to get to steady state.
 15:55:47 **14** **A.** We had the experimental observation that the
 15:55:49 **15** Bair Hugger reached its temperature, and the LED
 15:55:53 **16** indicator indicated so.
 15:55:55 **17** **Q.** Because you assumed when the LED indicator
 15:55:57 **18** hit 43 it was at steady state.
 15:56:00 **19** MR. GOSS: Objection, mischaracterizes his
 15:56:01 **20** testimony.
 15:56:03 **21** **Q.** Correct?
 15:56:03 **22** **A.** Yes.
 15:56:04 **23** **Q.** Okay. Now with respect to Figure Number 12,
 15:56:07 **24** sir, how many temperature measurements did you take
 15:56:11 **25** for each -- Figures 12 and 13 to compare whether or

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15:56:16 **1** not you were at steady state or -- or if things were
 15:56:18 **2** still changing?
 15:56:20 **3** **A.** With the wand anemometer the response time
 15:56:25 **4** is not very fast, so about all you can do with that is
 15:56:30 **5** to hold it in a fixed position, allow the temperature
 15:56:33 **6** to equilibrate and assume that it's a steady-state
 15:56:38 **7** measurement.
 15:56:39 **8** **Q.** How long do you hold it in a fixed position?
 15:56:41 **9** **A.** Until the temperature equilibrated, which in
 15:56:44 **10** this case would have been 30 seconds to a minute.
 15:56:48 **11** **Q.** Okay. So you stood still for 30 seconds to
 15:56:50 **12** a minute without moving the anemometer in any
 15:56:53 **13** direction.
 15:56:53 **14** **A.** For -- For each one of those points.
 15:56:56 **15** **Q.** Okay. And how long was the Bair Hugger on,
 15:57:13 **16** from the -- when you took the first measurement?
 15:57:19 **17** **A.** Could you clarify whether -- "How long it
 15:57:21 **18** was on." Since we flipped the switch?
 15:57:23 **19** **Q.** Yes, and it read 43 degrees Celsius.
 15:57:26 **20** **A.** Oh. I think I've already answered that
 15:57:28 **21** question. I'm -- I remember answering that question.
 15:57:32 **22** **Q.** We talked about with respect to when you did
 15:57:34 **23** the schlieren imaging. I'm talking about with Figures
 15:57:38 **24** 12 and 13 when you did the temperature measurements,
 15:57:40 **25** which was a different day.

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15:57:42 **1** **A.** So you're --

15:57:46 **2** The question is how long after the Bair

15:57:48 **3** Hugger reached its equilibrium did I take these

15:57:51 **4** measurements.

15:57:52 **5** **Q.** Yes.

15:57:53 **6** **A.** There's --

15:57:54 **7** It's a complex answer because the

15:57:55 **8** measurements take a long time, but I let the Bair

15:58:02 **9** Hugger reach its equilibrium temperature and did not

15:58:06 **10** start taking data immediately, but gave some time for

15:58:09 **11** any further equilibria -- equilibration that might be

15:58:12 **12** called for. I would say five or ten minutes.

15:58:14 **13** **Q.** Okay. So -- So within 5 or 10 minutes you

15:58:18 **14** took down these five temperatures?

15:58:20 **15** **A.** Right. No. It takes a long time because it

15:58:22 **16** takes a minute or two for each --

15:58:22 **17** **Q.** Okay.

15:58:24 **18** **A.** -- point, and then it takes time to

15:58:26 **19** reposition, and so forth.

15:58:27 **20** **Q.** Okay. Which was the first temperature you

15:58:29 **21** took on page -- Figure 12?

15:58:34 **22** **A.** I actually don't recall the order that those

15:58:38 **23** were taken in.

15:58:39 **24** **Q.** Okay. You agree that according to Figure 13

15:58:48 **25** that the area under the arm-board increased as a

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15:58:50 **1** result of the Bair Hugger.

15:58:55 **2** MR. GOSS: "The area under the arm-board"?

15:58:57 **3** **Q.** The temperature -- The area --

15:58:58 **4** The temperature under the arm-board

15:58:59 **5** increased. I'm sorry.

15:59:02 **6** **A.** Yes.

15:59:03 **7** **Q.** Okay. And that's as a result of the Bair

15:59:06 **8** Hugger turning on; correct?

15:59:11 **9** **A.** Yes.

15:59:12 **10** **Q.** I mean, if the Bair Hugger wasn't on it

15:59:14 **11** would be ambient temperature.

15:59:15 **12** **A.** It would be, or close to it.

15:59:17 **13** **Q.** There's no other heat source down there

15:59:19 **14** except the Bair Hugger; correct?

15:59:21 **15** **A.** You are correct.

15:59:21 **16** **Q.** So basically within 10 minutes the -- give

15:59:24 **17** or take plus or two minutes, the Bair Hugger went from

15:59:27 **18** 17 degrees -- or the air underneath the drape went

15:59:30 **19** from 17 degrees Celsius to 28 degrees Celsius;

15:59:33 **20** correct?

15:59:34 **21** **A.** Well not correct, because what you're

15:59:37 **22** missing in that question is that the airflow is on

15:59:41 **23** from the moment you switch on the power of the Bair

15:59:45 **24** Hugger unit and it's flowing, but then the Bair Hugger

15:59:48 **25** takes time to reach its setpoint. So I think your

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15:59:55 **1** question is implying that the airflow started when the

15:59:59 **2** Bair Hugger reached 43 degrees, and that's not the way

16:00:01 **3** it operates.

16:00:03 **4** **Q.** I understand how a Bair Hugger operates.

16:00:04 **5** But from the time --

16:00:07 **6** I just want to know a simple question. From

16:00:09 **7** the time you turned on the Bair Hugger till you took

16:00:12 **8** the 28-degree Celsius measurement, how long was it?

16:00:16 **9** **A.** And can you explain what you mean by "turned

16:00:18 **10** on the Bair Hugger"?

16:00:19 **11** **Q.** Flipping the switch. That's all I need to

16:00:21 **12** know. Putting it on 43 degrees. There's a button

16:00:25 **13** that says ambient, 38 or whatever, 33, 38, 43, and

16:00:31 **14** then low and high.

16:00:32 **15** I assume you put it on high; correct?

16:00:34 **16** **A.** High. That's the fan setting.

16:00:35 **17** **Q.** And you put the temperature to 43; correct?

16:00:38 **18** **A.** Correct.

16:00:38 **19** **Q.** And that automatically turns on the Bair

16:00:40 **20** Hugger when you hit 43.

16:00:41 **21** **A.** No. The Bair Hugger's running and blowing

16:00:43 **22** air the whole time.

16:00:47 **23** **Q.** So you were running the Bair Hugger without

16:00:49 **24** turning it on --

16:00:50 **25** You had it on, but running on ambient?

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16:00:52 **1** **A.** No. It's heating up. The 43 is the

16:00:55 **2** setpoint.

16:00:55 **3** **Q.** Okay. Let's back up. Let's back up.

16:00:58 **4** Let's just make it simple. You turn on the

16:01:02 **5** Bair Hugger to whatever setting you put it at, which

16:01:04 **6** was 43 degrees on high, okay, from the time you flip

16:01:08 **7** the switch and the motor starts rotating, okay?

16:01:11 **8** **A.** Yes.

16:01:11 **9** **Q.** From that point --

16:01:12 **10** **A.** Yes.

16:01:12 **11** **Q.** -- till you took this measurement of 28

16:01:16 **12** degrees Celsius, how long was it?

16:01:18 **13** **A.** Twenty minutes.

16:01:18 **14** **Q.** Twenty minutes. Okay.

16:01:24 **15** Is that a guess?

16:01:26 **16** **A.** I'm not supposed to guess, but it was on the

16:01:34 **17** order of 20 minutes. It was not two minutes, it was

16:01:36 **18** not 200 minutes.

16:01:37 **19** **Q.** Okay. So 20 minutes, give or take five

16:01:41 **20** minutes?

16:01:43 **21** MR. GOSS: If you can put that boundary on

16:01:47 **22** it, go ahead. But if your answer is what it is, then

16:01:51 **23** you don't have to change it.

16:01:52 **24** **A.** Twenty minutes, give or take 10 minutes.

16:01:55 **25** **Q.** Okay. And we don't know which order you

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16:01:56 **1** took these measurements in; correct?

16:01:58 **2 A.** We don't.

16:01:59 **3 Q.** But we have to guess that it's at least

16:02:01 **4** between -- one minute to two minutes between

16:02:03 **5** measurements.

16:02:03 **6 A.** Several minutes between measurements.

16:02:05 **7 Q.** Okay. Sitting here today you cannot give me

16:02:12 **8** an answer of how long the Bair Hugger was on before

16:02:14 **9** you started taking temperature measurements.

16:02:17 **10 A.** I just did.

16:02:18 **11 Q.** You took a --

16:02:19 **12** It was a guess, plus or minus 10 minutes.

16:02:21 **13** MR. GOSS: Well object to form. You've

16:02:22 **14** asked him to make estimates about things.

16:02:25 **15 Q.** Plus or minus 10 minutes; correct?

16:02:28 **16 A.** I've already answered that question, sir.

16:02:30 **17 Q.** Plus or minus 10 minutes. I'll take that.

16:02:32 **18** Okay.

16:02:32 **19** How long do you think it takes for the Bair

16:02:34 **20** Hugger to -- in a room that nothing is changing, which

16:02:37 **21** is not the room that you have, but in a normal room,

16:02:42 **22** how long do you think it takes to get to steady state?

16:02:47 **23 A.** Once again the way you stated the question

16:02:50 **24** is ambiguous to me. What takes to get to steady

16:02:54 **25** state, the temperature of the blanket?

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16:04:08 **1** you said it was 10 to 15. Now it's minutes.

16:04:10 **2 A.** It's minutes.

16:04:10 **3** MR. GOSS: Do you want him to guess or not?

16:04:12 **4** MR. ASSAAD: I want him to know what he

16:04:13 **5** knows, which doesn't seem like --

16:04:14 **6 A.** I'm not going to guess.

16:04:16 **7 Q.** Well then don't guess, but here's the

16:04:18 **8** situation. I'm trying to reproduce this study, and I

16:04:22 **9** might go spend some money to reproduce it, and at this

16:04:25 **10** point in time I need to know when you took the

16:04:28 **11** measurements and how long after so I can compare my

16:04:29 **12** results to your results.

16:04:30 **13 A.** Umm-hmm.

16:04:30 **14 Q.** Okay. That's the point of a scientific

16:04:32 **15** study. You agree? Okay?

16:04:35 **16 A.** Comparison, yes.

16:04:35 **17 Q.** That I can reproduce it.

16:04:37 **18 A.** Yes.

16:04:37 **19 Q.** And right now you are giving me a bunch of

16:04:39 **20** guesses that I cannot say at what point in time after

16:04:42 **21** I turn on the Bair Hugger that I could take these

16:04:44 **22** measurements to get similar measurements to you.

16:04:47 **23** Isn't that fair?

16:04:48 **24** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

16:04:53 **25 A.** Turn on the Bair Hugger unit and let it warm

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16:02:55 **1 Q.** The temperature underneath the blanket. The

16:02:58 **2** temperature underneath the drape.

16:03:00 **3 A.** I believe we -- that you and I still have a

16:03:03 **4** misunderstanding about that, that the -- when you turn

16:03:08 **5** the power unit on for the Bair Hugger the heating

16:03:11 **6** element and the fan both start operating, okay? And

16:03:18 **7** then it takes a long time for the Bair Hugger to heat

16:03:21 **8** up, 10 -- 10 minutes, 15 minutes.

16:03:25 **9 Q.** You think it takes 10 to 15 minutes for the

16:03:27 **10** Bair Hugger to get to 43 degrees Celsius?

16:03:30 **11 A.** It takes a long time.

16:03:31 **12 Q.** Is that your testimony today; 10 to 15

16:03:34 **13** minutes for the Bair Hugger to reach 43?

16:03:36 **14 A.** From flipping the switch.

16:03:38 **15 Q.** You understand that you actually could see

16:03:39 **16** the temperature, it counts up when you turn on the

16:03:42 **17** Bair Hugger. You're aware of that; correct? The LED

16:03:45 **18** changes till it gets to the 43.

16:03:47 **19 A.** It's not that fast in the equipment we used.

16:03:49 **20 Q.** Do you think your equipment was faulty?

16:03:51 **21 A.** No. I had my technician operating the

16:03:55 **22** equipment, and he was waiting for the temperature to

16:03:59 **23** be reached, 43 degrees, before we took data, and it

16:04:02 **24** took time. It took minutes. It doesn't just come --

16:04:06 **25 Q.** Well now it's -- now it's minutes. Before

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16:04:56 **1** up. When it reaches 43 degrees with now a few extra

16:05:01 **2** minutes to ensure equilibration, you can proceed.

16:05:05 **3 Q.** Okay.

16:05:05 **4 A.** What's the -- I don't see a difficulty

16:05:07 **5** there.

16:05:07 **6** MR. GOSS: You've answered the question.

16:05:18 **7 Q.** And you didn't do any schlieren testing on

16:05:20 **8** this -- on -- with this -- with temperature

16:05:22 **9** measurements; correct?

16:05:23 **10 A.** These were without schlieren images.

16:05:26 **11 Q.** Okay. So how do you know, when you took the

16:05:27 **12** measurements, that you were at steady state?

16:05:32 **13 A.** As I've already stated, there was a time --

16:05:35 **14** a time delay was built in for these measurements after

16:05:37 **15** the Bair Hugger reached its steady state --

16:05:40 **16 Q.** That's not a --

16:05:40 **17 A.** -- to make sure.

16:05:41 **18 Q.** -- scientific basis, sir.

16:05:43 **19** Give me -- Give me an equation or an

16:05:45 **20** experiment or a basis.

16:05:46 **21** If I put a heater in this room, okay, I will

16:05:49 **22** test it to see -- I could put a thermometer and it

16:05:52 **23** becomes steady state when the temperature doesn't

16:05:55 **24** change. Do you agree?

16:05:56 **25** "Yes" or "no"?

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16:05:56 **1** MR. GOSS: Object to the form.

16:05:58 **2 Q.** Do you agree with that?

16:05:59 **3** MR. GOSS: I believe he's answered the

16:06:00 **4** question.

16:06:01 **5 A.** Would you repeat the question?

16:06:01 **6 Q.** If I put a space heater in this room,

16:06:04 **7** according to the law of thermodynamics it's going to

16:06:07 **8** increase the temperature in this room if we keep

16:06:09 **9** everything constant; correct?

16:06:11 **10 A.** I'm sorry. The law of what?

16:06:13 **11 Q.** Thermodynamics, first law.

16:06:16 **12 A.** At steady state.

16:06:17 **13 Q.** It's going to take time to get to steady

16:06:19 **14** state, but it will increase; correct?

16:06:22 **15 A.** Yes.

16:06:22 **16 Q.** And when you get to steady state is where

16:06:24 **17** everything's at equilibrium and there's no --

16:06:24 **18** (Interruption by the reporter.)

16:06:24 **19 Q.** When you get to steady state that's when

16:06:26 **20** everything's at equilibrium and you don't see a change

16:06:30 **21** in temperature; correct?

16:06:31 **22 A.** Correct.

16:06:31 **23 Q.** Okay. You did not do that in this case; did

16:06:35 **24** you, sir?

16:06:36 **25** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

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16:06:36 **1 A.** Yes, I did.

16:06:37 **2 Q.** Where? Where's the data to show me the

16:06:39 **3** multiple temperature measurements to show that this is

16:06:42 **4** at steady state?

16:06:44 **5** MR. GOSS: Objection, asked and answered.

16:06:47 **6** MR. ASSAAD: Yeah, right.

16:06:50 **7 A.** Do you have a question for me?

16:06:51 **8 Q.** Yeah.

16:06:51 **9** Show me the measurements that you determined

16:06:53 **10** that this 28 degrees, or 26, or any of these numbers

16:06:57 **11** on Figure 13 and Figure 12 were taken at steady state.

16:07:02 **12** MR. GOSS: I believe you've testified to

16:07:03 **13** the measurements that you've taken. If you have a

16:07:05 **14** different answer, if there's more information, you

16:07:07 **15** can provide it.

16:07:08 **16** MR. ASSAAD: And I ask Mr. Goss to stop

16:07:09 **17** coaching the witness.

16:07:10 **18** MR. GOSS: There's nothing to coach.

16:07:14 **19 Q.** Show me the measurements.

16:07:16 **20 A.** As I've already testified, the -- one

16:07:18 **21** anemometer was held in a position until it reached

16:07:21 **22** steady state.

16:07:21 **23 Q.** No. You testified that you held the

16:07:24 **24** anemometer for a minute --

16:07:26 **25 A.** I believe I have testified that the

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16:07:29 **1** anemometer is held in a position for one of these

16:07:32 **2** measurements until the reading reached steady state.

16:07:36 **3 Q.** How long did that take?

16:07:38 **4 A.** For these --

16:07:40 **5** I already gave you that answer, too. That

16:07:42 **6** takes at least a minute, and perhaps several minutes.

16:07:45 **7 Q.** A minute for the anemometer to read the

16:07:48 **8** temperature; correct?

16:07:49 **9 A.** To reach an equilibrium value.

16:07:51 **10 Q.** Okay. So you think it takes one minute for

16:07:54 **11** each measurement.

16:07:56 **12** MR. GOSS: Well, mischaracterizes. I think

16:07:58 **13** he said "at least."

16:08:00 **14 A.** To rephrase it. If the temperature were not

16:08:04 **15** steady state the anemometer would be showing

16:08:06 **16** measurements that never equilibrate.

16:08:09 **17 Q.** Okay. So your testimony is that you know

16:08:11 **18** it's at steady state because the anemometer came to an

16:08:14 **19** equilibrium in each of the measurements.

16:08:18 **20 A.** Within one or two minutes, yes.

16:08:19 **21 Q.** Within one or two minutes. Okay.

16:08:29 **22** How fast or at what rate do you believe that

16:08:32 **23** the Bair Hugger changed the temperature underneath the

16:08:37 **24** -- for example, underneath the arm-board from 17

16:08:40 **25** degrees Celsius to 28 degrees Celsius?

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16:08:44 **1 A.** I've already answered that question, sir.

16:08:46 **2 Q.** No, you haven't.

16:08:47 **3 A.** Yes, I have.

16:08:48 **4 Q.** Well answer it again, then.

16:08:52 **5 A.** See if I can repeat my answer.

16:08:54 **6** The -- From flipping the switch, in our

16:08:59 **7** experience it took between -- on the order of 10 to 15

16:09:04 **8** minutes for the Bair Hugger to reach its equilibrium

16:09:08 **9** temperature, and then a further amount of time was

16:09:12 **10** taken to ensure equilibration before measurements were

16:09:18 **11** taken.

16:10:13 **12 Q.** Where does that heat go that's underneath

16:10:18 **13** the arm-board?

16:10:21 **14 A.** Are you asking me where the warm air goes?

16:10:24 **15 Q.** Yes.

16:10:28 **16 A.** I didn't measure that specifically. I would

16:10:37 **17** have to speculate.

16:10:50 **18 Q.** You agree it doesn't get destroyed; correct?

16:10:55 **19 A.** We -- We destroyed no air, that I'm aware

16:10:58 **20** of, in this experiment.

16:10:58 **21 Q.** So it has --

16:11:01 **22 A.** Except maybe the candle flame.

16:11:03 **23 Q.** And it has to go somewhere; correct?

16:11:04 **24 A.** It has to go somewhere.

16:11:06 **25 Q.** And it has a buoyancy to it; correct?

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16:11:08 **1** **A.** Yes.
 16:11:08 **2** **Q.** Because it's warmer than the ambient air;
 16:11:10 **3** correct?
 16:11:10 **4** **A.** It is.
 16:11:11 **5** **Q.** Do you agree that when it -- if it's 28
 16:11:13 **6** degrees and it -- once it reaches the side of the
 16:11:18 **7** drape that it's going to begin to go up because of
 16:11:20 **8** buoyancy?
 16:11:21 **9** **A.** Well it's blocked on the sides by the drape,
 16:11:24 **10** so I believe that a thermal boundary layer forms on
 16:11:28 **11** the bottom of that arm-board and that it spills out at
 16:11:33 **12** the location that is easiest, which would be right
 16:11:38 **13** where the -- right here [indicating].
 16:11:44 **14** **Q.** Is that --
 16:11:44 **15** Is that towards me or further from me, like
 16:11:47 **16** into the paper or out of the paper?
 16:11:48 **17** **A.** It would spill at the sides, towards you and
 16:11:52 **18** in the other direction as well, because the drape
 16:11:54 **19** hangs down the least there. And maybe -- All right.
 16:12:00 **20** So let's put it this way.
 16:12:01 **21** **Q.** Can you please high -- or please highlight
 16:12:01 **22** the area you're talking about on Exhibit --
 16:12:04 **23** Is that Exhibit 2?
 16:12:07 **24** **A.** Exhibit 1.
 16:12:08 **25** **Q.** Let's use Exhibit 2.

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16:12:09 **1** Can you highlight where you believe the air
 16:12:11 **2** would escape?
 16:12:17 **3** **A.** (Witness complying.)
 16:12:35 **4** **Q.** All right. And can you -- on Figure number
 16:12:40 **5** 7 -- 12 can you correspond to, like, the side-view of
 16:12:43 **6** what you highlighted? Could you?
 16:12:47 **7** **A.** It's not really visible in that figure
 16:12:50 **8** because the figure is kind of a perspective looking
 16:12:52 **9** down on top of the table --
 16:12:55 **10** **Q.** Okay.
 16:12:55 **11** **A.** -- so I can't actually see under there.
 16:12:57 **12** **Q.** So you highlighted between like 26 and 27
 16:12:59 **13** degrees Celsius marks; correct?
 16:13:02 **14** **A.** The center.
 16:13:02 **15** **Q.** Okay. And that's going to --
 16:13:06 **16** And you want to keep that down so the camera
 16:13:09 **17** could see the document.
 16:13:13 **18** MS. ZIMMERMAN: The camera over your
 16:13:14 **19** shoulder is looking at it from above.
 16:13:15 **20** **Q.** And that would escape out into the
 16:13:17 **21** atmosphere, is that your?
 16:13:18 **22** **A.** Well, I mean, all of this is you're asking
 16:13:21 **23** me to speculate. But since I have to answer the
 16:13:25 **24** question, that's my surmise.
 16:13:29 **25** **Q.** Okay. And the temperature of that air,

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16:13:30 **1** based on the points, are about 26 to 27 degrees
 16:13:33 **2** Celsius?
 16:13:36 **3** **A.** Yeah. That's what the measurement shows.
 16:13:39 **4** **Q.** Okay. And therefore that air would rise;
 16:13:41 **5** correct?
 16:13:42 **6** **A.** Correct.
 16:13:47 **7** MR. GOSS: I could use a bathroom break
 16:13:50 **8** whenever you reach a good spot.
 16:13:52 **9** MR. ASSAAD: We can take a break now.
 16:13:57 **10** MR. GOSS: Okay.
 16:13:58 **11** THE REPORTER: Off the record, please.
 16:13:59 **12** (Recess taken from 4:13 to 4:19 p.m.)
 16:19:55 **13** BY MR. ASSAAD:
 16:19:58 **14** **Q.** Going back to Figure Numbers 12 and 13, Dr.
 16:20:07 **15** Settles, you agree with me that if -- assuming that
 16:20:12 **16** the air coming out of the jets is 41 degrees Celsius,
 16:20:17 **17** that would affect the numbers -- the measurements that
 16:20:20 **18** you had on Figures 12 and 13; correct?
 16:20:24 **19** MR. GOSS: Objection, improper
 16:20:25 **20** hypothetical.
 16:20:31 **21** **A.** Would affect it as compared to what?
 16:20:33 **22** **Q.** As compared to what you have here.
 16:20:36 **23** **A.** In other words, compared to my measurement
 16:20:37 **24** at the holes of 32, 33 degrees.
 16:20:41 **25** **Q.** I'm saying assuming --

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16:20:42 **1** **A.** Oh.
 16:20:42 **2** **Q.** -- that the air coming out of the holes is
 16:20:45 **3** 41 degrees Celsius, you agree with me that it would
 16:20:47 **4** affect the measurements that you've taken in Figures
 16:20:52 **5** 12 and 13; correct?
 16:20:53 **6** MR. GOSS: Same objections.
 16:20:55 **7** **A.** I --
 16:20:56 **8** Sir, I have to call that an improperly
 16:20:59 **9** formulated question. The measurements I've taken are
 16:21:02 **10** what they are regardless of what the temperature is
 16:21:05 **11** coming out of the holes.
 16:21:06 **12** **Q.** Say I had a Bair Hugger blanket that
 16:21:11 **13** produced 41 degrees Celsius air coming out of the
 16:21:15 **14** holes, the jet -- jets of air coming out of the holes.
 16:21:18 **15** Would that change the temperature that -- the
 16:21:21 **16** temperatures that you have listed in Figures 12 and
 16:21:23 **17** 13?
 16:21:24 **18** **A.** I just answered that question.
 16:21:25 **19** MR. GOSS: Calls for speculation.
 16:21:27 **20** **Q.** So you're not going to answer the question?
 16:21:29 **21** **A.** The these are the numbers that I measured
 16:21:31 **22** from the Bair Hugger blanket, I -- regardless of what
 16:21:35 **23** the temperature was coming out of the holes.
 16:21:36 **24** **Q.** Well don't you think the temperatures coming
 16:21:38 **25** out the holes are going to effect these temperatures

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16:21:40 **1** that you measured?

16:21:41 **2** **A.** That's not what you asked me.

16:21:42 **3** **Q.** Do you think that would affect what you're

16:21:43 **4** measuring?

16:21:45 **5** **A.** If you changed it.

16:21:46 **6** **Q.** Yes.

16:21:46 **7** **A.** It would affect these -- these numbers.

16:21:49 **8** **Q.** And if you increased --

16:21:51 **9** **A.** But we didn't change it.

16:21:52 **10** **Q.** Okay. I'm not asking you that, sir.

16:21:54 **11** And if I -- if we changed the temperatures

16:21:56 **12** and increased the temperature coming out of the

16:21:58 **13** perforated holes in the Bair Hugger, would you agree

16:22:00 **14** with me that would increase these temperatures in

16:22:02 **15** Figures 12 and 13?

16:22:03 **16** **MR. GOSS:** Same objection, improper

16:22:05 **17** hypothetical.

16:22:09 **18** **A.** As you stated it this last time, yes.

16:22:12 **19** **Q.** Okay. And in fact it would significantly

16:22:16 **20** increase the temperature if you changed the

16:22:19 **21** temperature coming out of the perforated holes from 33

16:22:22 **22** degrees to 41 degrees Celsius; correct?

16:22:24 **23** **MR. GOSS:** I'm just going to object that

16:22:26 **24** the 33-degree temperature is not in Figure 12 or 13.

16:22:35 **25** But subject to that, you can answer.

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16:22:38 **1** **A.** What's your question, please?

16:22:39 **2** **Q.** Well let's back it up a little bit.

16:22:41 **3** I would assume, and correct me if I'm wrong,

16:22:44 **4** doctor, that the measurements taken in Figures 12 and

16:22:48 **5** 13 was with the Bair Hugger on, and that if you

16:22:52 **6** measured the air coming out of the perforations it

16:22:54 **7** would be what you measured previously as being 33

16:22:58 **8** degrees -- 33 or 32 degrees Celsius; correct?

16:23:02 **9** **A.** There is a difference in the sense that in

16:23:06 **10** this case the -- the mannequin is draped, cloth over

16:23:10 **11** the top and so forth, whereas in -- as clearly stated

16:23:14 **12** in the report for Figure 9 I believe -- for Figure 9

16:23:22 **13** and Figure 8 b, this was done as a benchtop

16:23:29 **14** experiment, it was not draped, it was not on a

16:23:31 **15** mannequin. It was the Bair Hugger blanket on a

16:23:33 **16** benchtop. It's not exactly the same situation.

16:23:36 **17** **Q.** Okay. So what's the purpose of doing that

16:23:40 **18** measurement, then, if it does -- if it's not relevant

16:23:43 **19** to how it actually is used in an operating room?

16:23:44 **20** **A.** I didn't say it wasn't relevant. I think

16:23:46 **21** it's very relevant, but --

16:23:46 **22** **Q.** How is it relevant?

16:23:47 **23** **A.** It's relevant because I'm isolating the

16:23:52 **24** microholes and I'm examining the behavior of the jets

16:23:56 **25** which I see are mixing out very rapidly, and I'm

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16:23:59 **1** making a -- measuring the temperature distribution.

16:24:02 **2** **Q.** But your measure --

16:24:03 **3** **A.** I think I claimed, I did claim, if you look

16:24:05 **4** in my report for Figure 9 --

16:24:16 **5** Where can I find it?

16:24:17 **6** **Q.** I'm aware of your report. I know you made

16:24:19 **7** the claim that this is not typically how it's used.

16:24:19 **8** **A.** Yes.

16:24:22 **9** **Q.** I understand that, sir.

16:24:23 **10** **A.** I made that claim.

16:24:24 **11** **Q.** I've read your report.

16:24:25 **12** So my question is: Do you know what the

16:24:27 **13** temperatures coming out of the jets when it's placed

16:24:29 **14** above a patient as used in an -- as used as it's

16:24:32 **15** supposed to be used in an operating room?

16:24:34 **16** **A.** I did not make that measurement.

16:24:36 **17** **Q.** Okay. Do you think it will be more or less

16:24:43 **18** than 32 to 33 degrees?

16:24:45 **19** **A.** You're asking me to guess.

16:24:46 **20** **Q.** I'm ask -- If you know. I'm ask -- If you

16:24:49 **21** don't know, you can say "I don't know."

16:24:50 **22** **A.** I don't know.

16:24:51 **23** **Q.** Okay. I don't want you to guess, but it's

16:24:53 **24** okay to say "I don't know the answer."

16:24:55 **25** **A.** Right.

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16:25:00 **1** **Q.** Now let's go to Figure 14. This is where

16:25:03 **2** you compare the convection currents between the Bair

16:25:08 **3** Hugger blower and the HotDog control device; correct?

16:25:16 **4** **A.** That's correct.

16:25:17 **5** **Q.** The HotDog is not a blower; correct?

16:25:21 **6** **A.** It has a cooling fan but it is not a blower

16:25:23 **7** in the sense that -- same sense as the Bair Hugger.

16:25:26 **8** **Q.** And if I look at figures b and d I see a

16:25:29 **9** significant difference between the -- the density of

16:25:33 **10** the air around the Bair Hugger as compared to the

16:25:35 **11** HotDog. Is that -- Is that an incorrect statement?

16:25:38 **12** **A.** It is in the sense that you're looking at

16:25:40 **13** density gradient. But if you replaced "density" with

16:25:44 **14** "density gradient," in these particular pictures I

16:25:50 **15** would say yes.

16:25:51 **16** **Q.** Okay. And you would consider them

16:26:08 **17** remarkable; correct?

16:26:10 **18** **A.** My conclusion, from examining the images and

16:26:15 **19** the videos, is that the airflow patterns around the

16:26:20 **20** Bair Hugger blower and the HotDog power unit have

16:26:24 **21** differences that are not remarkable.

16:26:27 **22** **Q.** And what's your basis that -- what's your

16:26:28 **23** definition of "remarkable"?

16:26:31 **24** **A.** Significantly different, obviously

16:26:33 **25** different.

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16:26:33 **1 Q.** So you're saying here between figures b and
 16:26:35 **2** d you see no significant difference.
 16:26:37 **3 A.** Remember I also talk about looking at the
 16:26:40 **4** videos. And we know that single images don't convey
 16:26:45 **5** the nature of something that's turbulent -- has
 16:26:49 **6** turbulent convection and so forth.
 16:26:51 **7 Q.** So if you look at videos 239 and 242, is
 16:26:59 **8** that what you're referring --
 16:26:59 **9** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 16:26:59 **10 A.** Yes. I think you'll get a better impression
 16:27:04 **11** of the phenomenon.
 16:27:26 **12 Q.** And 239 and 242 are the viewpoint of images
 16:27:32 **13** a and c; correct? If you know.
 16:27:38 **14 A.** I don't know --
 16:27:40 **15 Q.** Okay.
 16:27:40 **16 A.** -- without looking it up.
 16:28:04 **17 Q.** And my understanding is -- Well let me ask
 16:28:07 **18** you this. Strike that.
 16:28:10 **19** The determination of whether or not a change
 16:28:15 **20** is remarkable or unremarkable is subjective; correct?
 16:28:35 **21 A.** I don't -- I don't think that "subjective"
 16:28:38 **22** is a good word, but I can -- you would have to ask a
 16:28:45 **23** number of observers to look at these images and reach
 16:28:49 **24** a consensus if you'd like a perfectly objective
 16:28:56 **25** result.

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16:28:59 **1 Q.** Well we can agree that schlieren imaging is
 16:29:03 **2** quantitative, not qualitative. Doesn't give you a
 16:29:06 **3** number.
 16:29:06 **4 A.** No. You have these backwards.
 16:29:08 **5 Q.** Or qualitative, not quantitative. I'm
 16:29:10 **6** sorry.
 16:29:10 **7 A.** In this instance we did qualitative
 16:29:14 **8** schlieren visualization. We did not extract numbers
 16:29:17 **9** from the schlieren images --
 16:29:17 **10 Q.** Okay.
 16:29:19 **11 A.** -- although it is possible.
 16:29:20 **12 Q.** Now according to page 3 of your report, on
 16:29:23 **13** the last line you write -- you're talking about you
 16:29:31 **14** can't do a schlieren optical system in an OR because
 16:29:34 **15** of the size constraints. It says: "Instead, the
 16:29:36 **16** approach taken here is to experimentally reproduce a
 16:29:39 **17** typical OR laminar downflow..."
 16:29:42 **18 A.** Yes.
 16:29:42 **19 Q.** Okay. And that was your goal; correct?
 16:29:46 **20 A.** Well it was to isolate the laminar downflow,
 16:29:52 **21** the surgical table, the mannequin with the blankets
 16:29:55 **22** and examine the interaction of downflow and blankets
 16:30:00 **23** in the same way between the forced air and the
 16:30:04 **24** conduction blanket without going through a complete
 16:30:09 **25** simulation of an operating room.

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16:30:11 **1 Q.** Okay. And as we discussed previously, there
 16:30:30 **2** are many things that could alter the laminar flow or
 16:30:38 **3** the unidirectional flow in an operating room that's
 16:30:40 **4** around the surgical table; correct?
 16:30:46 **5** MR. GOSS: Objection, vague.
 16:30:48 **6 A.** Yes. Can you be more specific?
 16:30:51 **7** People moving around, is this what you're
 16:30:54 **8** referring to?
 16:30:54 **9 Q.** No. Just having four people around the
 16:30:56 **10** operating room table, that's going to effect the
 16:30:59 **11** unidirectional flow based on their thermal plumes;
 16:31:02 **12** correct?
 16:31:02 **13 A.** Compared to what, having no people?
 16:31:04 **14 Q.** Yes.
 16:31:09 **15 A.** People certainly make a difference, yes.
 16:31:11 **16 Q.** Having a -- a patient there that -- has a --
 16:31:16 **17** that puts out wattage is going to have an effect on
 16:31:19 **18** the unidirectional airflow; correct?
 16:31:23 **19 A.** I think that's a negligible effect.
 16:31:26 **20 Q.** Okay. But you could have put people in to
 16:31:34 **21** your -- to your study, and you decided not to do that;
 16:31:37 **22** correct?
 16:31:37 **23 A.** That's correct.
 16:31:38 **24** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 16:31:38 **25 Q.** And probably the reason why is because it

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16:31:40 **1** would probably block the schlieren mirrors.
 16:31:44 **2 A.** Is there a question there for me?
 16:31:46 **3 Q.** Yeah. That's -- One of the reasons why you
 16:31:48 **4** didn't put people in there was because it would affect
 16:31:50 **5** -- you probably would not get a direct image of the
 16:31:53 **6** mirrors and it would obstruct the view.
 16:31:57 **7** MR. GOSS: I'm just going to object that it
 16:31:59 **8** misstates the report with respect to Figure 15, but
 16:32:01 **9** you can answer.
 16:32:01 **10** MR. ASSAAD: I'm not even on Figure 15.
 16:32:03 **11** MR. GOSS: Okay.
 16:32:14 **12 Q.** Well you could use four people around the
 16:32:16 **13** operating room table; correct?
 16:32:17 **14 A.** You see people around the operating table in
 16:32:19 **15** this figure.
 16:32:19 **16 Q.** I see one.
 16:32:22 **17** Correct?
 16:32:23 **18 A.** One person.
 16:32:23 **19 Q.** You understand around a typical total hip or
 16:32:30 **20** total knee arthroplasty there is the anesthesiologist;
 16:32:33 **21** correct?
 16:32:35 **22** Correct?
 16:32:36 **23 A.** Well we don't have to count these people.
 16:32:38 **24** There are more -- There are several people around the
 16:32:41 **25** surgery table.

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16:32:42 **1** **Q.** And not only are they going to have an
 16:32:44 **2** effect causing, you know, thermal plumes, but they're
 16:32:47 **3** also going to effect the airflow around the operating
 16:32:50 **4** room table and especially underneath the operating
 16:32:52 **5** room table; correct?
 16:32:53 **6** **A.** I don't know how much effect underneath, but
 16:32:55 **7** they certainly interact with the laminar downflow as
 16:32:59 **8** far as their upper body and head's concerned.
 16:33:01 **9** **Q.** So if you were to give me a percentage of
 16:33:04 **10** similarity between your setup and a typical OR, what
 16:33:07 **11** would you give?
 16:33:09 **12** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 16:33:12 **13** **A.** I can't even make that estimate because, as
 16:33:19 **14** we just discussed, this is a simulation of the center
 16:33:22 **15** of the operating room with the downflow and its
 16:33:26 **16** interaction with the immediate vicinity of the table.
 16:33:28 **17** And we did have one person, we could have had four
 16:33:31 **18** people, as you said. But give you a percentage? I
 16:33:38 **19** don't even understand what you're asking me.
 16:33:40 **20** **Q.** Let me ask you this. Could you publish this
 16:33:42 **21** report and come to the conclusion and state: In a
 16:33:46 **22** typical operating room where a total hip or total knee
 16:33:50 **23** arthroplasty was performed that the Bair Hugger has no
 16:33:55 **24** effect on unidirectional airflow?
 16:34:00 **25** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
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16:34:03 **1** **Q.** Can you make that statement in a
 16:34:05 **2** peer-reviewed literature based on the study that you
 16:34:07 **3** performed?
 16:34:08 **4** **A.** If I published this I would not claim that
 16:34:12 **5** this was an operating room, it was a simulation of the
 16:34:19 **6** downflow and the patient on the table. We're not
 16:34:22 **7** simulating an operating room.
 16:34:23 **8** **Q.** So you can't state today that your report
 16:34:26 **9** claims that in a typical operating room the Bair
 16:34:32 **10** Hugger would have no effect on the unidirectional
 16:34:36 **11** airflow.
 16:34:37 **12** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 16:34:38 **13** **A.** I didn't even claim that the Bair Hugger has
 16:34:47 **14** no effect in the simulation, so I certainly wouldn't
 16:34:52 **15** claim it in an operating room that I didn't simulate.
 16:35:02 **16** **Q.** So you do agree that the Bair Hugger has an
 16:35:05 **17** effect on the downward airflow of, like -- the
 16:35:12 **18** unidirectional airflow.
 16:35:14 **19** **A.** If you will please look at Figure 10, you
 16:35:17 **20** will see that both the Bair Hugger and the HotDog have
 16:35:22 **21** visible effects on the laminar downflow.
 16:35:25 **22** **Q.** Okay. And just -- And you -- and -- Strike
 16:35:33 **23** that.
 16:35:34 **24** And you agree with me that you have no
 16:35:44 **25** evidence to make the statement that the Bair Hugger
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16:35:50 **1** device has no effect on particle movement from
 16:36:03 **2** particles underneath the operating room table.
 16:36:06 **3** **A.** My study didn't involve particle movement.
 16:36:08 **4** **Q.** Okay. So you're not going to make that
 16:36:10 **5** claim at all and you have no evidence to either
 16:36:12 **6** support or refute that claim.
 16:36:14 **7** MR. GOSS: With respect to particle
 16:36:16 **8** movement under the OR table.
 16:36:18 **9** MR. ASSAAD: Yes.
 16:36:18 **10** **A.** We have no evidence of particle movement
 16:36:19 **11** under the OR table.
 16:36:22 **12** **Q.** And you are not going to make the claim that
 16:36:28 **13** the Bair Hugger does not form convection currents from
 16:36:41 **14** underneath the operating room that could carry
 16:36:43 **15** particles.
 16:36:44 **16** **A.** As we already know in this testimony, we
 16:36:48 **17** didn't actually get any usable results underneath the
 16:36:52 **18** operating table.
 16:36:53 **19** **Q.** Okay. Okay. So the only thing that you're
 16:36:56 **20** claiming is the effect a Bair Hugger has, mainly by
 16:37:01 **21** conduction, on the effect of the unidirectional
 16:37:09 **22** downward airflow; correct?
 16:37:10 **23** MR. GOSS: Object that it --
 16:37:10 **24** **A.** Not correct.
 16:37:11 **25** MR. GOSS: -- misstates his testimony and
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16:37:13 **1** opinions.
 16:37:14 **2** MR. ASSAAD: I'm trying to understand his
 16:37:15 **3** testimony.
 16:37:15 **4** **Q.** The buoyancy or the density difference that
 16:37:18 **5** you see in Figure 10 a, that's a result of the heat
 16:37:25 **6** transfer from the Bair Hugger through the cotton
 16:37:30 **7** blanket and through the drape and then exited above
 16:37:34 **8** the patient; correct?
 16:37:36 **9** **A.** Yes.
 16:37:37 **10** **Q.** And the transfer of the Bair Hugger from the
 16:37:43 **11** Bair Hugger blanket to the blank -- to the cotton
 16:37:45 **12** blanket, would you agree with me is mostly by
 16:37:47 **13** conduction?
 16:37:52 **14** MR. GOSS: Calls for speculation. You can
 16:37:54 **15** answer if you have an understanding of that.
 16:37:56 **16** **Q.** I can make it easier.
 16:37:57 **17** You agree with me that the jets are pointing
 16:37:59 **18** downwards and what's up top is a smooth surface,
 16:38:02 **19** correct, that's in touch with the blanket, cotton
 16:38:05 **20** blanket; correct?
 16:38:06 **21** **A.** All right. That's the way the blanket's
 16:38:07 **22** supposed to be applied, yes.
 16:38:09 **23** **Q.** Okay. Therefore it's by contact that the
 16:38:10 **24** heat's being transferred from the Bair Hugger blanket
 16:38:12 **25** to the cotton blanket; correct?
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16:38:14 **1** **A.** Yes.

16:38:14 **2** **Q.** And I'm not saying it's a hundred percent

16:38:17 **3** conduction, but we could agree based on engineering

16:38:20 **4** principles, education, training and experience that

16:38:22 **5** the primary source of heat transfer is by conduction

16:38:25 **6** from the Bair Hugger blanket to the cotton blanket.

16:38:28 **7** Do you agree?

16:38:30 **8** **A.** I agree.

16:38:30 **9** **Q.** And also for the same as from the Bair

16:38:34 **10** Hugger from the cotton blanket to the surgical drape;

16:38:37 **11** correct?

16:38:37 **12** **A.** Correct.

16:38:38 **13** **Q.** Because the surgical drape is impermeable,

16:38:40 **14** so even if there's air flowing through it the way it's

16:38:43 **15** going to effect the schlieren imaging is because of

16:38:46 **16** the conduction of the heat transfer from the cotton

16:38:49 **17** blanket to the surgical drape; correct?

16:38:51 **18** **A.** Correct if you add that what we see in the

16:38:53 **19** schlieren imaging is the convection rising from that.

16:38:56 **20** **Q.** Oh yeah. And that's the -- that's the

16:38:58 **21** natural convection from a heated surface into air.

16:39:00 **22** **A.** Yes.

16:39:01 **23** **Q.** Has nothing to do with the convection from

16:39:03 **24** the jets coming from below.

16:39:05 **25** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

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16:39:06 **1** **A.** I can't agree with that positively because I

16:39:10 **2** don't know how much of the jet air manages to make it

16:39:13 **3** around and come up above.

16:39:16 **4** **Q.** But even if -- above from around the

16:39:19 **5** blanket?

16:39:19 **6** **A.** I don't know how much that may happen.

16:39:21 **7** **Q.** So that may happen that the heat can come

16:39:23 **8** from around the blanket up into the -- into the --

16:39:26 **9** above -- above the patient. Just so I understand you

16:39:33 **10** correctly.

16:39:35 **11** **A.** The way we've set it up I agreed with you

16:39:37 **12** already that it was primarily conduction.

16:39:41 **13** **Q.** Conduction.

16:39:41 **14** **A.** Conduction.

16:39:42 **15** **Q.** Okay. But -- But --

16:39:44 **16** But there may be some convective currents

16:39:46 **17** that come from the jets that escape from the side of

16:39:49 **18** the drape and shoot up and cause some of this

16:39:53 **19** refractive density, I think that's the right term, in

16:39:57 **20** the schlieren imaging; correct? In Figure 10.

16:40:01 **21** **A.** I wouldn't rule it out.

16:40:06 **22** **Q.** You wouldn't rule it out.

16:40:07 **23** **A.** No.

16:40:07 **24** **Q.** Okay. And you agree if some of this

16:40:20 **25** convective -- some of the airflow that comes from

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16:40:24 **1** below the Bair Hugger that actually comes from

16:40:26 **2** underneath the table and rises along the sides above

16:40:32 **3** the operating room table, that may carry particles

16:40:36 **4** with it from underneath the operating room table;

16:40:38 **5** correct?

16:40:39 **6** MR. GOSS: Objection, beyond the scope of

16:40:40 **7** the opinions.

16:40:41 **8** **A.** I'm really not going to comment on particle

16:40:43 **9** motion here.

16:40:44 **10** **Q.** Well you agree that air contains particles;

16:40:46 **11** correct?

16:40:46 **12** **A.** Not always.

16:40:47 **13** **Q.** Well unless it's particle-free air. But you

16:40:51 **14** could agree with me that with -- I mean you -- you

16:40:54 **15** cite ASHRAE; correct? In your references; correct?

16:40:58 **16** **A.** Yes.

16:40:58 **17** **Q.** And you agree with ASHRAE when they say

16:41:00 **18** between 1 to 900 million skin squames are shed during

16:41:04 **19** a typical surgery.

16:41:05 **20** **A.** That number in the literature is -- varies

16:41:09 **21** very widely, but I would agree with you that a large

16:41:13 **22** number of skin squames are released by the human body.

16:41:17 **23** **Q.** And this air that's escaping from underneath

16:41:19 **24** the Bair Hugger and rising may carry some of those

16:41:22 **25** skin squames up; correct?

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16:41:24 **1** **A.** I don't --

16:41:24 **2** I'm not aware that there is air escaping

16:41:26 **3** from underneath the Bair Hugger and rising because the

16:41:28 **4** drape, as you pointed out, is impermeable, so.

16:41:31 **5** **Q.** But you just said you wouldn't rule it out,

16:41:33 **6** though.

16:41:35 **7** MR. GOSS: This is getting speculative, but

16:41:36 **8** if you have a different answer than you provided,

16:41:40 **9** then you may answer.

16:41:42 **10** **Q.** Well you mention -- you testified before you

16:41:43 **11** wouldn't rule that out.

16:41:45 **12** **A.** I testified that I think that it's -- would

16:41:49 **13** be a minor effect, or I would like to say that if

16:41:53 **14** that's there it's a very minor effect.

16:41:57 **15** **Q.** So you -- your testing did not rule that

16:42:00 **16** possible effect out; correct?

16:42:01 **17** **A.** My testing did not.

16:42:02 **18** **Q.** Okay. So explain to me, you did testing one

16:43:06 **19** day and you threw it all out because there was a

16:43:08 **20** problem?

16:43:11 **21** **A.** Would you be referring --

16:43:12 **22** What would you be referring --

16:43:13 **23** **Q.** The stratification issue, page 15.

16:43:25 **24** **A.** Yes. That was already discussed, I think,

16:43:29 **25** or was it?

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16:43:29 **1** **Q.** I don't believe it was.
 16:43:29 **2** **A.** All right.
 16:43:31 **3** **Q.** But I'm sure if it was your counselor would
 16:43:33 **4** say, "asked and answered."
 16:43:34 **5** **MR. GOSS:** That's true.
 16:43:36 **6** **Q.** So since he's being quiet I assume that it
 16:43:38 **7** hasn't been discussed yet.
 16:43:39 **8** **A.** All right. That is what happened. We had,
 16:43:43 **9** on that particular day because of a severe rainstorm
 16:43:46 **10** we had a set of problems that I deemed to be serious
 16:43:56 **11** enough that we would repeat those tests, and we did
 16:43:58 **12** repeat those tests subsequently. This is my duty and
 16:44:04 **13** responsibility not to accept conditions that are not
 16:44:07 **14** acceptable.
 16:44:51 **15** **Q.** Did --
 16:44:53 **16** Would it be fair to assume, since there was
 16:44:57 **17** -- this was an open-air facility that had no
 16:45:01 **18** ventilation -- heating or ventilation, air
 16:45:04 **19** conditioning, that --
 16:45:05 **20** **A.** It had natural ventilation.
 16:45:06 **21** **Q.** And the natural ventilation is based on the
 16:45:08 **22** outside temperature; correct?
 16:45:11 **23** **A.** It's a --
 16:45:12 **24** It's affected by the outside temperature,
 16:45:14 **25** sure.

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16:46:55 **1** trying to get it as good as we could.
 16:46:58 **2** **Q.** Okay. Did you ever consider just --
 16:47:06 **3** Well would you agree that one of the issues
 16:47:07 **4** that caused problems was because you were feeding the
 16:47:09 **5** air from the side instead of from a duct up top?
 16:47:17 **6** **A.** That's a good question.
 16:47:21 **7** **Q.** At least you think one of my questions is
 16:47:22 **8** good today.
 16:47:24 **9** (Laughter.)
 16:47:26 **10** **A.** I've cited reference 22, Richardson's paper
 16:47:29 **11** on how to design a fluid flow distributor. And
 16:47:33 **12** basically that paper says that if the distributor's
 16:47:37 **13** designed correctly, then every orifice or every
 16:47:44 **14** segment has the same pressure drop. In that case it
 16:47:49 **15** doesn't matter what the airflow pattern is inside the
 16:47:52 **16** plenum because the flow rate will be the same if the
 16:47:55 **17** pressure drop is the same and the outside pressure is
 16:47:58 **18** the same.
 16:47:59 **19** **Q.** But you couldn't achieve that; could you?
 16:48:00 **20** **A.** We didn't exactly achieve that, no.
 16:48:02 **21** **Q.** Okay. And it --
 16:48:03 **22** **A.** We tried.
 16:48:04 **23** **Q.** And it's obvious from probably the first --
 16:48:09 **24** from pages 7 to 11 about the different types of
 16:48:22 **25** testing and throttle positions and stuff you put

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16:45:14 **1** **Q.** So you would agree with me that throughout
 16:45:16 **2** the day the temperature would be different in the
 16:45:18 **3** warehouse.
 16:45:19 **4** **A.** There were some temperature variations which
 16:45:22 **5** we measured and recorded.
 16:45:23 **6** **Q.** I mean, some days it changed by four or five
 16:45:25 **7** degrees; correct?
 16:45:26 **8** **A.** Yeah. It could.
 16:45:28 **9** **Q.** And of course you agree that that's going to
 16:45:30 **10** have an effect on comparing test results from one day
 16:45:36 **11** to the next.
 16:45:38 **12** **A.** I don't think the four or five degrees is
 16:45:42 **13** that significant.
 16:45:44 **14** **Q.** Okay.
 16:45:50 **15** **MR. ASSAAD:** By the way, Peter Goss, we
 16:45:53 **16** withdraw our request for any other images --
 16:45:56 **17** **MR. GOSS:** Okay.
 16:45:57 **18** **MR. ASSAAD:** -- that were not produced.
 16:46:35 **19** **BY MR. ASSAAD:**
 16:46:35 **20** **Q.** And Mr. Settles, I think I understood this
 16:46:39 **21** before, just wanted to clarify.
 16:46:41 **22** There was an issue of trying to get an
 16:46:42 **23** average of a 39 feet per second or per minute face
 16:46:46 **24** velocity with your downflow generator; correct?
 16:46:52 **25** **A.** We spent several days on this of hard work

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16:48:25 **1** inside there to get to a 39 foot per minute face value
 16:48:31 **2** -- face velocity; correct?
 16:48:32 **3** **A.** You now are referring to the logbook.
 16:48:34 **4** **Q.** Yeah, Exhibit 7.
 16:48:36 **5** **A.** Pages 7 to 11.
 16:48:53 **6** From -- To page 11. You'll see on page 11
 16:48:57 **7** that that's where we began taking data on April 27th.
 16:49:03 **8** **Q.** And you picked what's called --
 16:49:06 **9** **A.** "Chosen operating conditions."
 16:49:08 **10** **Q.** And used marked, quote unquote, 41; correct?
 16:49:12 **11** **A.** That's right.
 16:49:12 **12** **Q.** And for that chosen operating condition the
 16:49:15 **13** face velocity was 41 feet per minute; correct?
 16:49:18 **14** **A.** Average.
 16:49:19 **15** **Q.** Average.
 16:49:20 **16** And you've never made any changes with
 16:49:22 **17** respect to the throttle since that day; correct?
 16:49:29 **18** **A.** I believe that the throttle setting of 17
 16:49:32 **19** was then constant because you see it again on May 5th.
 16:49:36 **20** **Q.** And you agree that even with the throttle
 16:49:38 **21** setting of 17, depending on the day, the face velocity
 16:49:42 **22** could -- was changing.
 16:49:44 **23** **A.** The measured -- The measurement changed.
 16:49:47 **24** **Q.** Okay. Now I'm trying to understand this on
 16:49:49 **25** the side of page 11 it says "need 150 millimeter," I

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16:49:55 **1** don't understand that. "Outward" or out --

16:49:57 **2** **A.** Need 150 millimeter outboard focusing lens

16:50:02 **3** plus options. Plus or minus options. That refers to

16:50:06 **4** the fact that with this schlieren -- I'll try to keep

16:50:10 **5** this concise -- with this schlieren system a normal

16:50:14 **6** camera lens doesn't function because it vignettes or

16:50:19 **7** crops the image. And this was my -- my purview as the

16:50:25 **8** optics guy to try to fix this, and my solution to it

16:50:28 **9** was to take off the camera lens and put an outboard

16:50:32 **10** fixed lens in place. Unfortunately the first one I

16:50:36 **11** used didn't have exactly the right focal length, so

16:50:39 **12** this is my note to myself that I needed a different

16:50:42 **13** lens in order to fit the circle on the digital image

16:50:50 **14** plane properly.

16:50:52 **15** I realize that without an explanation that

16:50:54 **16** doesn't make sense to anybody.

16:50:57 **17** **Q.** All right. Let's go to page 21.

16:51:14 **18** **A.** Okay.

16:51:25 **19** **Q.** Under "downflow generator off," see that big

16:51:28 **20** square there?

16:51:29 **21** **A.** Yes.

16:51:29 **22** **Q.** It says, outside temperature approximately

16:51:31 **23** one degree Fahrenheit greater than indoor temperature,

16:51:35 **24** therefore downflow is subject to buoyancy and relevant

16:51:39 **25** temperature is an issue.

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16:51:40 **1** Did I read that correctly?

16:51:42 **2** **A.** You did. "Relative" temperature.

16:51:44 **3** **Q.** "Relative."

16:51:46 **4** What do you mean by that?

16:51:48 **5** **A.** We had to be careful not to feed the

16:51:52 **6** downflow generator with air at a different temperature

16:51:55 **7** than the room air, because in that case the air that

16:52:00 **8** comes out of the downflow generator will be subject to

16:52:03 **9** buoyancy forces. And in most of the testing the

16:52:07 **10** temperature was the same, but in this and the case

16:52:13 **11** noted earlier that was repeated, we had some

16:52:18 **12** difficulty.

16:52:19 **13** **Q.** Well would you agree with me that in an

16:52:22 **14** operating room the temperature from the air supply is

16:52:23 **15** at a different temperature than the operating room?

16:52:26 **16** **A.** Colder, yes.

16:52:26 **17** **Q.** Okay. So there'll be some buoyancy forces

16:52:30 **18** with re -- with respect to buoyancy from heat sources

16:52:33 **19** on that air that would be different than if the

16:52:35 **20** temperature's uniform; correct?

16:52:38 **21** **A.** I'm sorry. Can you rephrase?

16:52:40 **22** **Q.** Well the fact that there's a different

16:52:41 **23** temperature from the air supply in an operating room

16:52:44 **24** has an effect on buoyancy as well; correct?

16:52:49 **25** **A.** Buoyancy of what?

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16:52:51 **1** **Q.** Of the Bair Hugger device, the -- the -- the

16:52:58 **2** heat sources, such as the people in the room.

16:53:04 **3** **A.** All right. I'm trying to -- I'm trying to

16:53:07 **4** get a question from you that I can answer.

16:53:09 **5** **Q.** Okay. Well let me -- let me --

16:53:11 **6** We could agree that the operating room air

16:53:15 **7** supply is at a different temperature than the

16:53:19 **8** operating room; correct?

16:53:20 **9** **A.** I think we already discussed that it's

16:53:21 **10** colder for --

16:53:23 **11** **Q.** Okay. And that wasn't the case in your

16:53:25 **12** simulation; correct? It was all one constant

16:53:28 **13** temperature; correct?

16:53:29 **14** **A.** We -- Yes.

16:53:30 **15** **Q.** Okay. And with respect to buoyancy, the

16:53:34 **16** Delta T has an effect on buoyancy; correct?

16:53:37 **17** **A.** Buoyancy of what?

16:53:39 **18** **Q.** Of air.

16:53:43 **19** **A.** All right. I'll try to answer that question

16:53:51 **20** as I understand. Buoyancy of, let's say the -- the

16:53:56 **21** plume of the candle, a candle flame, --

16:54:00 **22** **Q.** Yes.

16:54:00 **23** **A.** -- which is buoyant? All right.

16:54:02 **24** It's a one degree difference so it'll have a

16:54:06 **25** minor effect.

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16:54:06 **1** **Q.** What if it's a six degree difference?

16:54:12 **2** **A.** Once again I'd do this calculation, but

16:54:15 **3** certainly if you have a vast difference in temperature

16:54:19 **4** of the downflow then you would see a difference, yes.

16:54:25 **5** **Q.** Okay. And do you know what the temperature

16:54:27 **6** is around where the surgeons are standing and the

16:54:31 **7** patient is in an operating room if the air coming out

16:54:33 **8** is about 59 degrees Celsius?

16:54:35 **9** **A.** Well I've seen numbers that are -- that vary

16:54:39 **10** from one operating room to the next, so I don't know

16:54:42 **11** that there's an exact answer to that.

16:54:44 **12** **Q.** Do you know the rough Delta, Delta T between

16:54:46 **13** what's coming out of the ceiling and what's around?

16:54:49 **14** **A.** A few degrees.

16:54:50 **15** **Q.** Few degrees? Okay.

16:54:51 **16** And you agree that a few degrees will have

16:55:04 **17** an effect, you just don't know whether or not it would

16:55:06 **18** be a significant effect or not.

16:55:08 **19** **A.** I'll agree with that.

16:55:09 **20** **Q.** Okay. Is there anywhere in any of the

16:55:44 **21** plaintiffs' expert reports that say the jets that are

16:55:49 **22** coming out of the Bair Hugger blanket reach the

16:55:54 **23** operating room floor?

16:55:57 **24** **A.** My understanding of the reports cited by the

16:56:04 **25** plaintiff are that a stream of air reaches the

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16:56:10 **1** operating room floor, not the jets from the individual
 16:56:16 **2** holes in the Bair Hugger blanket.
 16:56:17 **3** **Q.** You agree that --
 16:56:25 **4** You agree that the drape is impermeable;
 16:56:27 **5** correct?
 16:56:28 **6** **A.** Yes.
 16:56:28 **7** **Q.** As we discussed.
 16:56:29 **8** And if the drape is coming around the entire
 16:56:31 **9** table, okay, including the feet, and air can escape,
 16:56:37 **10** that the mass flow of air coming in underneath the
 16:56:42 **11** drape has to escape at some point from around the
 16:56:46 **12** drape; correct?
 16:56:48 **13** **A.** I don't believe that's correct, because if
 16:56:49 **14** you will have a look at Figure -- Figure -- [Witness
 16:57:01 **15** reviewing exhibit.]
 16:57:01 **16** **Q.** 12, 13?
 16:57:02 **17** **A.** No. I'm looking for the anesthesia blanket.
 16:57:04 **18** In Figure 11 there is evidence there that
 16:57:07 **19** there's a pretty significant amount of convective heat
 16:57:11 **20** transfer coming out in the front of the blanket. So
 16:57:14 **21** that's another path for heat loss in addition to flow
 16:57:19 **22** down to the bottom of the drape.
 16:57:21 **23** **Q.** I didn't give a number. I'm just saying if
 16:57:24 **24** there's mass flow that's going underneath the drape,
 16:57:26 **25** that mass flow -- the same amount of mass flow has to
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16:57:30 **1** escape from around the drape; correct?
 16:57:32 **2** **A.** Okay. Yes.
 16:57:33 **3** **Q.** Okay. So whether or not it's 80 percent of
 16:57:35 **4** the air or, according to, you know -- unless you --
 16:57:38 **5** unless you abide by Abraham where it's a hundred
 16:57:41 **6** percent of the air comes out of the head and neck
 16:57:43 **7** there's some certain amount of mass flow that's going
 16:57:46 **8** underneath the drape; correct?
 16:57:47 **9** **MR. GOSS:** Object to form. You can testify
 16:57:49 **10** about -- If you have an answer, you can provide it.
 16:57:56 **11** **Q.** Mass cannot be created or destroyed;
 16:57:58 **12** correct?
 16:57:59 **13** **A.** Well I would agree with that.
 16:58:00 **14** **Q.** Okay. So if you have -- if you have a mass
 16:58:02 **15** flow of air going underneath the blanket it's going to
 16:58:05 **16** push the air out and escape as long -- as long as you
 16:58:08 **17** have the continuous mass flow coming in through the --
 16:58:10 **18** through the Bair Hugger blanket; correct?
 16:58:12 **19** **A.** Whatever amount of air that does not go out
 16:58:14 **20** to the head I presume has to go out by some other
 16:58:17 **21** path. Maybe it goes down to the feet, maybe it goes
 16:58:20 **22** to the bottom of the blanket. It's buoyant and it
 16:58:23 **23** will find its easiest path of escape to get out.
 16:58:27 **24** **Q.** And once it escapes it's going to go up
 16:58:29 **25** until it reaches some sort of equilibrium; correct?
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16:58:34 **1** **A.** Well you have to -- I'd have to comment on
 16:58:36 **2** that that we're now talking about air generated by the
 16:58:43 **3** Bair Hugger blanket; am I right? That came out
 16:58:49 **4** through the microholes.
 16:58:52 **5** **Q.** Yes.
 16:58:53 **6** **A.** All right. Just -- I'm just trying to get
 16:58:57 **7** your -- understand your question so I can answer.
 16:58:59 **8** That air, as I demonstrated, is already
 16:59:02 **9** rapidly mixing out with its surroundings, so how --
 16:59:08 **10** how buoyant is it? And if you look at my figures, my
 16:59:12 **11** measurements in Figure 12 and -- well especially
 16:59:16 **12** Figure 12, you will see that underneath the blanket
 16:59:20 **13** the air that -- down there was only one degree above
 16:59:26 **14** room temperature in that measurement.
 16:59:27 **15** **Q.** But other areas it's 11 degrees above
 16:59:30 **16** temperature.
 16:59:31 **17** **A.** Around the head.
 16:59:32 **18** **Q.** Well I'm talking -- I'm looking at Figure
 16:59:34 **19** 13.
 16:59:39 **20** **A.** Yeah. These measurements are underneath the
 16:59:42 **21** arm-board, you're right. It's high -- It's higher
 16:59:44 **22** than that, so --
 16:59:45 **23** **Q.** And you agree once that air escapes it's
 16:59:47 **24** going to have some buoyant effect; correct?
 16:59:49 **25** **A.** If it's warmer than the surroundings, yes,
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16:59:51 **1** --
 16:59:51 **2** **Q.** Okay.
 16:59:52 **3** **A.** -- but not otherwise.
 16:59:57 **4** **Q.** And you would agree, if we look at...
 17:00:28 **5** Okay. Let's look at Figures 12 and 13.
 17:00:37 **6** Okay. You agree that over time, say in a typical 45
 17:00:42 **7** minute to an hour surgery, that the drape and the
 17:00:49 **8** cotton blanket and -- will come to -- well the drape
 17:00:54 **9** will come to some sort of equilibrium temperature;
 17:00:58 **10** correct?
 17:00:59 **11** **A.** I think that's correct.
 17:00:59 **12** **Q.** And that temperature is going to be warmer
 17:01:01 **13** than the ambient temperature; correct?
 17:01:08 **14** **A.** You're saying by virtue of the
 17:01:10 **15** patient-warming blanket.
 17:01:12 **16** **Q.** Yes. I'm saying with the patient-warming
 17:01:15 **17** blanket on.
 17:01:15 **18** **A.** That makes sense.
 17:01:16 **19** **Q.** Okay. Now --
 17:01:18 **20** And we agree that if air escapes at a higher
 17:01:23 **21** temperature it's going to have a buoyant effect;
 17:01:25 **22** correct?
 17:01:26 **23** **A.** To the extent that it's warmer than the
 17:01:28 **24** ambient temperature, it will be buoyant.
 17:01:31 **25** **Q.** And you agree with me that the air -- the --
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17:01:35 **1** what you see occurring in Figure 10, 15 -- I'm sorry
 17:01:43 **2** -- in Figure 10 a, this buoyant -- this density is --
 17:01:50 **3** is because the air around or close to the Bair Hugger
 17:01:54 **4** blanket has some buoyancy to it; correct?
 17:01:57 **5** **A.** Well I don't think so, because in this case
 17:02:00 **6** we have the plastic blanket over it so the -- there
 17:02:04 **7** was a discussion about conduction up through these
 17:02:08 **8** layers, and I think what you're seeing there is the
 17:02:11 **9** fact that the surface of the plastic blanket is warmer
 17:02:14 **10** than --
 17:02:15 **11** **Q.** And that's what I meant.
 17:02:16 **12** The surface has some sort of -- creates a
 17:02:18 **13** convection current above the -- the drape; correct?
 17:02:23 **14** **A.** It's -- It has, yeah, created a convective
 17:02:26 **15** boundary there.
 17:02:27 **16** **Q.** Okay. And that has buoyancy pushing up;
 17:02:29 **17** correct?
 17:02:29 **18** **A.** That is correct.
 17:02:29 **19** **Q.** And you have the unidirectional airflow
 17:02:33 **20** pushing down; correct?
 17:02:34 **21** **A.** That's right.
 17:02:34 **22** **Q.** And that buoyancy force is going to occur
 17:02:36 **23** along the entire drape in which the Bair Hugger is
 17:02:39 **24** warming; correct?
 17:02:40 **25** **A.** I think so.

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17:02:41 **1** **Q.** So that would occur around the arms;
 17:02:43 **2** correct? And to the -- And to the side.
 17:02:45 **3** **A.** Yes.
 17:02:46 **4** **Q.** Okay. So would you agree with me that that
 17:02:48 **5** buoyancy effect, I'd like to use the word it's energy;
 17:03:00 **6** correct? It's some sort of force.
 17:03:03 **7** **A.** Right. There's a buoyant force applied to a
 17:03:06 **8** change in density, so, you know, that force is acting
 17:03:09 **9** upward and being suppressed by the downflow.
 17:03:11 **10** **Q.** But my point is if air escapes out the side
 17:03:14 **11** it could also use that buoyancy force that the drape
 17:03:19 **12** has to force the air or any particles that it's
 17:03:24 **13** carrying further up the drape; correct?
 17:03:26 **14** **MR. GOSS:** Just going to object that it's
 17:03:28 **15** outside the scope of his experiment.
 17:03:29 **16** **Q.** Do you understand my question?
 17:03:30 **17** **A.** Could you repeat that, please?
 17:03:31 **18** **Q.** You have the drape that's covered that's hea
 17:03:34 **19** -- that's been heated by the Bair Hugger and that's
 17:03:36 **20** going to have convection currents that causes an
 17:03:39 **21** upward buoyancy force; correct? And you're going to
 17:03:41 **22** have air underneath the operating room table, okay,
 17:03:45 **23** that's at a higher temperature, and when it escapes
 17:03:48 **24** near the drape, at the edge of a drape, okay, that
 17:03:52 **25** it's going to have some sort of buoyancy force as well

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17:03:54 **1** as long as it's a greater temperature than the ambient
 17:03:57 **2** air; correct?
 17:03:57 **3** **MR. GOSS:** I think you already got him to
 17:03:59 **4** say this.
 17:03:59 **5** **MR. ASSAAD:** I'm walking him down this.
 17:04:01 **6** **MR. GOSS:** He's not going to offer opinions
 17:04:03 **7** about what's happening under the table.
 17:04:05 **8** **MR. ASSAAD:** Okay.
 17:04:05 **9** **MR. GOSS:** But subject to that, you can
 17:04:07 **10** answer if you have one.
 17:04:08 **11** **Q.** As we discussed previously, if the air comes
 17:04:10 **12** out from underneath the operating room table and it
 17:04:12 **13** has a higher temperature than the ambient it's going
 17:04:14 **14** to have some buoyancy force; correct?
 17:04:16 **15** **A.** Yes.
 17:04:17 **16** **Q.** And as -- if it's carrying particles, it has
 17:04:19 **17** the buoyancy force that it has from what it collected
 17:04:24 **18** from underneath the table, plus the additional
 17:04:26 **19** buoyancy force around the drape pushing it up because
 17:04:28 **20** the drape itself is creating a convection current with
 17:04:32 **21** a buoyancy force; correct?
 17:04:33 **22** **A.** That I don't understand.
 17:04:34 **23** Are you claiming that the drape, at that
 17:04:37 **24** point, is warmer than the surroundings?
 17:04:40 **25** **Q.** Yes. That's what your data shows.

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17:04:43 **1** **A.** No. The -- My data doesn't show anything
 17:04:45 **2** about the temperature of the drape down at the sides.
 17:04:47 **3** **Q.** I'm talking about the drape right above the
 17:04:48 **4** Bair Hugger.
 17:04:49 **5** **A.** Oh, all right.
 17:04:50 **6** One more time, please.
 17:04:51 **7** **Q.** Okay. I'm talking about the Bair Hugger
 17:04:53 **8** where the drape is where we're seeing these convective
 17:04:57 **9** currents.
 17:04:57 **10** **A.** Umm-hmm.
 17:04:58 **11** **Q.** Do you agree with me that these convective
 17:05:00 **12** currents, if air escapes from underneath the operating
 17:05:05 **13** room table, as we discussed, to the path of least
 17:05:08 **14** resistance around the arms or whatever, that it's
 17:05:11 **15** going to be -- have its own buoyant force and that it
 17:05:15 **16** could combine with the buoyant force that's being
 17:05:16 **17** produced by the drape to continue to rise any
 17:05:20 **18** particles above this patient.
 17:05:22 **19** Do you agree with that?
 17:05:23 **20** **MR. GOSS:** Same objection, calls for
 17:05:24 **21** speculation about a particle path.
 17:05:26 **22** **A.** Particles were not a part of our study.
 17:05:28 **23** **Q.** I understand that, but as a engineer that
 17:05:30 **24** has done experimental fluid dynamics, and I think you
 17:05:34 **25** know where my question is, sir, and I think -- I

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17:05:37 **1** understand you want to hide behind this wasn't part of
 17:05:39 **2** our study, but I'm asking you as an engineer.
 17:05:39 **3** **A.** Well do you understand --
 17:05:41 **4** **Q.** Do you know the answer --
 17:05:43 **5** MR. GOSS: Move to strike.
 17:05:43 **6** **Q.** Do you know the answer to that from an
 17:05:45 **7** engineering standpoint, "yes" or "no"?
 17:05:46 **8** **A.** Do you understand that you're asking me to
 17:05:47 **9** speculate on something that I didn't measure and
 17:05:49 **10** didn't consider?
 17:05:50 **11** **Q.** I'm talking about common engineering
 17:05:52 **12** principles.
 17:05:54 **13** **A.** I really don't want to comment on particles,
 17:05:56 **14** it wasn't part of my study. The study was airflow.
 17:05:59 **15** **Q.** So you're not an expert on particles at all.
 17:06:02 **16** **A.** Particles have been involved in some work of
 17:06:04 **17** mine in the past, but I don't consider myself a
 17:06:06 **18** particle expert.
 17:06:07 **19** **Q.** Okay. So you're not going to criticize
 17:06:10 **20** Elghobashi as -- in his particle flow.
 17:06:11 **21** **A.** I criti --
 17:06:12 **22** My criticism of Elghobashi is in his
 17:06:14 **23** boundary condition.
 17:06:15 **24** **Q.** Okay. As well as your criticism of Abraham
 17:06:22 **25** too.

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17:06:23 **1** **A.** Yeah.
 17:06:23 **2** **Q.** Do you have any criticisms of Dr. Kuehn and
 17:06:25 **3** his measurements?
 17:06:28 **4** **A.** No.
 17:06:36 **5** **Q.** You do understand that -- Wait a second.
 17:06:43 **6** You opined in your report that "particles in
 17:06:55 **7** an airstream have inertia and therefore do not always
 17:06:58 **8** follow...streamlines of the flow."
 17:07:00 **9** **A.** Could you show me where that is?
 17:07:02 **10** **Q.** Page 3.
 17:07:03 **11** **A.** Okay. Now to --
 17:07:12 **12** Do you want me to comment, or are you asking
 17:07:14 **13** a question?
 17:07:14 **14** **Q.** Well, I mean, you commented on particles
 17:07:17 **15** following airstream and having inertia.
 17:07:18 **16** **A.** We're now talking about two very different
 17:07:21 **17** issues. The issue I think you're asking about are
 17:07:25 **18** skin squames that -- in the air. The issue that I'm
 17:07:30 **19** talking about here is the use of neutrally buoyant
 17:07:34 **20** helium bubbles as flow tracers and the inertia
 17:07:37 **21** associated with those bubbles which has basically
 17:07:39 **22** disqualified that throughout several decades as a
 17:07:44 **23** useful flow-visualization technique. So it's really
 17:07:48 **24** two different things.
 17:07:49 **25** **Q.** So smoke is not a good visualization?

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17:07:51 **1** **A.** Well smoke is a better technique than the
 17:07:53 **2** neutrally buoyant bubbles because the particles are
 17:07:56 **3** much smaller and therefore inertia effects would be
 17:07:59 **4** reduced.
 17:08:02 **5** But you have to be careful with the smoke
 17:08:04 **6** also because it has the drawback that it -- if it's
 17:08:08 **7** introduced at a point then you may see only one
 17:08:12 **8** feature of the flow and you won't see the flow over
 17:08:14 **9** here that didn't have smoke added.
 17:08:16 **10** **Q.** And turbulence would have a significant
 17:08:20 **11** effect on smoke, correct, in smoke studies.
 17:08:22 **12** **A.** The -- It depends on the size of the smoke
 17:08:24 **13** particle. Smoke is sometimes used in PIV, and
 17:08:28 **14** titanium -- titanium dioxide particles that are
 17:08:33 **15** submicron, and I believe that they demonstrate little
 17:08:36 **16** inertia in some cases.
 17:08:38 **17** **Q.** Okay. But --
 17:08:40 **18** How long does the smoke, if you --
 17:08:43 **19** If you use smoke, how long does it last for,
 17:08:45 **20** what's the distance that it would be visible; do you
 17:08:48 **21** know?
 17:08:50 **22** **A.** The distance that smoke would be visible.
 17:08:52 **23** **Q.** Yeah. If it's in a high-speed or turbulent
 17:08:55 **24** environment.
 17:08:57 **25** **A.** I have a little trouble understanding the

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17:08:59 **1** distance at which it would be visible. These
 17:09:02 **2** particles aren't evaporating. If they're illuminated
 17:09:06 **3** properly they'll be visible wherever they are.
 17:09:09 **4** **Q.** Okay. So water vapor is sometimes used for
 17:09:13 **5** smoke; correct?
 17:09:15 **6** **A.** Fog. Water fog.
 17:09:16 **7** **Q.** Yes.
 17:09:17 **8** **A.** Yes.
 17:09:17 **9** **Q.** Would you consider that reliable?
 17:09:20 **10** **A.** Once again, being myself a proponent of
 17:09:25 **11** optical methods that don't involve inertia on
 17:09:28 **12** particles I'm skeptical of particle visualization
 17:09:31 **13** techniques, including water fog.
 17:09:33 **14** **Q.** Okay. And water fog dissipates into the
 17:09:36 **15** air; correct?
 17:09:37 **16** **A.** Eventually, yes.
 17:09:38 **17** **Q.** Especially if it's turbulent or high
 17:09:40 **18** velocity.
 17:09:40 **19** **A.** Yes.
 17:09:41 **20** **Q.** Okay. Do you agree that thermal sources
 17:10:13 **21** could cause contaminated air to rise?
 17:10:17 **22** **A.** "Contaminated air"?
 17:10:18 **23** **Q.** Yes.
 17:10:19 **24** **A.** Thermal sources can cause contaminated air
 17:10:22 **25** to rise. That's a very general statement, and I

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17:10:25 **1** wouldn't disagree with it.

17:10:26 **2** **Q.** I mean, you put it down in your downflow

17:10:28 **3** generator. You said: "If the downflow speed is too

17:10:31 **4** low, contaminated air may rise from" the "thermal

5 sources, spread, and reach the surgical site."

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** You agree with that statement; correct?

8 **A.** It's my statement.

9 **Q.** And conta --

17:10:51 **10** (Interruption by the reporter.)

17:10:51 **11** MR. GOSS: Is that on page 6?

17:10:54 **12** MR. ASSAAD: Yes.

17:10:54 **13** **Q.** Now contaminated air are -- is air with

17:10:56 **14** particles; correct?

17:10:59 **15** **A.** Or some --

17:10:59 **16** **Q.** And Bacteria.

17:11:01 **17** **A.** -- other contamination.

17:11:02 **18** **Q.** Well bacteria particles. I mean, bacteria

17:11:04 **19** is a particle; correct?

17:11:07 **20** **A.** Bacteria ride on skin particles, but usually

17:11:11 **21** not by themselves in my understanding.

17:11:13 **22** **Q.** Well, okay.

17:11:19 **23** So going back to my last hypothetical, if

17:11:26 **24** contaminated air -- assuming that all air underneath

17:11:30 **25** the operating room table is contaminated. Can we --

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17:11:32 **1** Can you agree with me on that assumption?

17:11:33 **2** **A.** Well I don't have measurements of it, so --

17:11:36 **3** **Q.** Let's just make the assumption all air is

17:11:38 **4** contaminated.

17:11:39 **5** **A.** But if you -- if there is contamination down

17:11:40 **6** there then.

17:11:41 **7** **Q.** Okay.

17:11:41 **8** **A.** Okay.

17:11:43 **9** **Q.** Now you agree with me that if you have

17:11:44 **10** contaminated air that escapes from -- warm air that

17:11:48 **11** escapes from underneath the drape, that the buoyant

17:11:51 **12** forces, if it's warmer than the ambient air, is going

17:11:53 **13** to rise; correct? As you wrote down here.

17:11:56 **14** **A.** If it is warmer than the ambient air, yes,

17:11:58 **15** it's obvious.

17:11:59 **16** **Q.** Till it reaches a equilibrium, and then

17:12:01 **17** it'll stay down and go down, correct, till it cools

17:12:04 **18** off.

17:12:05 **19** **A.** I'm sorry. Once again I'm having trouble.

17:12:08 **20** **Q.** If contaminated air is rising as the buoyant

17:12:10 **21** forces, okay, but it's releasing energy when it does

17:12:13 **22** it and releasing -- and the temperature decreases

17:12:16 **23** until it comes to an equilibrium with the ambient

17:12:19 **24** air --

17:12:19 **25** **A.** Right.

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17:12:19 **1** **Q.** -- and then it drops down; correct?

17:12:21 **2** **A.** Can we put it this way? In turbulent motion

17:12:23 **3** it's when it -- the turbulent eddies are causing it to

17:12:26 **4** mix out with the cooler air and so the temperature

17:12:29 **5** difference fairly quickly dissipates.

17:12:29 **6** **Q.** And --

17:12:31 **7** **A.** That's the way I look at it.

17:12:33 **8** **Q.** And it loses its buoyant effect.

17:12:34 **9** **A.** It loses its buoyancy.

17:12:36 **10** **Q.** Okay. But as long as you -- as long as it

17:12:37 **11** has a buoyant effect and the temperature's greater

17:12:40 **12** than the ambient air, it's going to continue to rise;

17:12:43 **13** correct?

17:12:44 **14** **A.** Yes.

17:12:44 **15** **Q.** Okay. So you would agree with me that if

17:12:46 **16** air escapes, contaminated air escapes along the sleeve

17:12:50 **17** and it -- it could follow along the convection

17:12:53 **18** currents that you've illustrated in Figure 10 along

17:13:03 **19** the -- along the convective currents created by the

17:13:11 **20** warm drape; correct?

17:13:13 **21** (Interruption by the reporter.)

17:13:13 **22** MR. GOSS: Object to form.

17:13:16 **23** **A.** Could I get you to repeat that?

17:13:18 **24** **Q.** You agree with me that --

17:13:24 **25** So you would agree with me that if air

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17:13:26 **1** escapes -- if contaminated air escapes along the

17:13:30 **2** sleeve, as we discussed, like underneath the sleeve

17:13:33 **3** and it escapes out, okay, it would have a buoyant

17:13:39 **4** effect, and as long as it's above the drape that's

17:13:42 **5** being heated by the Bair Hugger which forms convective

17:13:48 **6** currents, it would continue to rise along these

17:13:51 **7** thermal plumes that you show in Figure 10.

17:13:53 **8** MR. GOSS: Object to form, calls for

17:13:54 **9** speculation.

17:13:56 **10** **A.** I would agree with that once again with the

17:14:03 **11** qualification that at the time the air has gotten that

17:14:08 **12** far away from its heat source it's probably pretty

17:14:11 **13** well mixed out with the surrounding air, and therefore

17:14:14 **14** little temperature potential for buoyancy.

17:14:18 **15** **Q.** But there's buoyancy along the entire drape

17:14:20 **16** on top of the Bair Hugger; correct?

17:14:22 **17** **A.** On top of it.

17:14:23 **18** **Q.** Okay. So along that whole drape if the air

17:14:26 **19** escapes from right around that drape to the side

17:14:28 **20** there's buoyant forces around the whole Bair Hugger

17:14:30 **21** that it could flow and be a part of.

17:14:32 **22** MR. GOSS: Objection, calls for

17:14:34 **23** speculation, asked and answered.

17:14:36 **24** **Q.** Agreed?

17:14:41 **25** **A.** Yes.

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17:14:42 **1** Q. Okay.

17:15:05 **2** MR. ASSAAD: Do you need a break?

17:15:06 **3** THE REPORTER: Yes, please.

17:18:22 **4** MR. ASSAAD: Okay. Let's take a break.

17:18:22 **5** (Recess taken from 5:18 to 5:22 p.m.)

17:22:05 **6** BY MR. ASSAAD:

17:22:08 **7** Q. Going back to Figures 12 and 13, did you

17:22:14 **8** perform any of the same measurements for the HotDog

17:22:17 **9** device?

17:22:23 **10** A. We did not, and that would -- that would be

17:22:27 **11** a useful thing to do if the experiments were

17:22:30 **12** continued.

17:22:30 **13** Q. Okay. So in the summary of your opinions,

17:22:37 **14** which is page 21, under number 4), the last sentence,

17:22:42 **15** you write, there are no great differences in the

17:22:43 **16** visible thermal behavior of the two blankets in the OR

17:22:49 **17** laminar downflow conditions. You're referring to what

17:22:51 **18** was seen from the schlieren testing above the patient;

17:22:54 **19** correct?

17:22:55 **20** A. I'm sorry. Which -- Which --

17:22:57 **21** Q. Number 4).

17:22:58 **22** A. Number 4).

17:22:58 **23** Q. The last sentence.

17:23:03 **24** A. I'm referring to what we can see above and

17:23:11 **25** just slightly to the sides of the blanket.

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17:24:20 **1** suit?

17:24:21 **2** MR. ASSAAD: Yes.

17:24:21 **3** A. Yes.

17:24:22 **4** Q. Okay. And with respect to figure C, which

17:24:28 **5** you used an electrocautery device, correct; right?

17:24:31 **6** A. That was -- Yes.

17:24:32 **7** Q. Okay. You agree with me that it's highly

17:24:35 **8** unlikely that there would be any live bacteria in any

17:24:39 **9** of the smoke that's created that rises up from the

17:24:42 **10** electrocautery device; correct?

17:24:44 **11** MR. GOSS: Object to form, beyond the scope

17:24:45 **12** of his expertise.

17:24:48 **13** A. I'm not a live bacteria expert so I'm

17:24:51 **14** speculating now, but I can also cite you -- well I

17:24:57 **15** can't cite specific literature right off the top of my

17:24:59 **16** head. There is a lot of literature about a laser

17:25:04 **17** cautery, rather than this device, in which the plumes

17:25:08 **18** are contaminated. And what exactly the nature of the

17:25:12 **19** contamination, whether it's bacterial or whether the

17:25:14 **20** smoke is -- it is caustic or what it is, but I have

17:25:19 **21** seen those in the literature.

17:25:20 **22** Q. Well you write here that -- on number 8) on

17:25:24 **23** your summary: "Some OR equipment, such as

17:25:26 **24** electrocautery pens, create their own rising,

17:25:29 **25** contamination-bearing thermal plumes."

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17:23:14 **1** Q. Okay. So you're not referring to anything

17:23:16 **2** that could happen -- occur underneath the operating

17:23:18 **3** room table; correct?

17:23:19 **4** A. Well as we already discussed, I don't have

17:23:21 **5** measurements on that.

17:23:22 **6** Q. Okay. And by the way, let's go to page --

17:23:25 **7** or Figure 15, which is page 16.

17:23:32 **8** A. Yes.

17:23:33 **9** Q. Do you know what an orthopedic surgeon wears

17:23:35 **10** during a total hip or total knee arthroplasty?

17:23:41 **11** A. I don't know the exact garb. What we had

17:23:45 **12** here was a simulation of hospital garb.

17:23:49 **13** Q. Okay. You're not aware of the space suits

17:23:52 **14** that they wear?

17:23:55 **15** A. Oh, that was -- we made no attempt to do a

17:23:58 **16** space suit-type garb.

17:24:00 **17** Q. And you agree that the space suits would

17:24:01 **18** affect flow coming out from -- if you're fully covered

17:24:05 **19** all the way down it affects flow coming out from a --

17:24:08 **20** like from the shirt or the chest area.

17:24:09 **21** A. If it is a total-containment suit, of course

17:24:12 **22** it would affect it.

17:24:12 **23** Q. Okay. And that would definitely affect the

17:24:15 **24** images in Figures a and b; correct?

17:24:18 **25** MR. GOSS: If they had been wearing a space

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17:25:31 **1** A. Yes.

17:25:31 **2** Q. You're not an expert in that; are you?

17:25:33 **3** A. No, sir.

17:25:34 **4** Q. Okay. So you agree with me that you're not

17:25:36 **5** going to be offering this testimony at trial; correct?

17:25:38 **6** MR. GOSS: I'll object to form. I think

17:25:40 **7** the report speaks for itself.

17:25:41 **8** Q. You're not an expert in it; correct?

17:25:43 **9** A. I'm not an expert.

17:25:44 **10** Q. Okay.

17:25:46 **11** MR. GOSS: With respect to contamination.

17:25:48 **12** Q. Whether or not electro -- electrocautery

17:25:50 **13** pens create their own rising, contamination-bearing

17:25:53 **14** thermal plumes.

17:25:53 **15** A. I'm not an expert on -- on electrocautery

17:25:57 **16** pens and contamination.

17:25:58 **17** Q. And you agree with me that if a physician is

17:26:00 **18** wearing a space suit -- Well, strike that.

17:26:04 **19** You don't know what an orthopedic surgeon

17:26:06 **20** wears at all in a -- during a total hip or total knee

17:26:09 **21** arthroplasty; correct?

17:26:11 **22** A. Well I realize that there are different

17:26:14 **23** garbs for different operating conditions, and in some

17:26:18 **24** cases a space suit-type garb with total containment is

17:26:23 **25** used. The same garb is used in some clean rooms. So

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17:26:26 **1** I am not completely ignorant on this topic.
 17:27:07 **2** **Q.** Have you ever heard the term "protective
 17:27:08 **3** effect," "protected effect"?
 17:27:12 **4** **A.** I have.
 17:27:14 **5** **Q.** In what -- In what scenario?
 17:27:20 **6** MR. GOSS: In relation to his work on this
 17:27:23 **7** case?
 17:27:23 **8** MR. ASSAAD: In anything.
 17:27:25 **9** **A.** Heard the term, but at this point in the day
 17:27:32 **10** I, you know, can't bring up much about it.
 17:27:35 **11** **Q.** Okay. You agree with me that the downward
 17:27:39 **12** flow of a unidirectional airflow creates a protective
 17:27:44 **13** effect over the surgical area in an operation.
 17:27:46 **14** **A.** Now that I see what you're getting at,
 17:27:48 **15** that's actually addressed in my report.
 17:27:50 **16** **Q.** Where?
 17:28:01 **17** **A.** I'm not sure "protective effect" was the
 17:28:04 **18** wording.
 17:28:04 **19** **Q.** Would it be page 6 of what I read to you
 17:28:06 **20** before about the down -- downflow speed, about the
 17:28:09 **21** airflow?
 17:28:10 **22** **A.** That's probably right.
 17:28:11 **23** **Q.** Okay.
 17:28:14 **24** **A.** (Witness reviewing exhibit.)
 17:28:19 **25** **Q.** The first paragraph of page 6. Probably the
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17:28:23 **1** fourth line down.
 17:28:34 **2** **A.** If the downflow speed is too low,
 17:28:34 **3** contaminated air may rise --
 17:28:34 **4** (Interruption by the reporter.)
 17:28:34 **5** THE WITNESS: I'll read it to myself.
 17:28:35 **6** **A.** If the -- this is the last par -- sentence
 17:28:36 **7** of that paragraph: "...if the downflow speed is too
 17:28:39 **8** high, it can suppress the natural thermal plume rising
 17:28:42 **9** from the surgical site and impinge contaminants upon
 17:28:47 **10** the patient and upon the surgical wound."
 17:28:50 **11** And that is mentioned later again because it
 17:28:54 **12** was referenced by ASHRAE and by Int-Hout, so.
 17:28:59 **13** **Q.** You talking about the reference about
 17:29:01 **14** thermal plumes with respect to Memarzadeh?
 17:29:04 **15** **A.** Yes.
 17:29:05 **16** **Q.** Okay. Are you aware of any other -- Do you
 17:29:07 **17** know --
 17:29:07 **18** Have you ever heard of the thermal plume
 17:29:08 **19** before this case?
 17:29:10 **20** **A.** If you'll check my list of references I have
 17:29:13 **21** publications on the human thermal plume.
 17:29:15 **22** **Q.** Okay.
 17:29:15 **23** **A.** And a student named Brent Craven and I did,
 17:29:18 **24** I believe, the first computational simulation of a
 17:29:21 **25** human thermal plume.
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17:29:22 **1** **Q.** Okay. And did you do a thermal plume of a
 17:29:25 **2** wound?
 17:29:25 **3** **A.** No. We did not do wounds.
 17:29:28 **4** **Q.** Okay. So you don't know the effect of the
 17:29:31 **5** thermal plume of a wound in a surgery.
 17:29:33 **6** **A.** Not directly from any work I did, just these
 17:29:35 **7** references.
 17:29:35 **8** **Q.** Okay. And you agree with me that the
 17:29:43 **9** airflow in an operating room, one of its purposes is
 17:29:47 **10** to create a protective effect around the surgical site
 17:29:50 **11** and the surgical area; correct?
 17:29:53 **12** **A.** In this sense I do agree with the term
 17:29:56 **13** protective effect.
 17:29:57 **14** **Q.** Okay. And -- And the protect -- the airflow
 17:30:03 **15** and the protective effect it creates is something that
 17:30:10 **16** a lot of research has been done to determine as what
 17:30:12 **17** you said, if it's too fast or too slow, they try to
 17:30:15 **18** find the right flow; correct?
 17:30:17 **19** **A.** I'm aware of some research, --
 17:30:17 **20** **Q.** Okay.
 17:30:19 **21** **A.** -- the references that I cited.
 17:30:21 **22** **Q.** All right. And you would agree with me that
 17:30:27 **23** in -- for the safety of a patient you don't want to do
 17:30:33 **24** anything that could weaken that protective effect of
 17:30:36 **25** the unidirectional airflow; correct?
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17:30:38 **1** MR. GOSS: I'm going to object that he's
 17:30:40 **2** not an expert in hospital HVAC.
 17:30:42 **3** But if you have an answer to the question,
 17:30:45 **4** you may offer it.
 17:30:49 **5** **A.** I'm citing to references who have made that
 17:30:53 **6** claim. I haven't actually done that myself.
 17:30:56 **7** **Q.** I understand that, but when you're -- but
 17:30:58 **8** you agree that there -- there is a certain purpose to
 17:31:00 **9** having a protective effect.
 17:31:03 **10** **A.** If there is a protective effect, then it
 17:31:07 **11** certainly serves a purpose.
 17:31:08 **12** **Q.** To protect the patient from contamination;
 17:31:11 **13** correct?
 17:31:12 **14** MR. GOSS: Same objection.
 17:31:16 **15** **A.** It's, yes, to protect the patient from
 17:31:20 **16** contamination.
 17:31:21 **17** **Q.** Okay. To protect the surgeons that are
 17:31:23 **18** putting their hands into a wound from being
 17:31:26 **19** contaminated; correct?
 17:31:27 **20** **A.** That I am not aware of.
 17:31:28 **21** **Q.** Okay. Going back to Figure 15.
 17:31:52 **22** **A.** Yes?
 17:31:53 **23** **Q.** The first paragraph underneath the pictures
 17:31:58 **24** you say, Figure 15b shows the same OR staff member
 17:32:01 **25** above an empty surgical table and reveals how
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17:32:04 **1** contamination gets into the recirculation region
 17:32:07 **2** despite the fact that the staff member is properly
 17:32:09 **3** gowned.
 17:32:10 **4** You have no expertise to determine whether
 17:32:12 **5** or not that's a proper gowning technique for an
 17:32:15 **6** orthopedic surgeon; correct?
 17:32:18 **7** **A.** That's correct.
 17:32:42 **8** **Q.** Have you seen the Bair Hugger prior to being
 17:32:45 **9** involved in this case?
 17:32:47 **10** **A.** No.
 17:32:49 **11** **Q.** So that you don't know how a Bair Hugger is
 17:32:52 **12** usually used in an operating room, like where it's
 17:32:54 **13** placed.
 17:32:55 **14** **A.** I don't know or I didn't know?
 17:32:57 **15** **Q.** You don't know. You don't know what the
 17:32:59 **16** common practice is.
 17:33:01 **17** **A.** Well I've seen the instructions for the Bair
 17:33:05 **18** Hugger blanket, video, so I'm not completely ignorant
 17:33:09 **19** on this topic.
 17:33:10 **20** **Q.** I understand that, but you haven't looked at
 17:33:12 **21** many operating rooms to see how most operating rooms
 17:33:14 **22** use a Bair Hugger.
 17:33:15 **23** **A.** The only time I've ever been in an operating
 17:33:18 **24** room was as a patient.
 17:33:19 **25** **Q.** Okay. By the way, what was the air exchange
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17:33:29 **1** rate or air change rate per hour for your setup?
 17:33:33 **2** **A.** That doesn't even --
 17:33:37 **3** You can't even define it in our setup,
 17:33:40 **4** because that's only defined for a fixed room.
 17:33:47 **5** **Q.** So you can't calculate that for an open air
 17:33:49 **6** -- for --
 17:33:49 **7** **A.** I believe the text here, I'll not look up
 17:33:53 **8** the specific words, talks about that it's not the ACH,
 17:33:57 **9** but it's the downflow velocity that we are trying to
 17:34:01 **10** simulate, and we believe that's what matters as far as
 17:34:04 **11** the interaction of patient-warming blankets and
 17:34:09 **12** downflow.
 17:34:09 **13** **Q.** So you don't think the air exchange rate in
 17:34:12 **14** an operating room matters with respect to
 17:34:14 **15** contamination?
 17:34:15 **16** **A.** I didn't say that.
 17:34:16 **17** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 17:34:30 **18** **Q.** In your report you mentioned about using a
 17:34:34 **19** different setup which you could possibly use in an
 17:34:36 **20** operating room?
 17:34:36 **21** **A.** Yes.
 17:34:37 **22** **Q.** Do you have any plans of doing that in the
 17:34:38 **23** future?
 17:34:39 **24** **A.** It hasn't been decided.
 17:34:41 **25** **Q.** Okay. Was the \$70,000 that was paid to
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17:34:45 **1** FloViz for just performing these tests, or was it for
 17:34:48 **2** future tests as well?
 17:34:49 **3** **A.** These tests.
 17:34:50 **4** **Q.** Okay. Based on our -- your testimony today
 17:35:09 **5** is there anything that you would like to amend from
 17:35:11 **6** this report regarding your opinions?
 17:35:16 **7** **A.** "Amend" to the report. You mean additions.
 17:35:18 **8** **Q.** No. Change.
 17:35:19 **9** **A.** Changes. Not -- Nothing I want to amend at
 17:35:26 **10** this point.
 17:35:27 **11** **Q.** Is there anything with respect to a
 17:35:29 **12** patient's medical records that you may receive in the
 17:35:31 **13** future that would affect your opinions provided in
 17:35:35 **14** this report which is Exhibit 2?
 17:35:37 **15** **A.** That's very hypothetical. I -- I have no
 17:35:40 **16** idea what a patient's medical records would -- what
 17:35:46 **17** effect it would have. I've not seen any patients'
 17:35:51 **18** medical records.
 17:35:56 **19** **Q.** Are you aware that general causation
 17:35:58 **20** discovery is closed in this case? If you know?
 17:36:00 **21** MR. GOSS: Object to form.
 17:36:01 **22** **Q.** Do you know?
 17:36:06 **23** MR. GOSS: Do you know what "general
 17:36:07 **24** causation discovery" is?
 17:36:09 **25** THE WITNESS: I -- I don't know the exact
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17:36:10 **1** meaning of that term.
 17:36:55 **2** **Q.** And just to be clear, you're not going to
 17:36:56 **3** offer any testimony on infectious disease issues,
 17:36:59 **4** orthopedic issues, nursing issues, anesthesia issues,
 17:37:04 **5** warning issues, regulatory issues or computer --
 17:37:06 **6** computational fluid dynamic issues; correct?
 17:37:08 **7** **A.** No.
 17:37:08 **8** MR. GOSS: Object to form on the -- to the
 17:37:11 **9** extent that it's not consistent with what's in his
 17:37:14 **10** report.
 17:37:15 **11** **A.** I'm --
 17:37:16 **12** What I'm offering is what you see in this
 17:37:18 **13** report.
 17:37:19 **14** **Q.** Okay. If you were to find out that the
 17:37:41 **15** temperature measurement on the Bair Hugger that says
 17:37:43 **16** 43 degrees was measured at the end of the hose and not
 17:37:49 **17** the beginning of the hose, would that change your
 17:37:51 **18** opinions today?
 17:37:52 **19** MR. GOSS: Objection, form, calls for
 17:37:55 **20** speculation.
 17:37:56 **21** **A.** I will speculate that nothing would change
 17:38:00 **22** except the assumed heat transfer along the hose.
 17:38:04 **23** **Q.** Well if the temperature coming out of the
 17:38:07 **24** end of the hose is 43 degrees, instead of coming out
 17:38:11 **25** of the blower at 43 degrees so that heat transfer that
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17:38:13 1 occurs along the hose is irrelevant to respect of the
 17:38:18 2 temperature of air getting into the blanket, would
 17:38:20 3 that affect your opinions today?
 17:38:21 4 MR. GOSS: Same objection.
 17:38:24 5 A. No.
 17:38:25 6 Q. So it wouldn't cause you to question the
 17:38:27 7 fact that the air that's coming into the blanket is 43
 17:38:30 8 degrees Celsius and the air coming out of the jets is
 17:38:34 9 between 32 and 33 degrees Celsius.
 17:38:37 10 MR. GOSS: Same objection, improper
 17:38:39 11 hypothetical. Well it's contrary to his experimental
 17:38:47 12 findings, I'll say that.
 17:38:52 13 A. It doesn't matter where the temperature is
 17:38:53 14 measured, to the end of the hose, the beginning of the
 17:38:56 15 hose, the temperature that I measured the jets is what
 17:38:59 16 I measured.
 17:39:00 17 Q. But does it make sense you're going to have
 17:39:01 18 a 10-degree drop or -- yeah, a 10-degree drop in
 17:39:05 19 temperature -- 10-degree Celsius, which is a
 17:39:08 20 significant number, from the -- from the point of
 17:39:11 21 entry of air --
 17:39:12 22 A. Umm-hmm.
 17:39:13 23 Q. -- into the blanket to outside the
 17:39:15 24 perforations?
 17:39:16 25 A. Yes, it makes sense to me.
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17:39:17 1 Q. It does? Okay.
 17:39:30 2 MR. ASSAAD: Pass the witness.
 17:39:32 3 MR. GOSS: I have no questions at this
 17:39:35 4 time. We will --
 17:39:39 5 MR. ASSAAD: I want him to read and sign.
 17:39:40 6 MR. GOSS: Gabriel's going to jump -- jump
 17:39:42 7 ahead of me.
 17:39:43 8 You have the right to review your
 17:39:45 9 transcript, and I recommend that you do.
 17:39:49 10 MR. ASSAAD: I actually request that he
 17:39:50 11 reads and signs.
 17:39:52 12 MR. GOSS: And -- And I join in that
 17:39:53 13 request.
 17:39:54 14 So you will get a copy of your transcript
 17:39:56 15 you can review and make any changes, if you need to,
 17:40:00 16 within 30 days of receipt.
 17:40:02 17 THE WITNESS: All right.
 17:40:04 18 THE REPORTER: Off the record, please.
 17:40:06 19 (Deposition concluded at 5:40 p.m.)
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25
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1 C E R T I F I C A T E
 2 I, Debby J. Campeau, hereby certify that I
 3 am qualified as a verbatim shorthand reporter; that I
 4 took in stenographic shorthand the testimony of GARY
 5 S. SETTLES, PH.D. at the time and place aforesaid;
 6 and that the foregoing transcript consisting of 350
 7 pages is a true and correct, full and complete
 8 transcription of said shorthand notes, to the best of
 9 my ability.
 10 Dated at Lino Lakes, Minnesota, this 22nd
 11 day of July, 2017.
 12
 13
 14
 15 DEBBY J. CAMPEAU
 16 Notary Public
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25
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1 S I G N A T U R E P A G E
 2 I, GARY S. SETTLES, PH.D., the deponent, hereby
 3 certify that I have read the foregoing transcript,
 4 consisting of 350 pages, and that said transcript is
 5 a true and correct, full and complete transcription
 6 of my deposition, except per the attached
 7 corrections, if any.
 8 PAGE LINE CHANGE/REASON FOR CHANGE
 9 _____
 10 _____
 11 _____
 12 _____
 13 _____
 14 _____
 15 _____
 16 _____
 17 _____
 18 _____
 19 _____
 20 Date Signature of Witness
 21 _____
 22 WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL this _____
 23 day of _____, 2017.
 24 _____
 25 (DJC) _____

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